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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1908.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 17th October 1908, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Northern.	Bombay City	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	20	15
		Dholera Port	B.-G.-J.-P.	.....	...
		Ahmedabad Town	B. B. & C. I.	1 (a)	...
		Ahmedabad District	B.-G.-J.-P. & B., B. & C. I.	4	1
		Panch Mahals District	" "	.....	...
		Kaira District	B., B. & C. I.	44	23
		Broach Port	" "	.....	...
		Broach District	" "	.....	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	" "	8	3
		Palanpur "	" "	34	20
		Surat Town and Port	" "	.....	...
		Bulsar Port	" "	.....	...
		Surat District	" "	2	3
		Utan Port	B., B. & C. I. & B.-G.-J.-P.	.....	...
		Vesava "	" "	.....	...
		Kelva "	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Trombay "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Tarapur "	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Manori "	" "	.....	...
		Mahim "	" "	.....	...
		Daharu "	B., B.	.....	...
		Bhiwndi "	G. I. P.	6	5
		Agashi "	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Kurla "	"	.....	...
		Bassein "	B., B. & C. I.	1	1
		Kalyan "	G. I. P.	1	1
		Thana "	"	2	2
		Bandra "	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Umbargaon Port	" "	.....	...
		Thana District	G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I.	11	12
	Central.	Ahmednagar District	G. I. P.	32	19
		Poona City	Madras & S. M. & G. I. P.	228	186
		Poona District	" " "	303	216
		Nasik "	G. I. P.	7	6
		Satara "	Madras & S. M.	130	85
		East Khandesh District	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Sholapur Town	"	1 (a)	...
		Sholapur District	" Madras & S. M. & Barsi	50	40

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Southern.	Alibag Port	G. I. P.	3	1
		Thal "	.....	...	...
		Panvel "	G. I. P.	...	...
		Mahad "	.....	...	...
		Nagothna Port	.....	...	...
		Roha "	G. I. P. & Madras S. M.	...	...
		Ashtami "	" " "	...	...
		Revdanda "	G. I. P. & Madras S. M.	...	...
		Kolaba District	G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I.	18	15
		Ratnagiri Port	Madras & S. M.	...	...
		Vijaydurg "	"	...	...
		Harnai "	"	...	...
		Vengurla "	"	...	...
		Malvan "	.....	...	...
		Jaytapur "	.....	...	...
		Dabhol "	.....	...	...
		Jaygad "	.....	...	...
		Devgad "	.....	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	Madras & S. M.	...	...
		Belgaum "	"	421 (a)	263 (a)
		Hubli Town	"	6	6
		Dharwar District	"	152	123
		Karwar Port	"	...	...
		Savantvadi State	"	...	...
	Sind.	Karachi Town and Port	N. W.	15	15
		Karachi District	"	...	...
		Hyderabad Town	"	1 (b)	...
		Hyderabad District	" & J. B.	7	5
		Larkhana "	"	...	...
		Thar and Parkar District	J. B.	...	...
		Upper Sind Frontier District	.....	...	...
		Sukkur District	N. W.	...	...
		Khairpur State	" & J. B.	...	...
	Political Charges.	Akalkot State	G. I. P.	...	...
		Aundh "	G. I. P. & Madras & S. M.	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	.....	...	...
		Phaltan State	G. I. P. & Madras & S. M.	...	...
		Tuna Port	Tuna-Anjar	...	...

(a) Including 178 seizures and 120 deaths of the week ending 10th October 1908.
(b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Political Charges.	Mundra Port	Tuna-Anjar	.....	...
		Bijapur Agency	.....	.....	...
		Cambay Port	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Cambay State	"	.....	...
		Mandvi Port	Tuna-Anjar	1	1
		Jakhau Port	"	.....	...
		Cutch State	"	11	9
		Savanur "	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Bhor "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Mangrol Port	B.-G.-J.-P.	.....	...
		Mahuwa "	"	.....	...
		Jafarabad "	"	.....	...
		Vawania "	" (Morvi Sec.)	.....	...
		Jamnagar Town and Port	"	18	14
		Verawal Port	"	2	1
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	"	.....	...
		Kathiawar Agency	B., B. & C. I., Morvi & B.-G.-J.-P.	124	71
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country.	Madras & S. M.	195	112
		Sachin State	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Dharampur State	"	.....	...
		Shrivardhan Port	G. I. P. & S. M.	.....	...
		Murud "	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Nandgaon "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Rajapuri "	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Janjira "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Janjira State	"	.....	...
		Bet Port	B.-G.-J.-P.	.....	...
		Dwarka Port	"	.....	...
		Baroda City	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Bilimora Port	"	.....	...
		Kodinar "	B.-G.-J.-P.	8	6
		Baroda State	B., B. & C. I.	241	146
		Satara Agency	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Jath State	"	.....	...
		Poona Agency	"	.....	...
		Surat Agency	B., B. & C.	.....	...
		Aden		.....	...
			TOTAL	2,118	1,426

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	Madras & S. M. & S. I.	.....	...
		Anantapur District	"	4	4
		Salem District	"	7 (a)	6 (b)
		Bellary Town	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Bellary Cantonment	"	.....	...
		Bellary District	"	34 (c)	26 (d)
		Malabar District	"	.....	...
		Kurnool "	"	.....	...
		North Arcot District	S. I. & Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Cuddalore Port	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Mangalore "	"	4	6
		Tinnevelly District	S. I.	.....	...
		Cuddapah "	Madras & S. M. & S. I.	.....	...
		Madura "	S. I.	.....	...
		Vizagapatam Port	B.-N. & Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Vizagapatam District	" "	.....	...
		Coimbatore "	Madras & S.M., S. I. & Nilgiri	38 (a)	19 (b)
		Ganjam District	B. N.	1 (f)	1 (f)
		South Canara District	S. I. & Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Ootacamund Town		1	1
		Nilgiris District	Madras & S. M.	4 (e)	1 (f)
		Chingleput "	S. I. & Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Godavari "	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Cannanore Port	"	1	1
		Tanjore District	S. I.	.....	...
		Trichinopoly "	"	.....	...
		Cochin State	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		South Arcot District	"	.....	...
		Nellore District	"	.....	...
		Bimlipatam Port	"	.....	...
		Calingapatam "	"	.....	...
		Cocanada "	"	.....	...
		Gopalpur "	B. N.	.....	...
		Calicut "	Madras & S. M.	.....	...
		Sandur State	"	.....	...
			TOTAL	94	65
BENGAL.	Presidency.	Calcutta	E. I., E. B. S. & B. N.	8	8
		Jessore District	E. B. S.	.....	...
		Nadia "	"	.....	...
		Murshidabad District	" & E. I.	.....	...
		Khulna District	"	.....	...

(a) Two imported. (b) One imported. (c) Eight imported. (d) Six imported. (e) Three imported. (f) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Midnapore District	B. N.	.....	...
		Burdwan "	E. I.	.....	...
		Hooghly District	"	.....	...
		Howrah Town	E. I. & B. N.	.....	...
		Howrah District	E. I.	.....	...
		Birbhum "	"	.....	...
		Bankura "	B. N.	.....	...
	Patna	Gaya Town	E. I.	.....	...
		Gaya District	"	.....	...
		Muzaffarpur District	B. & N.-W.	.....	...
		Darbhanga District	"	3	3
		Shahabad "	E. I.	.....	...
		Dinapore	"	.....	...
		Patna City	"	.....	...
		Patna District	"	12	12
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	E. I.	.....	...
		Monghyr District	"	57	49
		Darjeeling District	D. H.	.....	...
		Bhagalpur Town	E. I.	.....	...
		Bhagalpur District	" & B. & N.-W.	.....	...
		Purnea "	E. B. S.	.....	...
		Sonthal Parganas District	E. I.	.....	...
	Chota Nagpur.	Palamau District	E. I.	.....	...
		Manbhum District	E. I. & B. N.	.....	...
		Singhbhum District	B. N.	.....	...
		Hazaribagh "	E. I.	.....	...
		Gangpur State	B. N.	.....	...
	Orissa	Cuttack District	B. N.	.....	...
		Sambalpur "	"	.....	...
			TOTAL	80	72

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	O. & R.	.....	...
		Meerut City	N. W.	.....	...
		Meerut Cantonment	"	.....	...
		Meerut District	" O. & R. & E. I.	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar City	"	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	"	.....	...
		Aligarh City	E. I. & O. R.	.....	...
		Koil City	"	.....	...
		Hathras City	B., B. & C. I. & E. I.	.....	...
		Aligarh Distric	E. I. & O. & R.	.....	...
		Saharanpur City	O. & R. & N. W.	.....	...
		Hardwar Union	"	.....	...
		Roorkee Town	"	.....	...
		Saharanpur District	" & N. W.	.....	...
		Bulandshahr "	E. I.	.....	...
	Agra	Etawah City	E. I.	.....	...
		Etawah District	"	.....	...
		Fatehgarh	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Furrukhabad Town	" " & E. I.	.....	...
		Furrukhabad District	" " "	.....	...
		Mainpuri District	E.	.....	...
		Agra City	B., B. & C. I., G. I. P. & E. I.	.....	...
		Agra District	" " " "	.....	...
		Etah "	"	.....	...
		Muttra City	" & G. I. P.	.....	...
		Muttra District	" "	.....	...
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly City	R. & K. & O. & R.	.....	...
		Bareilly District	" "	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur City	" "	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur District	" "	.....	...
		Budaun District	O. & R. & B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Bijnor Town	"	.....	...
		Bijnor District	"	.....	...
		Moradabad City	" & R. K.	.....	...
		Moradabad District	" "	.....	...
		Pilibhit District	R. K. "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Allahabad.	Allahabad City	E. I. & O. & R.	.....	...
		Allahabad District	" "	.....	...
		Cawnpur City	" " B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.)	2	2
		Cawnpur District	" " " "	.....	...
		Fatehpur "	E. I.	.....	...
		Banda "	G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.) & E. I.	.....	...
		Jhansi City	" (")	.....	...
		Jhansi District	" (")	.....	...
		Hamirpur "	" (")	.....	...
		Jalaun "	" (")	.....	...
	Benares.	Benares Cantonment	B. & N. W. & O. & R.	.....	...
		Benares City	" " "	.....	...
		Benares District	" " " & E. I.	.....	...
		Ballia "	"	.....	...
		Jaunpur City	O. & R.	.....	...
		Jaunpur District	" & B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Ghazipur "	E. I. & B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Mirzapur City	"	.....	...
		Mirzapur District	" & O. & R.	.....	...
	Gorakhpur.	Azamgarh City	E. I.	.....	...
		Azamgarh District	"	2	2
		Gorakhpur City	B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Gorakhpur District	"	9	13
		Basti District	"	.....	...
	Kumaun	Naini Tal District	O. & R.	.....	...
		Garhwal "	"	.....	...
	Lucknow.	Unao District	O. & R. & B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Lucknow City	" " & R. K.	.....	...
		Lucknow District	" "	.....	...
		Hardoi "	"	.....	...
		Rae Bareli "	"	.....	...
		Sitapur "	R. K.	.....	...
		Kheri "	"	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Fyzabad.	Bahraich District	B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Gonda "	"	.....	...
		Partabgarh "	O. & R.	.....	...
		Sultanpur "	"	.....	...
		Ajodhya	" & B. & N. W.	.....	...
		Fyzabad City	"	.....	...
		Fyzabad District	"	.....	...
		Bara Banki Town	B. & N. W. & O. & R.	.....	...
		Bara Banki District	" "	.....	...
			TOTAL	13	16
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Hissar "	" & N. W.	.....	...
		Karnal "	E. I.	.....	...
		Simla "	K. S.	.....	...
		Delhi District	E. I., N. W., O. & R., G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Ambala "	N. W. & E. I.	.....	...
		Ludhiana "	"	60	49
		Rohtak "	"	.....	...
Punjab.	Jullundur	Jullundur City	N. W.	.....	...
		Jullundur District	"	.....	...
		Hoshiarpur "	"	2	2
		Ferozepur "	"	36	32
		Kangra "	"	.....	...
	Lahore.	Amritsar City	N. W.	.....	...
		Amritsar District	"	.....	...
		Gurdaspur "	"	.....	...
		Lahore City	"	.....	...
		Lahore District	"	8	4
		Gujranwala District	"	1	1
		Montgomery City	"	.....	...
		Montgomery District	"	.....	...
		Sialkot "	"	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	N. W.	.....	...
		Gujrat "	"	.....	...
		Shahpur "	"	1	...
		Jhelum "	"	.....	...
		Attock "	"	.....	...
	Multan	Mianwali District	N. W.	.....	...
		Lyallpur "	"	16(a)	7(a)
		Jhang "	"	14	6
		Muzaffargarh "	"	.....	...
		Multan "	"	.....	...
...	...	Patiala City	Rajpura-Bhatinda (N. W. Ry.)	.....	...
		Patiala State	N.W., E.I., B., B. & C. I. & J. B	22	21
		Maler Kotla State	"	.....	...
		Jind "	"	.....	...
		Nalagarh "	"	.....	...
		Nabha "	"	.....	...
		Bahawalpur "	"	.....	...
			TOTAL	160	122
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	Burma	6	6
		Hanthawaddy District	"	.....	1
		Pegu "	"	1	...
		Tharrawaddy "	"	2	2
		Prome "	"	.....	...
	Irrawaddy	Maubin District	Burma	.....	...
		Bassein "	"	1	1
		Henzada "	"	7	5
		Pyapon "	"	.....	...
		Myaungmya "	"	.....	...

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 17th October 1908.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Tenasserim.	Toungoo District	Burma	.....	...
		Thaton "	"	.....	...
		Moulmein Town	"	1	1
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	"	.....	...
		Tavoy District	"	.....	...
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	Burma	.....	...
		Pakokku "	"	.....	...
		Minbu "	"	.....	...
		Magwe "	"	.....	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	Burma	8	7
		Maymyo Town	"	.....	...
		Mandalay District	"	.....	...
		Myitkyina "	"	.....	...
		Bhamo "	"	.....	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	Burma	.....	...
		Lower Chindwin (Monywa) District	"	.....	...
		Sagaing District	"	.....	...
	Meiktila	Myingyan District	Burma	.....	...
		Yamethin "	"	.....	...
		Kyaukse "	"	1	...
		Meiktila "	"	14	12
		Northern Shan States		.....	...
			TOTAL	41	5
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Rajshahi	Pabna District	E. B. S.	.....	...
		Malda "	"	.....	...
	Assam Valley Districts.	Goalpara "	"	.....	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town	"	.....	...
		Dacca District	"	.....	...
		Faridpur District	"	.....	...
		Manipur State		.....	...
			TOTAL	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces (including Berar).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	B. N. & G. I. P.	.....	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	B. N.	.....	...
		Kamptee Town	"	.....	...
		Nagpur District	B. N. & G	.....	...
		Wardha Town	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Wardha District	"	.....	...
		Chanda Town	"	.....	...
		Chanda District	"	.....	...
		Bhandara Town	B. N.	.....	...
		Bhandara District	"	.....	...
		Balaghat Town	"	.....	...
		Balaghat District	"	.....	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	E. I. & G. I. P.	.....	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	" "	.....	...
		Jubbulpore District	" "	.....	...
		Damoh Town	G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.)	.....	...
		Damoh District	" (")	.....	...
		Saugor Cantonment	" (")	.....	...
		Saugor Town	" (")	.....	...
		Saugor District	" (")	.....	...
		Chappara Town	" (")	.....	...
		Seoni Town	B. N.	.....	...
		Seoni District	"	.....	...
		Mandla "	"	.....	...
	Nerbudda	Khandwa Town	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	.....	...
		Burhanpur "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Nimar District	G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Pachmari	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Hoshangabad Town	"	.....	...
		Hoshangabad District	"	.....	...
		Narsingpur Town	"	.....	...
		Narsingpur District	"	.....	...
		Betul "	"	21	20
		Chhindwara Town	"	.....	...
		Chhindwara District	B. N.	.....	...
	Chhattisgarh.	Drug Town	B. N.	.....	...
		Drug District	"	.....	...
		Bilaspur Town	"	.....	...
		Bilaspur District	"	.....	...
		Raipur Town	"	.....	...
		Raipur District	"	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town	G. I. P.	1 (b)	...
		Akola District	"	25	22
		Buldana Town	"	.....	...
		Buldana District	"	39	27
		Yeotmal Town	"	.....	...
		Yeotmal District	"	.....	...
		Ellichpur City	"	.....	...
		Amraoti Town	"	77	76
		Amraoti District	"	199	137
			TOTAL	362	282
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	Madras & S. M.	23	20
		Bangalore City	"	6	4
		Bangalore District	"	31	25
		Mysore City	"	5	3
		Mysore District	"	138	86
		Hassan "	"	15	9
		Kadur "	"	53	30
		Kolar "	"	10	8
		Kolar Gold Fields	"	.....	...
		Tumkur District	"	7	6
		Shimoga "	"	48	31
		Chitaldroog "	"	1	1
			TOTAL	337	223
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Usmanabad District	G. I. P. & Barsi	5 (a)	6 (a)
		Raichur "	G. I. P. & Madras & S. M.	176 (a)	152 (a)
		Gulburga "	G. I. P. & N. G. S.	.....	.....
			TOTAL	181	158

(a) Figures for the period from 6th to 12th October 1908. (b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Indore State	" & G. I. P.	1(a)	1(a)
		Indore Residency	"	.....	...
		Ujjain City	" & G. I. P.	.....	...
		Gwalior "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Gwalior State	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	21(b)	14(b)
		Dhar State	G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.) & Gwalior	.....	...
		Pathari "	" (")	.....	...
		Malwa Agency	Rajputana-Malwa	.....	...
		Sundersi Pergana (in the Bhopal Agency)		.....	...
		Nagode State		.....	...
		Bhopal City	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Bhopal State	"	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur Town		.....	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Bhopal Agency	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Maksudangarh State	G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.)	.....	...
		Mhow Cantonment	B., B. & C. I. (Rajputana-Malwa)	6(a)	4(a)
		Neemuch "	"	.....	...
		Orchha State	"	.....	...
		Rutlam City	"	.....	...
		Rutlam State	"	74(a)	5(a)
		Dewas Town	"	.....	...
		Dewas State	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Narsingharh State	"	.....	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency		.....	...
		Tonk State (portion in Central India)	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Baghelkhand Agency States	E. I. & B. N.	.....	...
		Rewa Town		.....	...
		Rewa State	E. I.	.....	...
		Sehore Cantonment	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Sehore State	"	.....	...
		Datia City	"	.....	...
		Datia State	"	.....	...
		Sailana Town	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Sailana State	"	.....	...
		Sitaman "	"	.....	...
		Piploda "	"	.....	...
		Bagli "	"	.....	...
		Jhabua "	"	.....	...
		Jaora Town	"	.....	...
		Jaora State	"	.....	...

(a) Figures for the week ending 10th October 1908.
(b) Occurred during September 1908. Details not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Agar Military Station	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Maupur	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Rajgarh State	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Kurwai "	"	.....	...
		Barwani State	" & B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
			TOTAL	102	24
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA.	...	Bharatpur State	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Mewar State	"	.....	...
		Partabgarh State	"	.....	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	"	.....	...
		Tonk State	"	.....	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	J. B.	.....	...
		Jaipur City	B., B. & C. I.	2 (a)	2 (a)
		Jaipur State	"	225 (b)	223 (b)
		Kishangarh Town	"	.....	...
		Bikaner State	J. B.	.....	...
		Jhalawar "	G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Kotah "	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Sirohi "	"	1 (a)	
		Shahpura "	G. I. P.	.....	...
		Dholpur "	"	.....	...
		Alwar City	B., B. & C. I.	.....	...
		Alwar State	"	.....	...
		Beawar	"	.....	
		Karauli State	"	.....	...
		Banswara Town	"	.....	...
		Banswara State	"	.....	...
		Ajmer City	"	.....	...
		Ajmer District	"	1 (c)	1 (c)
		Deoli	"	.....	...
		Abu Road	"	.....	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	"	.....	...
			TOTAL	229	226

(a) Figure for the week ending 16th October 1908. Imported.
(b) Figures for the two weeks ending 16th October 1908.
(c) Figure for the week ending 9th October 1908. Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad Town	N. W.	.....	...
		Hazara District	"	.....	...
		Bannu "	.	.....	...
		Kohat Cantonment	N. W.	.....	...
		Kohat Town	"	.....	...
		Kohat District	"	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan Town	"	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan Cantonment	"	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan District	"	.....	...
		Peshawar Town	"	.....	...
		Peshawar Cantonment	"	.....	...
		Nowshera "	"	.....	...
		Peshawar District	"	.....	...
		Khyber Agency		.....	...
			TOTAL	.....	...
BALUCHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani	N. W.	.....	...
		Hirok	"	.....	...
		Sibi	"	.....	...
		Fort Sandeman	"	.....	...
		Las Bela State	"	.....	...
			TOTAL	.....	...
			GRAND TOTAL	3,717	2,649

H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 22nd October 1908, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

A depression appeared in the Andaman Sea on the 16th and moved westward, but it did not have any appreciable influence on the weather until it was approaching the south Coromandel coast on the 21st when skies clouded over and on that and the following day rainfall was widespread in south India. In the rest of the country weather was generally dry and skies clear or lightly clouded.

Burma.—There has been very little rain during the week and the few falls that were reported occurred chiefly in the coast districts of south Burma; the most important however were probably those that occurred at Monywa and Yamethin. Skies were lightly clouded and temperature was normal.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—A few falls of rain were reported from Assam and one from Calcutta. Skies were clear or lightly clouded and temperature was normal or in slight excess.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Skies were clear or lightly clouded and in the east of the United Provinces weather was warmer than usual in the day time.

Northwest India.—The only precipitation was a light fall of rain at Sonemarg on the 19th. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Maximum temperature was nearly normal but the minimum was somewhat higher than usual on the first two days of the week in the northern half of the division and was normal or in defect during the remaining days.

The Peninsula.—The rainfall of the week occurred almost entirely in south India, and became nearly general there on the 21st, owing to the approach of a depression to the south Coromandel coast. Skies were on the whole clear or only lightly clouded up to the 21st when the depression in the Bay caused thick cloud to spread over the whole of Madras. Temperature was normal or in excess.

The following gives the most important rainfall amounts as reported at 8 hrs.:—

October 17th. Monywa 1·70″.

" 18th. Trichinopoly 0·97″.

" 19th. Shillong 0·85″, Trivandrum 1·50″ and Kodaikanal 0·91″.

" 20th. Sibsagar 1·10″ and Madura 1·91″.

" 21st. Coimbatore 1·28″.

" 22nd. Mergui 1·80″, Mysore 1·10″, Tinnevelly 1·21″, Pamban 1·22″, Negapatam 2·90″, Coimbatore 1·52″, Cuddalore 1·18″, Madras 2·38″, Ootacamund 1·54″ and Kodaikanal 1·21″.

The rainfall of the past week was equal to the average in only southeast Madras, but no important change was introduced by it into the departures from normal of the season's rainfall, except on the north Madras coast where rainfall is now in defect instead of being normal as it was at the close of the previous week.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 22nd October 1908.			Rainfall data from 1st May 1908 to 22nd October 1908.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Stations in the Bay	0·7	2·2	—1·5	117·0	93·5	+ 23·5	+ 25	+ 27
Lower Burma	0·8	1·9	—1·1	143·3	135·3	+ 8·0	+ 6	+ 7
Upper Burma	0·4	0·7	—0·3	37·1	38·2	— 1·1	— 3	— 2
Assam	0·7	0·8	—0·1	75·3	77·1	— 1·8	— 2	— 2
Eastern Bengal	0	0·9	—0·9	61·5	75·8	— 14·3	— 19	— 18
Bengal	0·1	1·1	—1·0	57·7	55·0	+ 2·7	+ 5	+ 7
Orissa	0	1·2	—1·2	59·0	58·0	+ 1·0	+ 2	+ 4
Chota Nagpur	0	0·6	—0·6	48·4	48·9	— 0·5	— 1	0
Bihar	0	0·7	—0·7	24·7	49·9	— 25·2	— 51	— 50
United Provinces, East	0	0·4	—0·4	29·8	40·3	— 10·5	— 26	— 25
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	—0·1	39·6	40·8	— 1·2	— 3	— 3
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	30·4	21·8	+ 8·6	+ 39	+ 39
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	18·6	7·9	+ 10·7	+135	+135
Kashmir	0	0·1	—0·1	6·2	5·3	+ 0·9	+ 17	+ 19
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	11·3	5·5	+ 5·8	+105	+105
Baluchistan	0	0·1	—0·1	0·5	1·4	— 0·9	— 64	— 62
Sind	0	0	0	9·3	5·1	+ 4·2	+ 82	+ 82
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	25·1	11·3	+ 13·8	+122	+122
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	31·2	22·1	+ 9·1	+ 41	+ 42
Gujarat	0	0·2	—0·2	28·1	26·2	+ 1·9	+ 7	+ 8
Central India, West	0	0·1	—0·1	24·7	30·6	— 5·9	— 19	— 19
Central India, East	0	0·4	—0·4	46·2	42·6	+ 3·6	+ 8	+ 9
Berar	0	0·7	—0·7	31·1	31·5	— 0·4	— 1	+ 1
Central Provinces, West	0	0·4	—0·4	42·7	46·4	— 3·7	— 8	— 7
Central Provinces, East	0	0·5	—0·5	52·8	49·5	+ 3·3	+ 7	+ 8
Konkan	0·1	1·3	—1·2	98·8	96·8	+ 2·0	+ 2	+ 3
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0·9	—0·8	23·7	26·8	— 3·1	— 12	— 9
Hyderabad, North	0	0·5	—0·5	34·4	31·6	+ 2·8	+ 9	+ 11
Hyderabad, South	0	0·9	—0·9	47·1	37·7	+ 9·4	+ 25	+ 28
Mysore	0·6	0·9	—0·3	17·8	24·1	— 6·3	— 26	— 26
Malabar	0·7	2·8	—2·1	90·8	89·3	+ 1·5	+ 2	+ 4
Madras, South-east	2·1	2·3	—0·2	17·6	18·3	— 0·7	— 4	— 3
Madras Deccan	0·1	1·0	—0·9	18·9	21·9	— 3·0	— 14	— 10
Madras Coast, North	0·1	2·4	—2·3	23·4	29·2	— 5·8	— 20	— 13

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 22nd October 1908.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 17th October 1908.

Burma.—Isolated falls of rain occurred in most parts. Reaping of hill-side rice is completed in places. In Upper Burma transplanting of winter rice is approaching completion and sowing of miscellaneous island crops and plucking of cotton are in progress. Standing crops are generally in good condition and prospects on the whole are favourable. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably in one district and has fallen slightly in two districts.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Rain fell in most hill districts and there were light showers at some places in the Assam and Surma Valleys but in most parts of Eastern Bengal the week was absolutely dry. In these parts and particularly in the Rajshahi division, more rain is badly needed for transplanted winter rice and for spring crops: sowing of the latter is in full progress everywhere. The tea season has already come to a close on some gardens in Lakhimpur where the outturn is generally well ahead of last year. In Cachar mosquito blight is still doing damage. The general average of prices of rice continues to fall and as importation of Rangoon rice is less it is evident that existing stocks of local rice and expectations of the winter harvest are somewhat better than last year. Cattle disease is reported from Dacca, Mymensingh, Backarganj, Noakhali, Kamrup and Nowgong.

Bengal.—The week was practically rainless. A few light showers fell in parts of Midnapore, the 24-Parganas, Jessore, Cuttack, Angul and Puri only. More rain is urgently wanted in most districts for the winter paddy crop. Rain is also needed in some places for the cultivation of spring crops. Harvesting of jute and other autumn crops has been nearly completed. Lands are yet being prepared in some places for spring crops while in other places sowings have commenced. Sugarcane continues to do well. Prospects of winter paddy are still fair, except in Darbhanga owing to drought and in parts of Balasore owing to damage done by floods. The crop is also reported to be suffering for want of rain in Birbhum and the Sonthal Parganas. The price of common rice has risen in Bankura, Midnapore, Nadia, Gaya, Saran and Hazaribagh and has fallen in Khulna, Patna, Champaran, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Angul, Puri and Ranchi. Stocks of food-grains are insufficient in Balasore and Palamau. The fodder and water supply is generally sufficient but want of water is reported from a few villages in Darbhanga. Cattle disease exists in Darbhanga, Monghyr, Sambalpur, Palamau and Manbhum. The test works in Nadia, Darbhanga, Angul and Puri were attended by 3,377 persons. Gratuitous relief was given to 13,704 persons of whom 13,599 are in Orissa.

United Provinces.—Except for an insignificant fall in south Mirzapur the week has been rainless. More rain is wanted generally for late rice and for spring sowings. Late rice has suffered considerably for want of rain; otherwise standing crops are on the whole good. The autumn crop is being harvested and spring sowings are in progress but agricultural operations are much retarded by the prevalence of malarial fever. Cholera continues in several districts. Prices show no general tendency to fall but have risen slightly in several districts and have fallen in others. The condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient.

Punjab.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices of food-grains are still high. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue. The condition of standing crops and their expected yield are generally good to average. The outturn of cotton is poor in Sialkot. Great millet and cotton have been damaged by insects in parts of Lyallpur. Cattle are generally in good condition. Green grass is plentiful. There are no complaints regarding the water supply.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week except a slight shower in the Mardan tahsil of the Peshawar district. Standing crops on irrigated and unirrigated lands are generally good and the outturn is expected to be up to the average. Sowings continue. Picking of cotton and reaping of rice and maize are in progress in the Peshawar district. Fodder is sufficient. Water is ample in all canals except Gambila in the Bannu district. The condition of cattle is generally good except in some villages of the Nowshera tahsil in the Peshawar district. Small-pox has appeared in some villages of the Dera Ismail Khan tahsil. Seasonal fever still prevails in the Peshawar and Bannu districts. Prices are almost stationary. Prices :—wheat 9⅝ to 12¼; gram 10⅝ to 12½; maize 10½ to 17½ and *bajra* 14½ to 15 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 8 to 10 and maize from 9 to 15 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is good. Cattle disease of a mild type is reported. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather was wet. The condition of autumn crops is average. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are unchanged. In some villages spring sowings are going on.

Rajputana.—Standing crops are generally in good condition. Harvesting is in progress and the outturn is estimated at 12 annas in the rupee in Dungarpur; 14 annas in the western division of Jaipur and average in Karauli. The estimate for other places is fair except that in Sirohi only a 6-anna crop is expected. Prospects of spring crops are everywhere favourable and spring sowings are now in progress. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient. Prices have risen slightly in Kishangarh and Karauli and have fallen by ½ to 2 seers in Bikaner, Dungarpur, Banswara, Tonk and Bharatpur.

Central India.—There was no rain during the week. It is urgently needed in Indore, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Spring sowings are in progress throughout. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in Baghelkhand and Bhopawar. Crops are withering for want of rain in Indore, Bundelkhand and parts of Bhopawar and have been damaged by insects in Bhopal. Agricultural stock are fair to good. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices have fallen slightly in parts of Malwa and are high but steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The days are warm and occasionally cloudy and the nights cool. No rain was received during the week except a few light showers in the Sehora and Murwara tahsils of the Jubbulpore district. More rain is required in Nimar, Wardha, Chanda, Bhandara, Drug, Raipur and Amraoti to improve the condition of crops on light soils and to facilitate sowing of spring crops. Harvesting of autumn crops is progressing all over the Provinces. *Juar* is in ear and cotton in flower in Amraoti. The rice crop is excellent in Seoni. Preparation of land for sowing of spring crops is in rapid progress everywhere but sowings are slow in most districts. Germination of spring crops is reported to be successful in Narsinghpur, Hoshangabad, Nimar and Buldana. Standing crops are doing well and prospects are generally good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices :—The price of wheat remained stationary in seventeen districts; rice in nineteen; *juar* in eighteen and gram in sixteen. Wheat fell in Betul by ½ seer per rupee. *Juar* became cheaper by 2 seers in Chhindwara and Yeotmal and dearer in Buldana by 1 seer. Gram fell in Damoh by 1 seer and rice by 3½ seers in Balaghat. Prices elsewhere fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. A shower will be welcome. Harvesting of rice continues. Preparation of land for sowing of spring crops is in full swing and sowings have also been started but operations are retarded to some extent in Khairagarh and Raj-Nandgaon for want of moisture. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices :—rice in Korea, Sirguja and Sarangarh fell by ¾ and ½ seer per rupee respectively.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—No rain fell during the week. All relief has been closed except weaver relief which continues in Nagpur, Nimar, Chanda and Ellichpur. This will be contracted gradually and closed finally by the end of November when the more valuable crops will ripen and the position of weavers caused by the depressed market and high prices will be eased. Crops are in good condition except on light soils of Nimar. The numbers employed on Public Works Department works and on the Itarsi-Nagpur Railway continue to decrease. The condition of spring crops is good. Fodder and water are sufficient. The public health is satisfactory. Prices are steady with a tendency to fall. The numbers on relief are:—on works *nil*; on gratuitous relief *nil*; weavers 14,408; total 14,408. Future telegrams will be confined to number of weavers on relief lists.

Bombay.—The rain during the week was moderate in parts of Dharwar and Kathiawar and slight in parts of the Konkan, Satara and Belgaum. The rainfall is generally sufficient but more is needed in places for autumn crops and spring cultivation and would everywhere be welcome. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by insects in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Larkana and Belgaum; by rats and rust in parts of Karachi and by grass-hoppers in parts of Nasik and are withering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of Kanara, West Khandesh, Nasik, Bijapur, Belgaum and Palanpur. Crops are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Surat, Thana, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Belgaum, Baroda and Cutch. Sowing continues in parts of Gujarat, Thana, the Deccan, Bijapur, Belgaum, Kathiawar, Baroda and Cutch. The supply of fodder is adequate except in parts of Nasik and Bijapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Cutch. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally sufficient except in parts of Kaira and Nasik. Prices of food-grains have slightly increased in parts of the Karnatak and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 18 to 42 per cent. In Gujarat 20 to 61 per cent; in the Konkan 23 to 33 per cent; in the Deccan 25 to 47 per cent and in the Karnatak 30 to 51 per cent less than the normal. Stocks of grain are generally adequate. Labourers get sufficient field employment and wages are normal. The cultivating and labouring classes are in fair condition. The daily average numbers on gratuitous relief are:—Bijapur 681 and Jath 109.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. The autumn harvest continues. Crops have suffered to some extent especially *til* and *bajra* in parts of the Telingana district. The cotton crop is in fair to good condition except in the Parbhani and Nander districts where it has suffered from excessive moisture. Early rice is being weeded. The crop has suffered from breaches in tanks. The extent of the late rice crop too depends on repairs to breached tanks. Spring sowings continue and prospects are good. Cattle disease is reported in nine talukas. Prices:—wheat 5¼; coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 12½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 11 seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available in the market. The highest price in districts is 8½ to 9 seers in four talukas and the lowest 20 seers each in the Kandhar taluka of the Nander district and the Rajura taluka in the Bidar district.

Mysore.—There was slight rain in Kadur and Shimoga and practically *nil* elsewhere. Prices of food-grains are slightly higher except in Mysore and Shimoga where they are steady. Standing crops are withering for want of rain. Prospects of the season are not very encouraging. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available except in parts of Tumkur, Hassan, Kadur, Shimoga and Chitaldrug where they are becoming scarce.

Coorg.—Rainfall 18 cents. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food-grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was light to fair in Coimbatore, Ganjam Trichinopoly, the Nilgiris, Vizagapatam Littoral, Tinnevelly, Madura, Malabar, Godavari, Kistna, Salem, Tanjore and South Canara and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are insufficient except in Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Malabar and the Nilgiris. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Kistna, Guntur, the Deccan, Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore and Tanjore require more rain and some in parts of Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore have been damaged by insects. Harvests continue with outturn poor to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Guntur, Bellary, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore and Tinnevelly. Fodder is scanty in parts of the Circars, the Deccan and South Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in ten districts ; has fallen in five and has risen in eight. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in seven districts ; has fallen in nine and has risen in five. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts ; has fallen in four and has risen in five. *Cumbu* is stationary in five districts ; has fallen in six and has risen in four. The public health is generally good but cholera is prevalent in several districts. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is procurable. Grain stocks are generally sufficient. The average number of Khonds relieved by doles in the Ganjam district is 363. The poor house in the Bellary taluka was closed on the 10th October.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief:

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week. (Revised figures.)			Present week.			Increase or Decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
British Provinces.							
Bengal . . .	2,686	14,827	17,513*	3,377	13,704	17,081	—432
Central Provinces . .	...	21,728	21,728	...	14,408	14,408	—7,320
Bombay . . .	...	681	681	...	681	681	...
Madras . . .	...	353	353	...	363	363	+10
Total British Provinces.	2,686	37,589	40,275	3,377	29,156	32,533	—7,742
Native States.							
Central India States .	33	187	220†	33	187	220‡	...
Bombay Native States .	...	112	112	...	109	109	—3
Total Native States	33	299	332	33	296	329	—3
GRAND TOTAL .	2,719	37,888	40,607	3,410	29,452	32,862	—7,745

* Excludes figures for test works in the Darbhanga district.

† Figures for the Gwalior Residency Area for the week ending 3rd October have been repeated as relief figures were not reported.

‡ Last week's figures for Central India States have been repeated for this week as relief figures for the present week have not been received.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India—(District details).

NOTE.—The figures are compiled from returns obtained from Local Governments and Political Officers, and give the corrected details of the totals reported in the telegraphic famine reports published weekly in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

Non-labouring children and other dependants of relief workers are classed under relief works when distinguished in the local returns from persons gratuitously relieved in poor-houses or at their houses. Weavers relieved in their own trade are shown under "village doles or other relief."

No.	Name of Provinces, Districts and Native States.	Area in Sq. miles.	Population.	FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 3RD OCTOBER 1908.								
				RELIEF WORKS.			Number on test works.	Total on works.	GRATUITOUS RELIEF.			GRAND TOTAL.
				Workers.	Dependants.	Total.			Poor-houses or kitchens.	Village doles or other relief.	Total.	
	Bombay.											
1	Panch Mahals ...	1,606	261,020	...	...	...	...	...	...	366	366	[illegible]
2	West Khandesh ...	10,041	1,427,382*	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,495	1,495	[illegible]
3	Nasik	5,850	413,386	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,995	1,995	[illegible]
4	Poona ...	5,349	995,330	...	...	...	...	...	...	333	333	[illegible]
5	Sholapur ...	4,541	720,977	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,489	1,489	[illegible]
6	Ahmednagar ...	6,586	837,695	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,419	2,419	[illegible]
7	Bijapur	5,669	735,435	...	...	...	...	...	...	700	700	[illegible]
	Total Bombay ...	39,642	5,391,225	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,797	8,797	[illegible]
	Bengal.											
1	Nadia	2,793	1,667,491	...	...	...	1,926	1,926	...	...	...	[illegible]
2	Cuttack	3,629	2,062,758	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,733	2,733	[illegible]
3	Balasore	2,059	1,071,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,145	8,145	[illegible]
4	Puri	2,472	1,017,284	...	...	...	577	577	...	4,241	4,241	[illegible]
5	Ranchi	7,128	1,187,925	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,358	1,358	[illegible]
6	Angul ...	1,681	191,911	...	...	...	412	412	...	543	543	[illegible]
7	Jessore	2,925	1,813,155	...	...	...	...	...	...	435	435	[illegible]
8	Durbhanga† ...	3,335	2,912,611	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total Bengal ...	26,022	11,924,332	...	...	...	2,915	2,915	...	17,455	17,455	[illegible]
	Central Provinces.											
1	Nimar (portion) ...	724	86,000	4,382	...	4,382	...	4,382	...	360	360	[illegible]
2	Jubbulpore (portion) ..	2,700	372,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,418	4,418	[illegible]
3	Betul (portion) ...	266	50,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	151	[illegible]
4	Chhindwara (portion)...	2,874	240,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,960	1,960	[illegible]
5	Mandla (portion) ...	2,521	140,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,698	1,698	[illegible]
6	Seoni (portion) ...	1,658	184,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	490	490	[illegible]
7	Saugor (portion) ..	241	33,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	606	606	[illegible]
8	Nagpur (")...	31	213,000	10,059	...	10,059	...	10,059	...	353	353	[illegible]
9	Balaghat (")...	2,553	315,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	35	[illegible]
10	Bilaspur (")...	1,032	116,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,037	1,037	[illegible]
11	Narsinghpur(")...	442	63,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	812	812	[illegible]
12	Chanda (")...	7	18,000	254	...	254	...	254	...	...	...	[illegible]
13	Amraoti (")...	5	26,000	130	...	130	...	130	...	...	...	[illegible]
	Total Central Provinces	15,054	1,856,000	14,825	...	14,825	...	14,825	...	11,920	11,920	[illegible]
	Madras.											
1	Ganjam	8,372	2,010,256	...	...	...	...	...	...	458	458	[illegible]
2	Bellary taluk ...	962	193,401	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	[illegible]
	Total ...	9,334	2,203,657	...	...	...	...	...	16	458	474	[illegible]
	Total British Provinces	90,052	21,375,214	14,825	...	14,825	2,915	17,740	16	38,630	38,646	[illegible]
	Central India States.											
1	Rewa	13,000	1,327,385	1,359	...	1,359	...	1,359	...	384	384	[illegible]
2	Nagod	501	67,092									[illegible]
3	Jaso	72	7,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	250	250	[illegible]
4	Baraunda... ...	217	15,724									[illegible]
5	Kamta	4	1,000									[illegible]
6	Gwalior Residency area	1	1,000	33	...	33	...	33	...	9	9	[illegible]
	Total Central India States.	13,795	1,419,410	1,392	...	1,392	...	1,392	...	643	643	[illegible]
	Bombay States.											
	Jath	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	111	111	[illegible]
	Total Bombay States...	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	111	111	[illegible]
	Central Provinces States.											
	Khairagarh (portion)...	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	[illegible]
	Total Central Provinces States.	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	[illegible]
	Total Native States...	14,720	1,484,573	1,392	...	1,392	...	1,392	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Grand Total British Provinces and Native States.	104,772	22,859,787	16,217	...	16,217	2,915	19,132	23	39,403	[illegible]	[illegible]

* The area and population have been taken for the District as a whole.

† Report not received.

‡ Figures for the 8th August have been included as no figures were reported for this or the previous weeks.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 9585—9605-214.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 19th October 1908.

RESOLUTION.

Read—

The Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1907-08.

ORDERED that copies of the Report be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Home Department, the Finance Department, the Accountant-General, Public Works Department, all Local Governments and Administrations, and the Government of Ceylon, for information.

Ordered, also, that the Report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT FOR 1907-08.

GENERAL REPORT.

Statistical information relating to the growth of the Department from its commencement up to date is given in a convenient form in Appendix D. **General.**

2. The capital account at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 10,28,55,723, the expenditure on that head in 1907-08 being Rs. 40,91,173, which includes Rs. 2,84,787, the outlay in the Public Works Department on telegraph buildings. **Capital account, App. A and D.**

3. The revenue earned having been Rs. 1,33,57,574, and the working expenses Rs. 1,12,86,168, the surplus amounts to Rs. 20,71,406, representing a return on capital outlay of 2·01 per cent. **Revenue account, App. A and D.**

4. As compared with the previous year, the working expenses have increased by Rs. 16,23,093 as follows:—

	Rs.
General charges	6,95,752
Line Maintenance	3,00,988
Signalling	6,26,353
Total ...	16,23,093

The increase under general charges is due to the capital share of Establishment and Store Contingencies being less owing to decrease in works outlay, to the cost of Stationery and Printing being Rs. 1,63,446 in excess of last year, and to gratuities and the capitalised value of pension of officers of Direction and General Supervision, amounting to Rs. 1,88,035, having been added under Commerce and Industry Department No. 6922-186, dated 15th August 1907. The increase under Line Maintenance is due to heavier repairs to lines and also to the addition of gratuities and capitalised value of pensions, amounting to Rs. 80,749, as in the case of General Charges, and that under Signalling to larger staff of Signalling and Clerical establishments being found necessary to cope with increased traffic owing to expansion and also to gratuities, pensions, etc., amounting to Rs. 2,78,358, having been included.

5. The receipts from all sources amounted to Rs. 1,33,57,574 as compared with Rs. 1,25,78,846 in the previous year, the increase being made up as follows:—

	Rs.
Message revenue	5,73,621
Rent of wires and instruments leased to Railways and Canals	1,36,750
Rent of local and Private lines and recoveries from guarantors	62,912
Miscellaneous	5,445
Total ...	7,78,728

The increase in the value of telegrams is less than the increase in their number, the former having increased by 5·92 per cent. and the latter by 11·99 per cent. The increase in value is made up of Rs. 5,15,400 under paid telegrams and Rs. 58,221 under *pro formâ* value of news-free and concessional telegrams. Of the former amount, Rs. 64,296 and Rs. 4,51,104 represent increase in the value of state and private telegrams respectively. The increase is due to a normal increase in message revenue, to the Bazar Valley expedition and to famine and consequent speculation in grain.

6. Appendix E and the diagram of curves immediately following it, show by figures and by curves the variations that have occurred during the last 17 years in the number of paid telegrams, and the average value and working expenses of a paid telegram.

In previous years, the total charges under "Line Maintenance" and "Signalling", given under "*Revenue Charges*" on page 18, were taken as the cost of signalling, but as these totals include charges debitable to the maintenance of Railway and Canal telegraphs and Private Line systems, they do not accurately represent the working expenses connected with the handling of telegraph message traffic. Appendix E has therefore been entirely revised and all charges not properly debitable to "Signalling" eliminated therefrom; and, in order to compute the cost of signalling on commercial principles, a proportionate share of the "Interest Charges" on the Capital expenditure given on page 24 has been added to the actual working expenses.

An examination of the diagram will show that the curve representing the number of paid telegrams continues to rise in a very marked degree. Last year an increase of 9·24 lakhs or 8·83 per cent. in the number of telegrams was recorded; this year the increase is even more marked, being 13·65 lakhs or 11·98 per cent. On the other hand, the average value of a telegram continues to fall steadily, which, from the analysis given in paragraph 41, will be found to be due to the larger and growing percentage of deferred telegrams.

A marked feature is the difference between the value, Rs. ·786, and the working expenses, Rs. ·951, of a paid telegram, representing a loss of Rs. ·165, or two annas and seven pies, on every telegram handled. The increase in working expenses per paid telegram, this year over last, is due to the inclusion of Pensionary Charges for the first time, *vide* paragraph 4.

Telegraph offices. Paragraph 50. Appendices A and D.

7. On the 31st March 1908, there were 6,784 telegraph offices in India and Burma open for paid telegrams, of which 279 were departmental, 2,265 combined, 4,229 railway and 11 canal offices, as compared with an aggregate of 6,499 for the previous year, made up of 280 departmental, 2,158 combined, 4,050* railway and 11 canal offices.

Extensions. Paragraphs 59-64. Appendices A and D.

8. The system maintained by the Telegraph Department was augmented during the year by a net increase of 1,422 miles of line and 11,995 miles of wire, including cable, and at its close comprised 68,940 miles of line and 271,944 miles of wire and cable. Of the latter 84,865 miles were used by railways, 6,306 miles by canals, 9,497 miles were worked in connection with telephone exchanges and private lines, and 171,276 miles were for departmental purposes.

Telephones—Departmental.

9. The subscriptions to the Telegraph Department for telephone and similar services rendered during the calendar year 1907 amounted to Rs. 3,25,706, being an increase of Rs. 59,173 over the figures of the previous year. The average annual subscriptions for the past five years amounted to Rs. 2,45,063.

A new Central Battery system was established in the Telephone Exchange at Cawnpore in August 1907, and has proved a complete success.

* Revised figures.

10. The gross earnings of the Telephone Companies during the calendar year 1907 amounted to Rs. 6,92,356, being an advance of Rs. 68,749 over those of the previous year. Their average annual earnings during the past five years were Rs. 5,89,143. **Companies.**

EVENTS OF INTEREST.

11. The Telegraph Committee appointed by the Government of India last year, completed their labours in April 1907. Their Report was submitted to Government and so far has not been published for general information. **Telegraph Committee.**

12. Mr. Newlands, Deputy Controller, British Post Office, whose services were lent to the Government of India, to suggest improvements in the Traffic methods of the Indian Telegraph Department, arrived in India in October. The improvements suggested by him, and in the course of being adopted, are calculated to rid the Traffic Administration of this Department of many obsolete and cumbrous methods, and, by the introduction of up-to-date ideas and of improved devices for the rapid handling of messages, to increase the efficiency of the service in a marked degree. **Traffic improvements.**

13. Acting on the recommendation of the Telegraph Committee, the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, in their letter No. 11041, dated the 27th of December 1907, sanctioned the employment of women in the Telegraph Department as Signallers on salaries of Rs. 40 rising, by annual increments of Rs. 2-8-0 commencing from the fourth year of service, to Rs. 80 at stations in India other than Rangoon and Madras; Rs. 50 rising, by annual increments of Rs. 2-8-0 commencing from the fourth year of service, to Rs. 90 at Rangoon; and Rs 30, rising by annual increments of Rs. 2-8-0 commencing from the fourth year of service, to Rs. 70 at Madras. While under a course of instruction in telegraphy, the maximum limit of which is 12 months, women probationers will receive an allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem. **Employment of women in the Telegraph Department.**

It was subsequently considered desirable to further extend the employment of women in the Department and sanction was accorded by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, in their letter No. 1868-49, dated the 19th February 1908, to the appointment of women as Booking Clerks in the Central Telegraph Office at Calcutta and one or two other towns as an experimental measure on salaries of Rs. 30 while on probation, and Rs. 35 on confirmation rising by annual increments of Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 60.

14. The Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, have, in their letter No. 111, dated the 6th January 1908, accepted the recommendation of the Telegraph Committee regarding the selection and training of Sub-Assistant Superintendents (General). The recommendations are, chiefly, that selections are to be made from members of the Signalling Establishment below the rank of Traffic Sub-Assistant Superintendent, of not less than 25 nor more than 35 years of age; that, as a rule, they are to be selected from amongst men who have held the appointment of Inspecting Telegraph Master and that the period of probation will be eighteen months, about five months being spent in a course of instruction at the Sibpur Engineering College. **Selection and training of Sub-Assistant Superintendents (General).**

15. An agitation, following closely on the strike of Drivers and Guards on the East Indian Railway, was started among the Signalling Staff in November, and His Excellency the Viceroy was addressed in telegrams praying for the publication of the Report of the Telegraph Committee, for an assurance that the prospects of the staff would be improved, and for the removal of certain grievances. In reply the Government of India, while adhering to their decision not to publish the report or indicate its contents until the orders of the Secretary of State had been received, promised early and careful consideration of all causes of complaint. Memorials repeating the prayer for the above assurance were submitted generally by the staff in February and favourably answered by Government on the 14th March. Meanwhile however the staff became impatient and early in March resorted to what was termed "Passive Resistance." This amounted to slow working and causing numerous stoppages by interference with the lines, tactics which resulted in a great accumulation of messages in all the principal offices. **Disaffection amongst Signalling Staff.**

On the 7th March the Hon'ble Member, Department of Commerce and Industry, interviewed a body representing the staff of the Calcutta office with the satisfactory result that work was resumed as if nothing had happened. Towards the end of the month the agitation revived, and at the close of the year "Passive Resistance" was again resorted to, this time the proposed ntroduction of the new hours of duty to replace the old "watch system" on the 1st of April being made the *casus belli*. The movement eventually ended in a partial strike of the signallers which, however, does not come within the scope of this Report.

Strike of Telegraph Task-work messengers.

16. The Task-work delivery peons of the Calcutta office were also very restless during December and January in consequence of the introduction of more methodical systems of delivery and attendance. At the end of February the whole staff with the exception of about 10 men struck work on the grounds of an alleged reduction in their earnings.

In order to assist in delivery a detachment of sepoys from the 10th Jats were employed and most of the delivery of deferred messages was done through the post.

As the peons refused to come to terms, although several concessions were made, they were given up to the 1st March to come in, and as none offered themselves for duty on that date they were all dismissed. Little difficulty was experienced in filling their places.

The example of the Task-work peons was followed by the boy peons in the instrument room, but most of these returned quickly to duty when they saw how easily their places could be filled. At the commencement of this strike, great assistance was rendered by Colonel G. M. Porter, Master of His Majesty's Mint, Calcutta, who sent over as many boys as were wanted.

17. The Task-work delivery peons of the Madras and Bombay Central Telegraph Offices, following the example of their *confrères* in Calcutta, also adopted the same methods to obtain redress for their alleged grievances and struck work, those in the Madras office on the 4th of March and those in the Bombay office on the 29th March. In both instances the men were not amenable to reason and had to be dismissed the service, their places being readily filled by new men.

Strike of East Indian Railway Guards and Drivers.

18. During the strike of the Guards and Drivers on the East Indian Railway, the staff at the Departmental and Combined Offices at Asansole, Madhupur, Gaya, Bankipore and Jamalpur had to be strengthened in order to cope with the increased traffic. A batch of Military Telegraphists were also sent from the Calcutta office to man the Howrah Railway Telegraph Office.

Bazar Valley Expedition.

19. The first intimation of an expedition to the Bazar Valley was received on the 8th February 1908 and immediate arrangements were made to replace the Postal Signallers in the Jamrud and Landikotal offices in the Khyber Pass by Military Telegraphists; this was accomplished on the 12th February. Two other Field Offices were opened on the 14th February at Fort Maude and Lalchina, the latter afterwards being shifted to near Ali Musjid. The office at Fort Maude maintained heliographic communication with the Front throughout the operations.

The following are the dates of the opening, closing, etc., of the offices in connection with this expedition :—

Jamrud. Converted into a Field Office 12th February 1908. Reverted 7th March 1908.

Landikotal. Converted into a Field Office 12th February 1908. Reverted 6th March 1908.

Fort Maude. Opened 14th February 1908. Closed 2nd March 1908.

Lalchina (Ali Musjid). Opened 14th February 1908. Closed 8th March 1908.

Reduction in foreign tariffs.

20. In accordance with an arrangement between the Government of India and the Eastern Telegraph Company, the rates for telegrams between India and Burma on the one side, and Aden, Obock, Abyssinia, Yemen and Italian East

Africa on the other, were reduced with effect from the 1st of May. The reductions made are shewn below :—

	Former rate per word.		Present rate per word.	
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
Aden and Perim	1	5	1	0
Obock	1	6	1	2
Abyssinia	1	8	1	3
Yemen	1	12	1	8
Italian East Africa (Erythrea) ...	1	6	1	1

Towards the close of the year arrangements had been completed with the Indo-European Telegraph Department to apply, from the 1st April 1908, the Indian inland rules and rates to telegrams exchanged between India and Burma on the one side, and the Indo-European Telegraph Offices on the Mekran coast and in Baluchistan on the other.

Central Persian Telegraph line.

21. The Central Persian Telegraph line was extended from Bam to Karachi *viâ* Panjgur and Las Beyla and opened to traffic from the 5th of November 1907. This line is used as an alternative to the cable and land route *viâ* Bushire. On the opening of the Central Persian route the rates for State telegrams exchanged between the Government of India and His Britannic Majesty's Minister at Teheran ; and between the Persian Government and the Consul General for Persia in India, were reduced to half the usual rates for Private telegrams.

TRAFFIC.

Amount and value of traffic.

22. The number and value of telegrams of each class are given in Appendix D.

Compared with previous year.

23. The total paid traffic (excluding news-free and concessional telegrams) when compared with the previous year shows an increase of 1,364,757 or 11·98 per cent., in number and Rs. 5,15,401, or 5·41 per cent., in value.

Inland—Private.

24. Inland private traffic (including press) shows an increase of 1,229,627 or 13·20 per cent., in number, and Rs. 4,04,004, or 7·12 per cent., in value.

Inland—State.

25. In inland state telegrams there has been an increase of 77,273 or 8·67 per cent., in number and Rs. 58,468, or 3·64 per cent., in value.

Foreign—Private.

26. Foreign private telegrams (including press and foreign transit traffic) show an increase of 57,355, or 4·90 per cent., in number with an increase of Rs. 47,100, or 2·15 per cent., in the Indian share of their value.

The revenue from foreign state telegrams transiting India is included under foreign private.

Foreign—State.

27. Foreign state telegrams increased by 502 or 3·16 per cent., in number and Rs. 5,829 or 10·74 per cent., in value.

Inland—Press.

28. There were 64,056 inland press telegrams, containing 25,715,694 words, transmitted during the year, as against 59,850 telegrams, containing 22,818,923 words, during the previous year ; or an increase per cent. of 7·02 in the number of telegrams and 12·69 in the number of words. The receipts from such telegrams increased by 7·64 per cent., namely, from Rs. 1,64,986 in the previous year to Rs. 1,77,597 in 1907-08.

Foreign—Press.

29. The foreign press traffic amounted to 7,408 telegrams, containing 644,629 words ; as compared with 7,160 telegrams and 579,319 words during the previous year, or an increase per cent. of 3·46 in the number of telegrams and 11·27 in the number of words, respectively. The Indian share of the value was Rs. 41,689, as against Rs. 38,191, or an increase of 9·15 per cent. The figures under foreign press represent the number of press telegrams to and from India, and the Indian share of their value, transit traffic to and from countries to the east and west of India being excluded.

Changes in Traffic Rules.

30. In April the use of abbreviated addresses of Government officials which was restricted to state telegrams was extended to private telegrams as well.

31. In the same month the rule requiring non-delivery to be reported on those copies of private multiple address telegrams which cannot be delivered at the place to which the telegram is first addressed was modified so as to require

that copies of the message should be posted to any new addresses given, if within Indian limits, and the sender informed in the non-delivery report that this had been done. If all the addressees have gone to the same place, the telegram is re-transmitted to the new address free of charge, as formerly.

32. From 1st July, a fee equivalent to the fee for the registration of abbreviated addresses was prescribed for the registration of standing instructions regarding the delivery of telegrams during fixed hours, but if the fee for a registered abbreviated address has already been paid, that fee is taken to cover the registration of special delivery instructions. Government officials, whose abbreviated addresses are usually registered free of charge, are amenable to this fee for the registration of special delivery instructions.

33. From the 16th of May, the period for the preservation of inland message drafts in the Check Office was reduced from four to three months, except in the case of offices situated on the frontier beyond Kashmir and on the extreme limits of Burma, the message drafts of which are still preserved for four months.

34. To prevent the addressee being required to pay the semaphore fee on telegrams transmitted by semaphore *from* ships, an arrangement was come to with some agents of steamship companies for this fee to be collected from the sender, and for this Department to recover it subsequently from the agent of the steamship company.

35. In October, it was ruled that if a message bears the stamp of a firm, this stamp should be attested by the signature or initials of a responsible member of the firm.

36. From the 1st January, a "deposit" system of accounts was introduced in all Departmental Telegraph offices, to meet the convenience of those who frequently call for repetitions in their telegrams. The system requires a deposit of a sum of money equivalent to the average monthly payments on repetition telegrams including their replies and the payment of a commission of one per cent. (subject to a minimum of Rs. 10 per annum) on the gross value of repetition calls including their replies. The system however has not been availed of to any great extent. The extension of the "deposit" system to all telegrams was under consideration at the close of the year.

Training of Civil Probationers.

37. On the recommendation of the Telegraph Committee and with the approval of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, the Government of India have sanctioned an extension of the maximum period during which Civil Telegraph probationers are permitted to draw an allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem while under training from nine months to one year; at the same time the qualifying standard in signalling has been raised from 20 to 23 words per minute.

Training of Military Probationers.

38. With the same object of improving the efficiency of the operating staff the period of training of Military Telegraph probationers has been extended from nine months to a year and the qualifying standard of efficiency in signalling raised from a minimum of 16 to 20 words per minute.

News-free and concessional telegrams.

39. The following statement shows the amount of news-free and concessional traffic during the year:—

	No.	*Pro formâ* Value. Rs.
Mail steamer reports	449	58,017
Reuter's Government and press messages ...	1,225	48,089
Indian News Agency	520	38,274
French Government service messages ...	1,488	8,308
Portuguese Government service	2,971	15,751
Kalat State " " ...	22	36
Kashmir State " " ...	9,336	21,625
British, Indian and Colonial Government messages	10,720	30,335
Copies of telegrams between the Secretary of State, Foreign Affairs, London and His Majesty's Minister, Pekin, delivered to His Excellency the Viceroy, India ...	28	474
Total ...	26,759	2,20,909
Total for 1906-07 ...	23,020	1,62,688

40. The abstract given below shows the number and value of inland sent telegrams, despatched during the year, classified under urgent, ordinary and deferred :— **Classification of inland telegrams.**

Class.	Urgent.		Ordinary.		Deferred.		Total.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
State ...	104,719	5,50,823	169,825	2,79,794	693,874	8,33,981	968,418	16,64,598
Private ...	561,372	11,52,635	10,89,202	12,33,673	8,823,339	34,65,783	10,473,913	58,52,091
Press ...	...	...	8,112	52,091	55,944	1,25,506	64,056	1,77,597
Total ...	666,091	17,03,458	1,267,139	15,65,558	9,573,157	44,25,270	11,506,387	76,94,286*

* Exclusive of Rs. 47,940 on account of abbreviated addresses, and Rs. 6,143 on account of debit adjustments.

41. The following statement shows the percentage of inland sent traffic under urgent, ordinary and deferred, during the last three years :— **Proportion of inland traffic under each class.**

Class.		1905-06.		1906-07.		1907-08.	
		No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
State	Deferred	76·47	54·87	74·78	52·80	71·65	50·10
	Ordinary	14·45	16·52	15·60	16·90	17·54	16·80
	Urgent	9·08	28·61	9·62	30·30	10·81	33·10
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Private	Deferred	80·41	55·10	81·36	55·23	84·24	59·22
	Ordinary	14·47	26·51	12·49	23·92	10·40	21·08
	Urgent	5·12	18·39	6·15	20·85	5·36	19·70
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00
Press	Deferred	89·15	78·18	86·51	66·50	87·34	70·67
	Ordinary	10·85	21·82	13·49	33·50	12·66	29·33
	Urgent	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

Telegraphic money order advices.

42. The table below shows the number and value of telegraphic money order advices dealt with during the last five years :—

Year.	India.		Indo-Ceylon. Number of advices.			
	No.	Value. Rs.	Out-going.	Incom-ing.	Total.	Value. Rs.
1903-04 ...	189,232	1,89,232	1,414	19,880	21,294	21,294
1904-05 ...	196,315	1,96,315	1,590	21,074	22,664	22,664
1905-06 ...	214,002	2,00,232	1,426	19,428	20,854	20,854
1906-07 ...	259,648	1,95,784	1,559	18,181	19,740	19,740
1907-08 ...	300,198	2,05,295	1,406	15,778	17,184	17,184

43. The Telegraph Department continued to receive the usual fixed fee of one rupee for each telegraphic money order advice exchanged between India and Ceylon. For Indian advices the fees are one rupee for advices classed urgent, or XMO, and eight annas for advices classed deferred, or DMO. The number and value of Indian advices during the year are shown below :—

	No.	Value. Rs.
Classed as urgent, or XMO	110,393	1,10,393
" deferred, or DMO	189,805	94,902
Total ...	300,198	2,05,295

Signalling operations.

44. The following statement shows the total number of sent telegrams, *paid*, *service* and *free*, the total number of signalling operations entailed in their despatch from the office of origin to destination, with the necessary repetitions at intermediate offices, and lastly, the average number of signalling operations per sent telegram, for the past five years :—

Year.	Total number of sent telegrams *paid*, *service*, and *free*.	Total number of signalling operations.	Average number of signalling operations per sent telegram.
1903-04	8,037,985	40,452,138	5·03
1904-05	9,977,694	50,228,813	5·03
1905-06	11,578,870	56,048,978	4·84
1906-07	12,703,715	61,918,506	4·88
1907-08	14,266,942	70,407,120	4·93

Communication with Foreign Countries.

45. Communication with Europe *viâ* Suez was maintained uninterruptedly throughout the year except between the 27th and 29th January when the Egyptian land lines were interrupted. The Teheran route was interrupted for 173 hours against 108 hours in the previous year. The Turkish route was interrupted for 3,983 hours as compared with 725 hours in the previous year. Details of the traffic which passed over these routes during the year are given in Appendices B and C.

46. Communication with Siam over the Moulmein-Bangkok line *viâ* Kanburi was interrupted for 35 days as against 24 days in the previous year beyond the Indian frontier and 4 days as against Nil the previous year within the Indian frontier. The line from Moulmein to Bangkok *viâ* Raheng was interrupted for 30 days as against 19 days in the previous year.

47. The Raheng route to Bangkok has been considerably improved, both on the Indian and Siamese sections and it is now regularly used as an alternative when the Kanburi route to Bangkok is either blocked with traffic or interrupted. The traffic between India and Siam by these routes increased by 29 per cent. over the figures of the previous year.

48. The land route to China was interrupted 38 times beyond the Indian frontier for 107 days against 31 times and 76 days in the previous year. There were no interruptions within the Indian frontier. The traffic disposed of during 1907-08 was 171 messages from China and 102 messages to China compared with 226 and 153 of the previous year.

49. Telegraphic communication with Australia was interrupted beyond Java from the 29th June to 18th July. During this period telegrams for Australia were forwarded by the Eastern Telegraph Company *viâ* Aden and the Cocos Island without alteration in the rates.

Telegraph offices, paragraph 7.

50. The number of departmental and combined offices open on the 31st of March 1908, was 2,544, *viz.*, 74 first class, 655 second class, and 1,815 third class. In addition to these the Department technically supervised 3,889 railway and canal telegraph offices, of which 2,389 were open to the public for paid message traffic. There were also 2,101 telegraph offices controlled and supervised by railway companies, of which 1,851 were open to the public.

Meteorological Observation Offices.

51. On the 31st March 1908, there were 47 Government telegraph offices which were also meteorological observation offices.

Signalling establishment.

52. At the close of the year the signalling establishment stood as follows :—

Traffic Sub-Assistant Superintendents	...	20
Departmental Telegraph Masters and Signallers	...	2,924
Unattached List — Warrant Officers	...	7
Unattached List — Non-commissioned officers	...	13
Military Telegraphists	...	671
Postal employés	...	2,990
Other non-departmental Signallers	...	62
Total	...	6,687
Total for 1906-07	...	6,327

Rifle Volunteers.

53. The number of volunteers on the rolls in the Department during the year was 1,086, being an increase of 181 over that of the previous year. Of this number 841 were extra-efficient, 193 efficient, and 52 non-efficient. By way of encouragement, prizes aggregating Rs. 860 were granted from the Fine Fund for proficiency in drill and shooting.

54. The "D" (Telegraph) Company of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles have, under the encouragement of their departmental officer, Mr. N. U. K. Leslie, Superintendent of the Bombay Office, continued to maintain the high state of efficiency they attained during the previous year and have done remarkably well in the year under review in both drills and shooting; the company having won every trophy except one that was offered for competition.

The Regimental trophies won by the company are the "Bayley Challenge Shield," the "Nicholson Challenge Cup," which now becomes the property of the company, the "Bayley Challenge Cup," the "Tenant Memorial Marksman's Cup," the "Tenant Memorial Sergeants' Cup" and the 2nd prize in a "Team Marching Competition." In addition to the trophies mentioned, a team of "D" Company men were sent to Jubbulpore to compete for the "Ambulance Shield" presented by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and which they won. This is the second year this trophy has come to Bombay.

The Telegraph Officers' Challenge Shield which is competed for annually throughout India and Burma was also won by a team from this company with

the magnificent score of 409 points out of a possible 420, the highest individual score being that made by Color-Sergeant J. A. McKinnon, who put on 83 out of a possible 84 for which he receives the Brind Memorial Cup and Gold Badge. A second team of this company came third in the competition and received Bronze Medals. The second prize in this competition was won by a team of the Agra office with a score of 403.

55. The strength of the "F" or Telegraph Company, of the 2nd Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, was 110 of which 36 were marksmen, 63 first class and 8 second class shots. This company won the Binning Cup and Silver Bugle in the Battalion competition, and Corporal R. O. Jackson won the Championship Gold Medal and Gold Badge.

Training of Soldiers in telegraphy.

56. Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 303 soldiers, and at the close of the year 340 were under training. The corresponding numbers for the previous year were 318 and 325, respectively.

Post Office agency.

57. The following statement shows the number of combined offices open at the end of each of the last five years, and the number and value of telegrams sent from them as well as the total number of signalling operations during those years :—

Year.	Number of combined offices.				Number of paid telegrams.	Value of paid telegrams.	Total number of signalling operations.
	1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class, and special hours.	Total.			
1903-04	11	404	1,444	1,859	3,040,257	25,12,934	7,831,468
1904-05	9	430	1,478	1,917	4,024,140	26,70,101	9,920,466
1905-06	11	456	1,562	2,029	4,717,436	29,20,347	11,093,201
1906-07	14	472	72	2,158	5,272,276	30,97,403	12,068,765
1907-08	13	512	1,740	2,265	6,123,137	34,64,784	13,863,294

Training of postal employés in telegraphy.

58. Certificates of proficiency in telegraphy were granted to 529 postal employés, and at the close of the year 347 were under training. The numbers for the previous year were 520 and 276, respectively.

EXTENSION AND MAINTENANCE OF LINES.

Extent of system. App. A and D.

59. Appendix D shows the mileage of line and wire maintained by this Department at the close of each quinquennial period from 1850-51 to 1894-95 and at the end of each year since. Appendix A shows the purposes for which the line, wire and cable were used at the close of the years 1906-07 and 1907-08.

Additions during year.

60. The net increase in the extent of the system during the year was 1,422 miles of line and 11,995 miles of wire, including cable (*vide* paragraph 8).

Departmental works.

61. The following were the principal works carried out during the year; extensions of lines under fifty and wires under a hundred miles in length being omitted.

For Departmental use :—

	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.
New constructions.		
Gilgit to Baltit (Bullie line)	62	62
Gangtok Junction to Phema	56	56
Extra wires.		
Bombay to Madras (copper)		800
Calcutta to Rangoon on sections along the Railway *vid* Parbatipur and Gauhati (copper)		985
Rajbari Government Telegraph Office to Barisal		108
Rangoon to Moulmein		171
Madras to Bangalore		218
Rawal Pindi to Jand		127
Nokkundi to Robat		140
Gauripur to Gauhati		478

	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	
Sitarampur to Madhupur	45	268	Reconstructions.
Gidhour to Kiul	27	166	
Pazundaung to Pegu	45	463	
Khushab to Pind Dadan Khan	48	238	
Samastipur to Darbhanga	23	113	
Narculdanga to No. 17 Gate Pulta	15	404	
For the use of licensed systems :—			
For the Bengal-Nagpur Railway :—			Railways.
From Purulia to Ranchi	74	74	
For the Burma Railway :—			
From Pegu Station Terminal to Martaban ...	121	122	
From Pegu Junction to Thazi	0	260	
For the Eastern Bengal State Railway :—			
From Monas river to Amingaon	78	78	
From Golakganj to Gauhati	150	310	
From Katihar to Godagiri	106	106	
For the East Indian, Railway :—			
From Gya to Moghulserai	0	127	
From Allahabad to Jubbulpore	0	228	
From Khana Junction to Kiul	0	252	
From Gya to Dhanbaid	0	125	
From Dehli-Umbala-Kalka north crossing Ambala to Badli Station (part of scheme Allahabad-Kalka)	0	117	
For the Nagda-Muttra Railway :—			
From Nagda to Kotah	138	277	
For the North-Western Railway :—			
From Multan Railway Station to Wazirabad ...	0	232	
From Lahore to Rawal Pindi	0	176	
For the South Indian Railway :—			
From Trichinopoly Railway Station to Negapatam Railway Station	12	160	
For the Shahdara Saharanpur Light Railway :—			
From Delhi Shahdara to Saharanpur	93	186	
For the Agra Canal :—			Canals.
From Jodhpur to Agra (*viâ* Biyara, Saiyan, Bad and Pachgain)	51	51	
For the Cauvery Delta system :—			
From Grand Anicut to Mayavaram and Negapatam	155	346	
For the Jamrao Canal :—			
From Mirpurkhas and Sindri to Lundo and Rawatiani respectively	62	72	

62. Eighteen Sub-Marine type cables, one being across the Paumben Straits and the remainder across rivers, aggregating 27 miles in length, were laid during the year by the Department, either for new circuits or as renewals. **Cables, Sub-Marine.**

63. Underground cables aggregating 11 miles in length, for Telegraph and Telephone purposes, were laid during the year, in Bombay and Calcutta, for the Department by Messrs. Callender's Cable and Construction Company, Limited, who have agreed to maintain the cables for 5 years, the first year free **Cables, underground.**

of charge and for the remaining 4 years at a cost of 2 per cent. on the capital cost, per annum.

Cables, Aerial.

64. Aerial web-covered Telephone Cables, aggregating 14½ miles in length, were erected in Cawnpore and Mussoorie, during the year, by the Department. As the life of this type of cable is only about 3 years endeavours are being made to find a type of aerial cable which will better stand the climate.

Aerial lead sheathed Telegraph Cables aggregating 4·86 miles in length were erected during the year in Madras by the Department.

These cables which are paper insulated have failed since erection owing to holes having been gnawed through the lead sheathing in various places by some rodent believed to be the palm squirrel.

Interruptions to communication.

65. The interruptions to communication which occurred during the year are classified below according to the causes to which they were attributed :—

	No.	Duration. Hours.
Preventable causes—		
Faults on lines and cables...	341	4,650
Unpreventable causes :—		
Cyclones and exceptional storms	409	7,871
Floods	65	1,566
Lightning	129	1,819
Fires	64	937
Trees falling other than by cyclones, etc. ...	325	5,156
Birds and animals	804	9,159
Malice	174	2,827
Other unpreventable causes	614	8,935
Total on lines and cables	2,925	42,920
Faults in offices	222	2,900
Unknown causes	747	8,170
Grand total ...	3,894	53,990
Total for 1906-07 ...	4,113	59,536

Compared with previous year.

66. As compared with the previous year, there have been very marked decreases both in the number and duration of faults, the most remarkable being that under floods where the decreases have been from 161 to 65 in number and from 5,133 to 1,566 in duration hours. This is evidently due to the failure of the monsoon over the greater part of India. The average duration of faults also fell from 14·47 to 13·86. Faults on lines and cables show a decrease of 172 in number, 5,089 hours in duration, which works out to ·017 faults and ·255 hours duration per mile of wire in Departmental use, the figures for last year being ·018 and ·290 respectively.

Preventable causes.

Unpreventable causes.

67. Faults from preventable causes show an increase from 336, lasting 4,235 hours to 341 lasting 4,650 hours, while those from unpreventable causes show a decrease from 2,761 lasting 43,774 hours to 2,584 lasting 38,270 hours. The latter number includes 66 faults due to thefts of copper wire. In all about 10¾ miles of copper wire were stolen during the year, valued at Rs. 2,300. Each case of theft was promptly reported to the police but this action has resulted in only six prosecutions and three convictions.

Faults in offices.

68. Faults in offices show a satisfactory decrease of 84 or 27·45 per cent. in number and 1,609 hours or 35·68 per cent., in duration.

Unknown causes.

69. Faults due to unknown causes have increased 37 or 5·21 per cent. in number and 1,152 hours or 16·41 per cent. in duration.

Floods.

70. Some 58 miles of new Field Service line of bamboo posts was expeditiously constructed and three temporary telegraph offices opened between Gilgit and Baltit, as a protection against floods anticipated in connection with the bursting of the Hunza Dam. The line only has been left standing for use in the future.

Special precautions were taken during July in the low-lying country in the Henzada District, Burma, against accidents due to an expected breach in the Henzada River embankments. A day and night telegraph service was arranged for between Thayetmyo and Donabyu and the inhabitants of the threatened villages were warned by the Civil authorities to prepare and provision boats and rafts in readiness to fly directly warning was received. The river embankments however were not breached as expected.

ELECTRICAL.

Wireless Telegraphy.

71. In April 1907 the experiment of working wireless direct from Calcutta to the Pilot Steam Vessel "Fraser" situated at the Sandheads, was tried and proved successful. In consequence it was decided to close the Wireless Telegraph Office at Saugor Island.

72. During the month of May the Diamond Island cable failed and, as the weather did not permit of repairs being effected, a temporary Wireless office was opened at Bassein for the purpose of communicating with Diamond Island. This office has been working most successfully ever since and during the cold weather months it has been able, at times, to communicate direct with Port Blair at night.

The Diamond Island cable, having proved to be non-repairable, was abandoned and the Wireless office at Bassein was made permanent.

73. Improved alternator and Ferranti oil transformers have been installed at Port Blair and Diamond Island during the year. These have given great satisfaction and improved signals have been obtained in consequence.

74. The traffic dealt with by wireless telegraphy during the year amounted to 17,069 telegrams containing 479,437 words as compared with 8,983 telegrams and 314,751 words during the previous year, being an increase of 90·01 and 52·32 per cent. respectively.

75. Sites for Wireless stations were surveyed at Mergui and Victoria Point, and at the close of the year works were in progress for the installation of this system between these places.

Special Apparatus.

76. The special apparatus in use in the Department are, the Wheatstone's Automatic with Creed's Perforator, the Baudôt and the Murray systems. The system which has given the best results so far has been the Baudôt, on which a maximum outturn of an average of 136 messages per hour, during 15 hours' continuous work, was achieved. The maximum number of telegrams dealt with, during any one day, by this system, was 2,600.

Accumulators.

77. The Bangalore and Gauhati offices were fitted with accumulator installations during the year. New switchboards were also fitted at Madras and Calcutta and a new motor-generator installed at the latter. All the accumulator installations have worked satisfactorily during the year.

STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

Store Branch.

78. The stores depôts at Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras and Rangoon imported and exported 660,962 packages in all as compared with 1,031,159 in the previous year. About 142 tons of stores were conveyed between depôts in India by Government vessels, effecting a saving of Rs 2,084 The decrease in the amount of stores handled is due to less construction work being done during the year as explained in paragraph 79. Unserviceable stores in depôts and agencies were sold and Rs. 12,872 realised thereby. The construction of a new export and import shed in the Telegraph Store Yard, Calcutta at a cost of Rs. 16,559, taken in hand on the 7th of March 1907, was completed on the 31st of August 1907.

Of 16 Store Branch agencies open on the 1st of April 1907, seven were closed during the year.

Workshops.

79. The value of the outturn during the year was Rs. 11,19,400 as against Rs. 15,29,200 last year. The value of the work done on completed orders was Rs. 11,64,300 as compared with Rs. 15,09,600 in 1906-07. The cost of manufacture of tubes, instruments, and iron castings rose somewhat owing to a rise in the price of pig and sheet iron and to a rise in the price of labour owing to increased cost of living and a greater demand for skilled labour. The cost of production of other articles continued to show a satisfactory decrease due chiefly to the use of up to date methods and machinery and consequent revision in the rates

The total value of the outturn is made up of stores 72·86 per cent.; labour 15·81; general charges including salaries, interest on cost of buildings and plant, and all charges which cannot definitely be charged to any particular work, 9·49 per cent; machine rent including cost of electric power 1·84 per cent.

Compared with the outturn of the previous year, the percentages of decrease under each of these heads were: stores 31·55, labour 8·03, general charges 9·6 and machine rent 25·31.

The total outturn is 26·79 per cent. below that of the previous year and is due partly to the suspension of work during June, July and August in the tube-making department for want of material overdue from England, and partly to less construction work being done during the year as will be seen from a comparison of the figures showing the increases in total line and wire mileage during these years.

		Line.	Wire
1906-07.	Increase	2,856	16,108
1907-08.	Increase	1,422	11,995
	Difference ...	1,434	4,113

PERSONAL.

80. Sir Sydney Hutchinson, Director General, retired from the service under the operation of the 55 year rule, on the 4th of August 1907, after upwards of 35 years' service in this Department.

The following are some of the principal innovations and changes affected during the incumbency of Sir Sydney as Director General.

Transfer of the control of the Telegraph Department from the Public Works Department to the Department of Commerce and Industry from the 1st of March 1905.

Revision of the rates for Inland telegrams from the 1st of January 1904, the principal feature of which was the introduction of the four-anna telegram.

Reduction of rates to Europe for private telegrams from 2*s*. 6*d*. to 2*s*. per word from the 1st of August 1905.

The establishment of Wireless telegraphy between Burma and the Andamans in February 1905, this being the first installation under the Indian Government.

The successful introduction of Baudôt fast working and printing instruments on main circuits.

81. Mr. E. A. Leach, Deputy Director General, was permitted to retire from the Department from the 2nd of November 1907 after 34 years' service, of which the first five years were spent in the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

82. It was with much regret that on the 11th December 1907, news of the death of Mr. Oldbury Burne, late Superintendent of the Telegraph Workshops, Calcutta, was received in the Department. Mr. Oldbury Burne entered the Department on the 25th of July 1884 and was an officer of great promise and marked ability.

83. The excellent services rendered by Mr. I. C. Thomas throughout the year as Personal Assistant should here find acknowledgment. He vacated the appointment at the end of the year.

84. In connection with the inception of traffic reforms, which has entailed a vast amount of additional labour in the Traffic Branch of the Director General's Office, the exertions of Mr. Pinhey, Director of Traffic deserve special notice, and also of Mr. S. W. Bunyan, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, attached to his office. Of those whose duty it has been to give practical effect to the reforms Mr. Henderson, Superintendent in charge of the Calcutta Office, has been prominent and untiring.

85. Two excellent books on the Baudôt Printing Telegraph have been published by members of the Department during the year; one by Mr. C. T. Williams, Assistant Superintendent, and the other jointly by Messrs. G. W. Hodge, Baudôt Telegraph Master, and W. A. V. D'Rozario, Auto. Telegraph Master.

SIMLA;
The 9th September 1908.

T. D. BERRINGTON,
Director General of Telegraphs.

(Referred to in paragraphs 8 and 59.)

	Miles of Line.			Miles of Wire.			Miles of Cable.			Miles of Cable Conductors.		
	To end of previous year.	1907-08.	To end of 1907-08.	To end of previous year.	1907-08.	To end of 1907-08.	To d of previous year.	1907-08.	To end of 1907-08.	To end of previous year.	1907-0 .	To end of 1907-08.
INDIAN TELEGRAPH.												
Capital account.												
Departmental property in joint use ...	24,468·58	633·46	25,102·04	...	...	...	8·93	2·99	11·92	...	...	...
In Departmental use only	27,230·89	—*214·49*	27,016·40	162,158·19	4,405·25	166,563·44	228·79*	45·99	274·78	451·11	787·70	1,238·81
In use by guaranteed and subsidised lines	1,599·44	614·56	2,214·00	1,969·79	1,019·84	2,989·63	·75	2·05	2·80	·75	2·05	2·80
Property of Native States worked by the Department.	285·74	—*34·75*	250·99	492·21	—*30·89*	461·32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Departmental property rented to Railways	7,500·39	—*248·12*	7,252·27	80,852·60	3,447·61	84,300·21	5·95	1·66	7·61	17·80	17·37	35·17
Railway property maintained by the Department.	261·63	...	261·63	524·44	...	524·44	3·42	—*·50*	2·92	6·59	—*1·25*	5·34
Departmental property rented to canals...	4,269·34	350·51	4,619·85	5,506·73	797·86	6,304·59	2·10	—*2·10*	...	4·20	—*2·48*	1·72
Canal property maintained by the Department.	256·09	3·83	259·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private lines	1,318·13	266·53	1,584·66	7,335·87	889·23	8,225·10	71·30	·13	71·43	608·47	663·07	1,271·54
Railway property rented to Telegraph Department.	6·57	...	6·57	19·71	...	19·71	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	67,196·80	1,371·53	68,568·33	258,859·54	10,528·90	269,388·44	321·24*	50·22	371·46	1,088·92	1,466·46	2,555·38

* Revised figures.

Summary of Financial Results of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1907-1908—concld.

(Referred to in paragraphs 2 to 5).

		To end of 1906-07.	1907-08.	To end of 1907-08.
		Rs.		
Capital account—concld				
Outlay	Lines ... Departmental ...	7,59,66,712	30,72,074	7,90,38,786
	Railway and Canal ...	24,59,266	90,452	25,49,718
	Guaranteed	1,42,847	...	1,42,847
	Gilgit lines	12,833	...	12,833
	Lines in Kashmir ...			
	TOTAL ...	7,85,81,658	31,62,526	8,17,44,184
	Buildings ... Signal offices... ...	71,45,898	2,77,138	74,23,036
	Quarters for staff ...	30,414	...	30,414
	Cable houses and tanks ...	40,859	...	40,859
	Store houses... ...	5,62,903	10,851	5,73,754
	Workshop buildings ...	3,28,521	...	3,28,521
	Buildings in Kashmir ...	10,606	...	10,606
	TOTAL ...	81,19,201	2,87,989	8,407,190
	Apparatus and plant ... Equipment of signal offices	37,89,278	2,13,954	40,03,232
	Miscellaneous ...	3,36,591	10,375	3,46,966
	TOTAL ...	41,25,869	2,24,329	43,50,198
	Stores	62,16,390	4,15,905	66,32,295
	Suspense	—10,983	28,429	17,446
	Exchange on expenditure in England previous to 1887-88	24,09,440	...	24,09,440
	TOTAL ...	9,94,41,575	41,19,178	10,35,60,753
	Temporary telegraph lines for military purposes ...	—56,745	...	—56,745
	TOTAL CAPITAL, IMPERIAL ...	9,93,84,830	41,19,178	10,35,04,008
	Deduct—			
	Receipts on Capital account: Difference in exchange up to 1887-88... ...	2,33,199	...	2,33,199
	Other receipts ...	34,899	2,757	37,656
	Interest on Workshop Capital	3,52,182	25,248	3,77,430
		6,20,280	28,005	6,48,285

Number of ... Divisions ...	20	...	20
Number of ... Signal offices ...	2,438	106	2,544
Number of ... Messages ... Private ...	120,595,948	11,765,144	132,361,092
Number of ... Messages ... State ...	17,357,256	984,779	18,342,035
Number of ... Messages ... Free ...	279,510	26,759	306,269
TOTAL ...	138,232,714	12,776,682	151,009,396
	Rs.		
Revenue ... From paid messages ... Private ...	15,89,63,200	83,08,629	16,72,71,829
Revenue ... From paid messages ... State ...	4,53,78,787	17,24,675	4,71,03,462
TOTAL ...	20,43,41,987	1,00,33,304	21,43,75,291
Revenue ... „ free „ ...	43,08,004	2,20,909	45,28,913
TOTAL ...	20,86,49,991	1,02,54,213	21,89,04,204
Railway and canal telegraphs ...	4,10,02,443	26,02,313	4,36,04,756
Guaranteed telegraphs and private lines ...	47,65,711	3,90,708	51,56,419
Miscellaneous ...	23,81,629	1,10,340	24,91,969
TOTAL REVENUE ...	25,67,99,774	1,33,57,574	27,01,57,348
Working expenses ...	20,02,93,440	1,12,86,168	21,15,79,608
Net earnings (difference between revenue and working expenses) ...	5,65,06,334	20,71,406	5,85,77,740
Per mile of line ... Revenue ...	3,799·54	193·75	3,9[illegible]8·74
Per mile of line ... Net profit ...	836·05	30·04	849·69
Percentage on capital outlay ... Revenue ...	260·01	12·98	262·65
Percentage on capital outlay ... Net profit ...	57·21	2·01	56·95
Value of unissued balance of stores at end of year ...	62,16,389	4,15,905	66,32,294
TOTAL EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL AND REVENUE ...	29,90,57,990	1,53,77,341	31,44,35,331
DEFICIT ON TOTAL EXPENDITURE ...	4,22,58,216	20,19,767	4,42,77,983

Revenue receipts for five years.

(Referred to in paragraphs 2 to 6.)

YEAR.	MESSAGE REVENUE. Paid messages. State.	Paid messages. Private.	Free messages.	Total.	Claims from State Railways and Canals.	Claims from Guaranteed Railways.	Rent of local and private lines, and claims from guarantors.	Sale of books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1903-04	19,30,554	65,48,591	1,63,076	86,42,221	16,81,294	4,82,832	2,37,153	8,047	14,178	62,261	1,11,27,986
1904-05	17,05,756	71,04,852	1,18,791	89,29,399	17,63,984	5,55,768	2,65,574	8,580	15,431	59,161	1,15,97,897
1905-06	16,75,380	75,70,972	1,47,957	93,94,309	18,64,206	5,52,278	2,82,412	9,380	17,417	1,14,170	1,22,34,172
1906-07	16,60,379	78,57,525	1,62,688	96,80,592	19,50,596	5,14,907	3,27,796	10,635	14,532	79,728	1,25,78,846
1907-08	17,24,676	83,08,629	2,20,909	1,02,54,214	20,77,047	5,24,666	3,90,708	10,230	18,205	81,905	1,33,57,574

Revenue charges for five years.

YEAR.	LINE MAINTENANCE. Repairs to lines and buildings.	Establishment.	Office stores.	Share of Direction, Accounts and Superintendence. * Establishment	Office stores.	Total.	SIGNALLING. Check Office. * Establishment.	Office stores.	Departmental Offices. Imperial. Establishment.	Office stores.	Repairs to buildings.	Postal combined. Establishment.	Office stores.	Repairs to buildings.	Railway and Canal Offices. Establishment.	Office stores.	Private line Offices. Establishment.	Office stores.	Share of Direction, Accounts and Superintendence. * Establishment.	Office stores.	Saleable books, forms and maps.	Telegraph Gazettes.	Telegraph and postage stamps.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs,	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1903-04 ...	10,15,706	5,93,451	-5,479	5,35,894	91,684	22,31,256	1,02,325	2,086	37,06,107	1,76,979	57,760	8,28,646	20,569	11,615	1,43,331	60,620	40,912	35,126	5,35,894	91,684	—247	6,390	23,116	58,42,913
1904-05 ...	10,22,673	5,95,783	13,904	4,78,062	89,153	21,99,575	1,06,862	7,554	39,09,510	1,65,799	57,320	8,66,895	17,832	10,952	1,50,239	50,908	48,340	15,380	4,78,061	89,153	—276	6,747	22,834	60,04,140
1905-06 ...	8,45,798	6,24,915	13,158	5,80,460	1,5[illegible],148	22,23,479	1,07,727	2,050	43,56,565	2,31,633	63,2[illegible]0	9,19,460	22,301	7,876	1,52,333	50,790	55,806	33,041	5,80,459	1,59,140	—125	6,431	13,470	67,62,306
1906-07 ...	9,68,882	6,50,150	17,834	5,22,008	1,58,350	23,17,224	1,16,211	7,932	47,87,800	2,47,275	78,324	10,35,352	24,325	8,575	1,60,890	70,471	65,971	68,080	5,22,008	1,58,351	110	6,576	7,563	73,45,851
1907-08 ...	11,24,915	7,69,834	43,105	7,85,602	2,39,059	29,62,515	1,28,258	3,062	53,79,791	2,13,298	72,320	10,71,802	36,523	10,349	1,63,918	77,273	81,643	49,205	7,85,602	2,39,060	285	6,356	4,908	83,23,653

* These items constitute the *General charges* referred to in paragraph 4.

Result of operations for five years.

YEAR.	Capital-expenditure to end of year.	Revenue. Receipts.	Charges.	Net revenue.	Miles of line. †	Miles of wire, including cable. ‡	Number of signal offices.	Number of messages. Inland.	Foreign.	Total	Value of Messages. Inland.	Foreign.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1903-04	8,32,38,157	1,11,27,986	80,74,169	30,53,817	59,691·64	212,329·80	2,127	6,393,787	913,300	7,307,087	63,70,537	21,08,608	84,79,145
1904-05	8,73,60,465	1,15,97,897	82,03,715	33,94,182	61,683·58	227,749·36	2,189	8,082,904	1,015,441	9,098,345	64,27,748	23,82,861	88,10,609
1905-06	9,30,07,579	1,22,34,172	89,85,785	32,48,387	64,730·59	243,849·42	2,309	9,354,283	1,106,834	10,461,117	69,30,550	23,15,802	92,46,352
1906-07	9,87,61,549	1,25,78,845	96,63,075	29,15,771	67,586·94	259,048·46	2,438	10,199,487	1,185,679	11,385,166	72,73,612	22,44,292	95,17,904
1907-08	10,28,55,723	1,33,57,574	1,12,86,168	20,71,406	68,939·79	271,943·82	2,544	11,500,387	1,243,536	12,749,923	77,36,084	22,97,221	1,00,33,305

Proportion of International traffic to and from India, exclusive of transit traffic over the several routes to Europe for the year 1907-08.

(Referred to in paragraph 45.)

ROUTE.		NUMBER OF TELEGRAMS AND THE NUMBER OF WORDS BY EACH ROUTE.						PERCENTAGES.					
		FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.		FROM INDIA.		TO INDIA.		TOTAL.	
		No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.	No.	Words.
INDO-EUROPEAN	*Viâ* Teheran ...	147,023	1,369,649	82,994	911,698	230,017	2,281,347	53·01	52·13	35·59	39·73	45·05	46·35
	Viâ Turkey ...	1,999	15,662	2,963	24,078	4,962	39,740	0·72	0·60	1·27	1·05	0·97	0·81
	Persian Gulf *viâ* Karachi.	4,172	53,215	2,564	49,530	6,736	102,745	1·51	2·02	1·10	2·16	1·32	2·09
RED SEA ...	*Viâ* Suez ...	124,138	1,188,875	144,695	1,309,234	268,833	2,498,109	44·76	45·25	62·04	57·06	52·66	50·75
	TOTAL ...	277,332	2,627,401	233,216	2,294,540	510,548	4,921,941	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00	100·00

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Abstract of the foreign tra

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WEST.

CLASS OF TELEGRAMS.	*Vid* TEHERAN.		*Vid* TURKEY.		PERSIAN GULF.		*Vid* SUEZ.	
	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Va
INDIAN.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Sent ... State ...	1,666	206	631	166	28,202	6,402	204,693	18,3
Sent ... Private ...	1,367,983	3,43,889	15,031	3,983	25,013	5,910	984,182	2,41,3
Received State ...	20,830	4,283	884	183	35,675	7,492	96,550	7,6
Received Private ...	890,868	1,51,287	23,194	4,619	13,855	2,982	1,212,684	2,07,2
TOTAL ...	2,281,347	4,99,665	39,740	8,951	102,745	22,786	2,498,109	4,74,6
TRANSIT.								
From East to West—								
Received *Vid* Madras ...	32,200	6,505	1,423	299	950	199	1,732,983	3,44,1
Received From Ceylon ...	35,046	6,446	102	20	677	166	150,460	25,0
Received *Vid* Moulmein ...	4,294	1,932	261	118	...	...	71,351	31,6
Received *Vid* Bhamo ...	30	7	...	...	...	...	73	
From West to East—								
Sent *Vid* Madras ...	42,642	8,903	13,945	2,928	77	16	2,062,754	3,854
Sent To Ceylon ...	55,282	9,555	1,921	322	722	152	120,327	19
Sent *Vid* Moulmein ...	3,545	1,595	3,078	1,385	...	...	61,246	27,
Sent *Vid* Bhamo ...	...	...	67	14	...	...	...	...
From West to West—								
Received *Vid* Bombay ...	...	...	1,177	247	16,229	3,408	...	...
Sent ... *Vid* Bombay ...	22,817	4,567	2,051	431	1,616	299	...	...
From East to East—								
Received *Vid* Madras ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received From Ceylon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received *Vid* Moulmein ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received *Vid* Bhamo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	195,856	39,510	24,025	5,764	20,271	4,240	4,199,194	8,34

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EAST.

...d Amur.		Vid Madras.		Ceylon.		Vid Moulmein.		Vid Bhamo.		Total.	
...ds.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.	Words.	Indian Value.
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
	...	18,811	3,799	7,356	1,064	467	227	1,340	146	263,166	30,370
20	6	505,207	1,97,888	796,929	91,611	34,201	11,851	5,495	884	3,734,161	8,97,343
	...	12,960	3,544	41,979	6,299	84	37	1,925	174	210,887	29,707
	...	388,847	1,44,742	936,977	97,740	20,028	8,862	3,057	332	3,489,510	6,17,816
20	6	925,925	3,49,973	1,783,241	1,96,714	54,780	20,977	11,817	1,536	7,697,724	15,75,236
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,767,556	3,51,107
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	186,285	32,625
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75,906	33,744
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	22
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,119,418	3,97,797
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	178,252	29,050
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67,869	30,672
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	14
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,406	3,655
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,484	5,297
	...	...	...	55,461	17,982	7,835	3,026	6	1	63,302	21,009
	...	52,334	20,816	...	...	1,048	544	378	107	53,760	21,467
	...	3,765	1,694	1,666	825	...	...	...	...	5,431	2,519
	...	39	8	30	13	...	...	...	...	69	21
	...	56,138	22,518	57,157	18,820	8,883	3,570	384	108	4,561,908	9,28,999
									TOTAL ...	12,259,632	25,04,235
									Adjustments ...	...	—2,07,014
									NET ...	12,259,632	22,97,221

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Showing the growth of the Telegraph Department o

NOTE.—The figures for each year from 1850-51 to 190

(Refer

Year.	Miles of		Number of offices.			Number of paid messages.									
						Foreign.			Inland.			Total.			Tot[illegible]
	Line.	Wire, including cable.	Departmental.	Postal combined.	Total.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	
1854-55 ...	3,255	3,314	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1859-60 ...	10,589	10,944	131	...	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1864-65 ...	13,258	14,137	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1869-70 ...	13,793	21,378	190	...	190	...	43,291	...	39,403	371,924	...	39,403	415,215	...	[illegible]
1874-75 ...	16,155	33,347	216	...	216	1,305	100,338	...	77,226	658,522	...	78,531	754,654	4,206	[illegible]
1879-80 ...	20,520	52,914	262	...	262	3,271	231,287	...	290,622	1,037,330	...	293,894	1,268,267	7,350	[illegible]
1884-85 ...	25,387	75,115	254	267	521	6,088	359,352	877	286,966	1,351,818	12,996	293,054	1,711,170	13,873	[illegible]
1889-90 ...	35,279	166,369	248	632	880	5,947	438,313	3,224	493,442	2,166,856	24,789	499,389	2,605,169	28,013	[illegible]
1894-9 ...	44,648	138,526	253	1,109	1,362	6,804	564,202	3,094	585,571	3,205,353	26,202	592,375	3,769,555	29,296	[illegible]
1895-96 ...	46,374	143,188	253	1,208	1,461	6,985	631,390	3,422	603,366	3,466,679	24,892	610,351	4,098,069	28,314	[illegible]
1896-97 ...	48,584	148,404	247	1,316	1,563	8,722	678,433	3,661	599,890	3,760,476	26,462	608,612	4,438,909	30,063	[illegible]
1897-98 ...	50,305	155,088	257	1,377	1,634	9,896	730,401	5,278	860,382	4,071,360	35,910	870,278	4,801,761	41,188	[illegible]
1898-99 ...	51,768	160,925	247	1,472	1,719	9,726	738,807	4,253	659,304	3,998,166	38,314	669,030	4,736,973	42,567	[illegible]
1899-1900 ...	52,909	171,049	239	1,612	1,851	11,669	816,300	6,584	702,055	4,655,527	45,226	713,724	5,471,827	51,750	[illegible]
1900-01 ...	53,653	182,179	248	1,691	1,939	17,423	876,475	6,038	805,216	4,701,458	42,721	822,639	5,577,934	48,799	[illegible]
1901-02 ...	55,827	190,887	241	1,765	2,006	16,154	886,834	5,606	802,988	4,727,176	36,787	819,142	5,614,010	42,393	[illegible]
1902-03 ...	56,830	200,333	245	1,806	2,051	16,544	878,722	6,170	858,864	4,039,127	42,667	875,408	5,817,849	48,837	[illegible]
1903-04 ...	59,692	213,330	268	1,859	2,127	16,296	890,440	6,564	812,490	5,512,208	39,089	828,786	6,439,648	45,653	[illegible]
1904-05 ...	61,684	227,749	272	1,917	2,189	16,942	990,477	8,022	801,170	7,241,710	40,024	818,112	8,237,187	48,046	[illegible]
1905-06 ...	64,730	243,840	280	2,029	2,309	15,963	1,082,937	7,934	857,606	8,452,806	43,871	873,569	9,535,743	51,805	[illegible]
1906-07 ...	67,587	259,948	280	2,158	2,438	15,859	1,162,660	7,160	891,145	9,248,492	59,850	907,004	10,411,152	67,010	[illegible]
1907-08 ...	68,940	271,944	279	2,265	2,544	16,361	1,219,767	7,408	968,418	10,473,913	64,056	984,779	11,693,680	71,464	[illegible]

IX D.

ts operations from 1850-51 to 1907-08.

e given in the Administration Report for 1904-05.

paragraphs 2 to 8 and 59.)

Number of News-free, etc., messages.	VALUE OF PAID MESSAGES.										Pro formâ value of News-free, etc., messages.	Year.
	Foreign.			Inland.			Total.			Total value of paid messages.		
	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	24,050	40,760	...	24,050	40,760	...	64,810	...	1854-55.
...	...	...	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	1,15,980	4,10,210	...	5,26,190	...	1859-60
...	...	...	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	1,13,818	7,92,558	...	9,06,376	10,048	1864-65.
3,595	...	2,55,253	...	1,36,760	7,38,967	...	1,36,760	9,94,220	...	11,31,980	35,490	1869-70.
7,565	11,053	5,74,675	...	2,57,315	10,73,835	...	2,68,368	16,30,690	17,840	19,16,878	1,58,670	1874-75.
3,896	49,232	9,79,809	...	11,83,636	15,32,853	...	12,33,868	24,62,164	51,498	37,48,530	1,13,973	1879-80.
1,683	53,493	12,73,315	3,938	6,63,648	14,55,286	49,547	7,16,141	27,28,601	53,285	34,98,027	29,349	1884-85.
2,464	45,244	17,38,047	18,175	9,46,586	21,99,087	79,213	9,99,830	39,37,134	97,388	50,26,352	45,363	1889-90.
6,546	56,993	19,97,375	18,678	11,52,852	31,13,170	1,02,804	12,09,845	51,10,545	1,21,482	64,41,872	1,14,572	1894-95.
8,189	63,270	22,55,482	19,864	12,61,667	33,79,148	96,168	13,24,937	56,34,630	1,16,032	70,75,599	1,14,226	1895-96.
8,586	67,520	20,83,783	2,330	11,23,509	36,37,482	1,00,939	11,91,029	57,21,265	1,21,269	70,33,563	1,23,908	1896-97.
10,386	85,305	20,88,619	33,046	29,08,173	38,14,899	1,58,691	29,93,478	59,03,518	1,71,737	90,68,733	1,32,720	1897-98.
8,772	58,072	19,50,970	21,309	13,60,685	35,30,653	1,43,068	14,18,757	54,81,623	1,64,377	70,64,757	1,21,225	1898-99.
9,262	80,922	21,14,782	32,286	16,63,062	42,59,729	1,57,502	17,43,984	63,74,511	1,89,788	83,08,183	1,36,767	1899-1900.
11,906	1,40,076	23,85,596	31,379	22,99,777	42,64,148	1,46,017	24,39,853	66,49,744	1,78,396	92,67,893	1,92,226	1900-01.
12,460	1,21,545	23,17,494	26,851	20,54,210	40,24,897	1,46,699	21,75,755	63,42,391	1,73,550	86,91,696	1,58,232	1901-02.
12,105	1,10,218	19,59,836	30,998	21,53,612	41,95,642	1,74,452	22,63,830	61,55,478	2,05,450	85,24,758	1,82,716	1902-03.
11,303	1,15,600	19,64,554	28,454	18,14,954	44,11,851	1,43,732	19,30,554	63,76,405	1,72,186	84,79,145	1,63,076	1903-04.
10,960	1,18,023	22,22,835	42,003	15,87,734	47,46,565	93,449	17,05,757	69,69,400	1,35,452	88,10,608	1,18,791	1904-05.
13,689	73,426	22,00,853	41,523	16,01,954	52,11,797	1,16,799	16,75,380	74,12,650	1,58,322	92,46,352	1,47,957	1905-06.
23,020	54,249	21,51,852	38,191	16,06,130	55,02,496	1,64,986	16,60,379	76,54,348	2,03,177	95,17,904	1,62,688	1906-07.
26,239	60,078	21,05,455	41,689	16,64,598	58,93,888	1,77,597	17,24,676	80,89,343	2,19,286	1,00,33,305	2,20,909	1907-08.

APPENDIX D—*concld.*

Year.	Capital Expenditure. During the year.	Capital Expenditure. To end of year.	Receipts.	Working expenses.	Net revenue.	Interest charges.	Percentage of net revenue on Capital outlay.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. (At 5 %)	Rs.	
1854-55	6,54,320	18,92,180	64,810	92,450	—28,640	78,251	..	
1859-60	5,17,570	61,60,450	5,27,470	10,36,290	—5,31,810	2,95,083	...	
1864-65	15,77,950	1,32,40,800	9,26,210	15,23,670	—5,97,460	6,22,591 (At 4½ %)	...	
1869-70	10,15,900	2,29,67,260	12,29,760	27,30,560	—15,00,800	10,10,669	...	
1874-75	11,68,010	2,93,84,630	22,78,210	25,69,050	—2,90,840	12,96,028	...	
1879-80	5,40,921	2,46,60,722	42,51,446	29,09,992	13,41,454	15,22,455 (At 4 %)	5·34	
1884-85	34,60,360	3,53,79,918	47,27,143	35,59,225	11,67,918	13,45,989	3·30	
1889-90	17,18,969	4,82,73,096	66,30,978	45,36,446	20,94,532	18,96,544	4·34	
1894-95	7,83,307	5,73,84,296	80,39,675	57,93,218	23,46,457	22,79,706	4·09	
1895-96	13,84,286	5,87,68,582	80,74,949	57,83,731	31,91,218	23,23,057	5·43	
1896-97	17,30,812	6,04,99,394	89,64,400	62,15,068	27,49,332	23,85,359	4·54	
1897-98	24,37,040	6,29,36,434	1,09,25,677	62,66,575	46,59,102	24,68,716	7·40	
1898-99	22,79,121	6,52,15,555	89,94,718	64,13,237	25,81,481	25,63,039	3·96	
1899-1900	24,48,524	6,76,64,079	1,03,65,897	67,16,372	36,49,525	26,57,592	5·39	
1900-01	32,59,337	7,09,23,416	1,14,98,682	70,84,371	44,14,311	† 27,67,676	6·22	
1901-02	37,16,122	7,46,39,538	1,11,14,161	75,50,075	35,64,086	28,98,465	4·77	
1902-03	49,29,177	7,95,68,715	1,12,40,882	79,34,730	33,06,152	30,60,565	4·15	
1903-04	36,69,442	8,32,38,157	1,11,27,986	80,74,169	30,53,817	32,21,789	3·67	
1904-05	41,22,308	8,73,60,465	1,15,97,897	82,03,715	33,94,182	33,67,884	3·88	
1905-06	57,07,114	9,30,67,579	1,22,34,172	89,85,785	32,48,387	35,52,186	3·49	
1906-07	56,96,970	9,87,64,550	1,25,78,846	96,63,075	29,15,771	37,66,013	2·95	
1907-08	40,91,173	10,28,55,723	1,33,57,574	‡ 1,12,86,167	20,71,406	39,49,540	2·01	

* Difference of Rs. 94,42,071 in total Capital expenditure to the end of the year is due to revision of the Capital account in July 1881.

† Interest at 4 per cent. on outlay up to 31st March 1900, and at 3½ per cent. on outlay subsequent to that date, *vide* Public Works Department, India, No. 5[illegible] dated 14th May 1901.

‡ Pensionary Charges added from 1907-08.

APPENDIX E.

owing the working expenses per telegram, under Signalling and Line maintenance and the average value of a paid telegram from 1891-92 to 1907-08.

(Referred to in paragraph 6.)

Year.	Totals in lakhs.				Working expenses per message.			Average value of a paid telegram.
	Number of paid messages.	Working expenses.						
		Signalling.	Line maintenance.	Total.	Signalling.	Line maintenance.	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
891-92	38·09	10·53	41·32	51·85	·276	1·085	1·361	1·491
892-93	39·81	11·85	43·39	55·24	·298	1·089	1·387	1·448
893-94	41·85	12·05	44·71	56·76	·288	1·068	1·356	1·450
894-95	43·91	14·12	50·77	64·89	·321	1·156	1·477	1·467
895-96	47·37	13·33	49·89	63·22	·281	1·053	1·334	1·493
896-97	50·77	15·07	52·86	67·93	·296	1·041	1·337	1·385
897-98	57·13	14·72	55·39	70·11	·258	·969	1·227	1·587
898-99	54·49	14·98	56·70	71·68	·275	1·040	1·315	1·296
899-00	62·37	16·56	57·97	74·53	·265	·929	1·194	1·332
900-01	64·49	16·30	61·83	78·13	·253	·958	1·211	1·437
901-02	64·75	17·69	64·15	81·84	·273	·990	1·263	1·342
902-03	67·42	17·50	68·12	85·62	·259	1·010	1·269	1·280
903-04	73·07	17·60	70·50	88·10	·241	·964	1·205	1·160
904-05	90·98	17·28	71·75	89·03	·190	·788	·978	·968
905-06	104·61	17·31	79·67	96·98	·165	·762	·927	·884
906-07	113·85	18·40	86·91	105·31	·161	·763	·924	·836
907-08	127·50	23·19	98·13	121·32	·182	·769	·951	·786

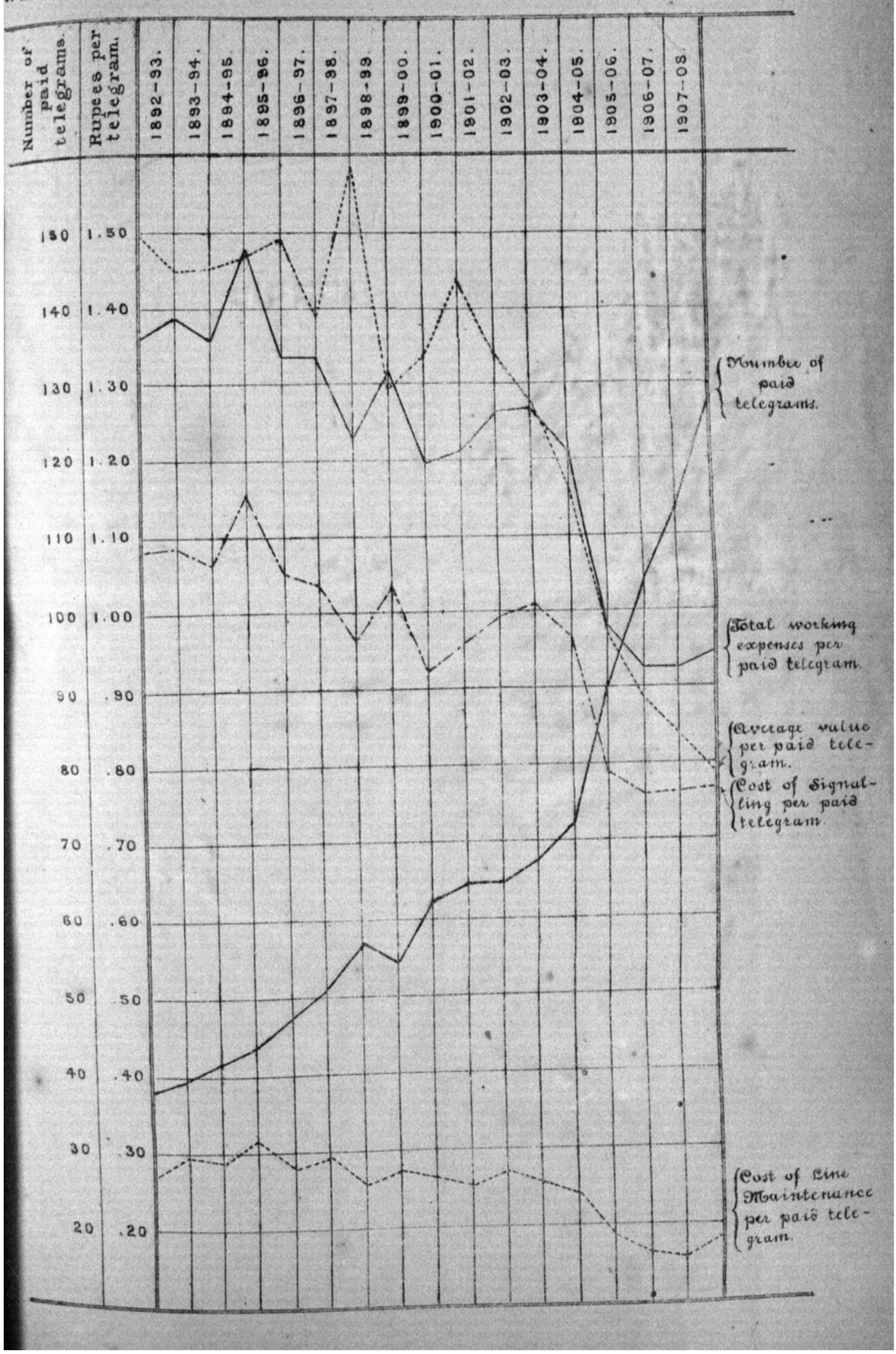
N. B.—Charges not properly debitable to Signalling are excluded and "Interest charges," given on page 24, have been taken into account in calculating the working expenses connected with the handling of message traffic.

N

DIAGRAM

SHEWING

FOR EACH YEAR, FROM 1892–93 TO 1907–08, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS, THE WORKING EXPENSES, AND THE AVERAGE VALUE OF A TELEGRAM (REFERRED TO IN PARA 6).



Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD).

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1907.	During official year 1907-08.	Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
			1907.	1908.	12th October 1907.	10th October 1908.	1907.	1908.	12th October 1907.	10th October 1908.			12th October 1907.	10th October 1908.		
	R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
5′ 6″ gauge.																
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	244	264	2,038	2,123	5,48,510	3,97,000	269	187	70,90,046	60,78,000	...	10,21,946	1,47,74,177	1,29,93,000	...	17,81,177
Bezwada extension	267	288	21	21	5,636	2,500	268	119	73,308	79,400	6,092	...	1,56,176	1,80,000	23,824	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. V.-Wadhwan section 3′ 3½″ gauge)	688	790	504	504	3,69,078	3,54,000	732	702	46,08,615	42,08,000	...	4,00,615	1,09,92,958	1,02,88,000	...	7,04,958
Nagda-Muttra	29	37	101	129	3,566	3,600	35	26	(a) 34,453	60,800	26,347	...	(a) 34,453	1,42,000	1,07,547	...
Eastern Bengal (incldg. 3′ 3½″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	442	399	1,268	1,274	6,90,091	5,90,000	544	463	82,35,385	77,74,000	...	4,61,385	1,35,82,108	1,35,11,000	...	71,108
East Indian	635	681	2,321	2,328	16,29,002	13,00,000	702	601	2,20,35,166	2,20,92,000	56,834	...	4,32,68,541	4,27,42,000	...	5,26,541
Great Indian Peninsula	551	626	1,569	1,606	7,53,713	6,83,000	480	425	1,00,36,817	89,85,000	...	10,51,817	2,45,60,239	2,07,20,000	...	38,40,239
Agra-Delhi Chord	230	233	126	126	24,609	21,300	195	169	3,73,693	3,77,000	3,307	...	7,50,304	7,96,000	45,636	...
Baran Kotah (b)	...	...	...	13	...	200	...	15		2,000	2,000	...	...	2,000	2,000	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	226	257	914	916	1,75,169	1,50,000	192	164	28,40,723	21,38,000	...	7,02,723	64,86,348	50,41,000	...	14,45,348
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3½″ gauge lines)	207	220	2,883	2,838	5,68,750	5,23,000	197	184	87,64,783	76,69,000	...	10,95,783	1,81,57,517	1,61,73,000	...	19,84,517
North-Western (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	387	371	3,614	3,614	13,70,677	11,51,000	382	318	2,28,69,376	1,52,23,000	...	76,46,376	4,01,80,410	2,97,76,000	...	1,07,04,410
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. C.-Burhwal 3′ 3½″ link)	261	269	1,298	1,298	3,18,438	2,48,000	245	191	49,99,872	37,68,000	...	12,31,872	97,03,299	82,46,000	...	14,57,299
Hardwar-Dehra	236	235	32	32	7,958	5,300	249	166	1,01,697	81,400	...	20,297	2,08,210	1,94,000	...	14,210
3′ 3½″ gauge.																
Assam-Bengal	127	121	771	771	1,20,625	81,000	156	105	14,35,656	12,14,000	...	2,21,656	25,42,183	23,15,000	...	2,27,183
Bezwada-Masulipatam (c)	...	...	...	49		4,000	...	82	...	71,700	71,700	...	...	1,60,000	1,60,000	...
Burma	203	210	1,474	1,475	2,60,505	2,60,000	177	176	35,40,775	39,61,000	4,20,225	...	78,34,024	88,00,000	9,65,976	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	121	128	124	124	19,220	10,000	155	81	2,17,302	1,64,000	...	53,302	4,34,088	3,64,000	...	70,088
Lucknow-Bareilly	137	148	200	200	25,699	18,700	128	93	3,94,660	3,12,000	...	82,660	8,59,624	7,53,000	...	1,06,624
Palanpur-Deesa	44	50	17	17	752	500	44	53	9,260	7,800	...	1,460	21,815	23,400	1,585	...
Rajputana-Malwa (including Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda 5′ 6″ gauge)	267	282	1,909	1,914	5,18,559	3,83,000	272	200	76,29,330	52,55,000	...	23,74,330	1,54,06,015	1,17,81,000	...	36,25,015
South Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	217	235	1,330	1,386	2,87,243	3,69,000	216	266	42,43,420	52,23,000	9,79,571	...	82,81,026	1,03,25,000	20,43,974	...
Tanjore District Board	112	121	103	103	11,368	10,300	110	100	1,67,324	1,76,000	8,676	...	3,54,230	3,66,000	11,770	...
Travancore Branch	115	110	108	108	12,106	11,400	112	106	1,64,995	1,72,000	7,005	...	3,23,186	3,31,000	7,814	...
Tirhoot State	197	212	690	774	1,31,096	1,02,000	190	133	15,90,124	17,67,000	1,76,876	...	37,08,603	41,23,000	4,14,397	...
2′ 6″ gauge. Jorhat	57	59	32	30	1,342	2,200	42	73	26,953	28,300	1,347	...	50,569	50,800	231	...
Total	[illegible]	247	23,447	23,783	78,62,713	67,81,400	335	[illegible]	11,14,03,642	9,68,87,400	...	1,46,06,242	22,29,70,163	20,01,96,200	...	2,27,73,963

2' 6" gauge	Bhopal-Ujjain	113	129	114	114	16,189	11,400	80	100	1,93,092	1,76,000	...	23,092	4,47,297	3,88,000	...	59,297
	Bina-Goona-Baran	65	73	148	148	12,741	6,700	86	45	1,00,903	65,800	...	95,103	3,28,819	2,20,000	...	1,08,819
	Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	261	258	162	162	53,688	37,700	331	233	5,86,941	5,18,000	...	68,941	11,48,838	10,94,000	...	54,838
	Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	97	97	16	16	1,890	1,500	118	94	19,147	22,300	3,153	...	38,314	46,700	8,386	...
	Kolar Gold-fields	405	383	10	10	2,849	4,100	285	410	60,520	44,800	...	15,720	1,11,714	95,200	...	16,514
	Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	156	154	79	79	12,922	10,600	164	134	1,78,191	1,73,000	...	5,191	3,48,770	3,60,000	11,230	...
	Nagda-Ujjain	91	109	34	34	2,492	2,000	73	59	47,952	35,900	...	12,052	1,13,402	92,000	...	21,402
	Nizam's Guaranteed State	277	289	334	334	92,557	46,300	277	139	11,82,983	9,37,000	...	2,45,983	24,89,319	22,46,000	...	2,43,319
	Petlad-Cambay	105	123	34	34	3,880	4,100	114	121	49,789	48,100	...	1,689	1,17,742	1,24,000	6,258	...
	Rajpura-Bhatinda	298	274	107	107	36,354	21,500	340	201	4,41,657	3,47,000	...	94,657	7,75,246	7,26,000	...	49,346
	Southern Punjab	249	229	425	425	1,30,144	72,200	306	170	14,68,660	9,56,000	...	5,12,660	25,09,669	18,75,000	...	6,34,669
	" " "Ludhiana" extension	122	112	155	155	23,383	18,900	151	122	3,00,683	2,21,000	...	79,683	5,09,492	4,30,000	...	79,492
	Tapti Valley	89	124	155	155	17,093	12,800	110	83	1,73,801	1,43,000	...	30,801	5,14,542	4,11,000	...	1,03,542
	Tariessur	161	323	22	22	6,4[illegible]6	6,200	292	282	85,301	86,800	1,499	...	1,91,109	1,88,000	...	3,109
3' 3⅜" gauge	Ahmedabad-Dholka	60	68	34	34	1,900	1,500	56	44	28,527	24,200	...	4,327	63,943	65,400	1,457	...
	Ahmedabad-Parantij	83	95	55	55	4,442	4,200	81	76	60,504	56,000	...	4,504	1,37,533	1,49,000	11,467	...
	Bengal and North-Western	142	163	1,015	1,017	1,38,531	95,000	136	93	19,60,743	16,60,000	...	3,00,743	46,77,959	38,94,000	...	7,83,959
	Bengal Dooars	139	130	153	153	22,602	21,300	148	139	3,08,731	2,97,000	...	11,731	5,45,788	5,20,000	...	25,788
	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	100	118	455	450	42,511	40,600	93	88	5,88,882	6,05,000	17,118	...	14,26,669	15,24,000	97,331	...
	Birur-Shimoga	60	73	38	38	2,310	2,400	61	63	35,434	37,600	2,166	...	78,167	77,200	...	967
	Dhuru-Sadiya	260	257	78	78	18,475	20,200	237	259	2,93,018	2,85,000	...	8,018	5,51,740	5,50,000	...	1,740
	Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	69	78	134	134	10,708	10,000	80	75	1,26,638	1,18,000	...	8,638	2,99,823	2,98,000	...	1,823
	Hindupur	118	126	51	51	6,003	6,500	118	127	86,340	75,700	...	10,640	1,87,184	1,53,000	...	34,184
	Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	118	100	392	392	38,424	26,500	98	68	5,32,201	5,56,000	23,739	...	15,52,393	14,87,000	...	65,393
	Jaipur	48	42	32	73	1,152	1,100	36	15	15,233	23,000	7,767	...	32,500	54,000	21,420	...
	Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	80	709	709	50,623	38,700	71	55	7,28,345	5,54,000	...	1,74,345	16,01,081	13,54,000	...	2,47,081
	Kolhapur	99	130	29	29	2,162	3,400	75	117	41,824	51,400	9,576	...	99,196	1,14,000	14,804	...
	Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi 2' 6" gauge)	86	92	95	93	9,075	7,200	96	77	1,13,536	1,26,000	12,464	...	2,29,862	2,83,000	53,138	...
	Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	120	121	51	51	7,767	7,000	152	130	95,309	95,900	591	...	1,67,954	1,81,000	13,046	...
	Mysore-Nanjangud	46	52	16	16	558	700	35	44	9,326	14,400	5,074	...	20,136	29,500	9,364	...
	Rohilkund and Kumaon	151	147	130	214	23,257	24,900	179	116	3,33,480	3,13,000	...	20,480	6,65,489	6,85,000	18,511	...
	Sangli	80	112	5	5	305	700	61	140	5,377	8,700	3,323	...	14,559	18,900	4,341	...
	Shoranur-Cochin	118	126	65	65	8,100	7,500	125	115	1,01,784	1,04,000	2,216	...	2,17,275	2,11,000	...	6,275
	Udaipur-Chitor	61	70	67	67	4,193	3,300	63	49	63,246	47,400	...	15,846	1,37,915	1,25,000	...	12,915
2' 6" gauge	Barsi	116	125	78	78	5,577	6,700	71	86	1,31,822	98,900	...	34,922	2,86,023	2,23,000	...	63,023
	Cooch-Behar	105	102	34	34	3,832	3,700	113	109	45,881	49,100	3,219	...	85,387	99,300	13,913	...
	Gaekwar's Dabhoi	73	96	94	94	7,2[illegible]8	5,400	77	57	85,092	79,000	...	6,092	2,45,773	2,42,000	...	3,773
	Rajpipla	32	43	37	37	1,099	900	30	24	16,6[illegible]8	14,300	...	2,388	44,227	39,000	...	5,227
2' 0" gauge	Darjeeling-Himalayan	355	350	51	51	19,605	22,000	334	431	2,44,859	2,56,000	11,141	...	5,15,700	5,43,000	27,300	...
	TOTAL	140	150	5,721	5,853	8,40,755	6,20,400	147	106	1,10,69,172	93,77,700	...	16,91,472	2,36,27,106	2,13,17,000	...	23,10,106
	GRAND TOTAL	293	308	29,168	29,636	87,02,938	74,01,800	298	250	12,25,62,814	10,62,65,100	...	1,62,97,714	24,65,97,269	22,15,13,200	...	2,50,84,069

(a) From 15th July 1907.
(b) Opened from 1st July 1908.
(c) Opened from 4th February 1908.

M. S. O'CONNOR,
for Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 44 } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1908.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI

MAIZE
GRAM AND PULSE
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW

SALT
TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar	
	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907
Burma*—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	47·41	46·04	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	34·59	35·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	44·14	39·02	55·65	55·65	...	...		...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Rangoon	...	...	40·51	24·06	58·72	27·83	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	45·07	36·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	47·06	45·71	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Henzada	...	...	44·14	38·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	...	...	48·12	38·79	55·65	50·79	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	41·29	38·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—												
Akyab	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Eastern Bengal and Assam*—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	45	47·5	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	50	56·25	47·5	47·5		...	25	22·5		...
Central—												
Patna	...	...	48·75	60	...	...		...		...	...	...
Northern—												
Rangpur	...	...	67·5	60	50	46·25	...		...			...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpára	25	31·25	52·5	51·87	...			...	...	...		
Gauhati	27·5 to 30	30	45 to 51·25	45	...	...	...	...		...		...
Bengal*—												
Deltaic—												
Midnapur	...	...	56·25	53·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta		...	61·25	62·5	52·5	43·75	...	...	37·5	35	...	
Central—												
Bardwan	...	...	55	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Cuttack	...	...	53·33	43·33	50·78	44·22	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—												
Patna	...	...	55	47·5	43·75	36·87	...	...	28·12	27·5	...	25·62
Bihár, north—												
Bhágalpur	...	...	52·5	45·16	48·75	39·69	...	...	38·12	28·75	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	66·56	40	50	36·25	...	...	30·78	22·19	...	
United Provinces—												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Benares	31·93	29·32	54·27	51·93	48·12	41·93	56·41	48·91	33·33	34·27	...	...
Central—												
Cawnpore	26·67	28·59	50	47·03	45·73	40	50	44·43	32·66	29·63	32·66	29·11
Jhánsi	...	...	66·72	61·56	48·44	41·25	...	...	33·66	24·84	39·06	27·08
Western—												
Meerut	25	...	57·19	62·19	43·28	38·12	48·44	45·62	28·59	29·53	28·59	...
Agra	50	30·78	80	74·43	47·03	39·01	57·19	45·73	30·47	29·11	34·74	27·13
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	25	28·12	...		44·37	36·35	...	...	29·63	26·25	...	28·12
(b) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Lucknow	28·59	28·59	50	60	44·53	42·08	50	50	30	30	28·75	30
Northern—												
Fyzabad	28·75	32·03	69·37	59·37	44·37	41·25	...	...	31·87	30	...	31·25

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Bajra		Ragi		Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Linseed		Districts
1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	40·76	40·76	50	50	...	...	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	24·71	...	47·76	22·54	63·37	27·59	...	...	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	...	...	...	...	...	56·64	40·76	...	...	...	...	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	..	..	...	...	...	53·78	42·11	46·72	46·72	...	...	Henzada
...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Toungoo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	21·05	...	45·71	35·75	60·95	54·24	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	35·16	35·36	...	...	...	...	Pakôkku
												Arakan—
...	..	...	...	...	...	62·75	46·38	72·73	66·67	...	...	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	60	40	70	55	...	...	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	48·75	40	57·5	47·5	...	...	Dacca
												Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	50	40	...	...	51·25	45	Pabna
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	50	37·5	45†	57·5	...	...	Rangpur
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gauhati
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	...	50 to 55	35 to 40	60 to 62·5	52·5	52·5	47·5	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	45	32·5	47·5	32·5	55	50	55	52·5	Calcutta
												Central—
..	...	...	.	...	...	48·75	35	61·25	47·5	...	...	Bardwan
												Orissa—
...	..	...	...	...		42·08	38·12	38·07	30·47	..	...	Cuttack
												Bihár, south—
..	...	...	...	31·87	23·75	41·25	27·5	43·75	42·5	57·5	55	Patna
												Bihár, north—
...	...		...	31·35	25·62	48·12	31·72	55·16	45·31	52·5	53·12	Bhágalpur
...	...	30·78	19·06	33·28	22·19	44·37	30·78	57·19	44·37	...	...	Muzaffarpur
												United Provinces—
												(*a*) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	31·93	...		...	31·93	44·43	32·6	50·57	44·58	48·91	52·4	Benares
												Central—
31·98	29·11	...	...	22·19	...	42·08	29·11	47·03	35·57	53·33	45·73	Cawnpore
...	26·25	...	...	32·66	...	45·62	30	.	...	...	...	Jhánsi
												Western—
...	...	..		29·69	...	39·06	30·78	54·53	...	...	...	Meerut
34·74	24·63	...	...	28·12	...	40·31	29·9	55·8	48·49	80	66·67	Agra
												Submontane, west—
...	...	..	...	25	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	Shahjahánpur
												(*b*) Oudh—
												Southern—
30	30		...	25	...	42·08	30·73	...	...	53·33	47·03	Lucknow
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	28·75	...	43·12	30·73	...		...	...	Fyzabad

† In husk

4

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*continued*

Districts	Mustard and rapeseed		Sesamum (*Til* or *jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf	
	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·92	17·53	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·51	20·51	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·77	18·77	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Rangoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·02	18·6	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·54	22·46	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·61	22·61	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Henzada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·19	24·81	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·62	24·62	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·53	22·54	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·54	22·61	...	...
Arakan—												
Akyab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·57	25	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	67·5	70	...	...	400	480	50	65	16·25	16·25	50	55
Dacca	...	...	...	...	415	470	70	60	20	22·5	125	65
Central—												
Pabna	67·5	68·75	...	...	650	650	46·25	55	20	20	116·25	82·5
Northern—												
Rangpur	65	65	...	...	450	460	62·5	55	22·5	27·5	80	69
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	60	60	...	...	...	...	65	70	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	61·25	62·5	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Midnapur	75 and 77·5	57·5 and 72·5	...	...	390 to 410	450 to 480	70 to 72·5	47·5 to 52·5	17·5	17·5	105 and 140	85 and 100
Calcutta	67·5	70	65	63·75	420	480	57·5	50	19·37	19·37	82·5	80
Central—												
Bardwan	70	70	...	...	380	475	62·5	60	17·5	17·5	...	...
Orissa—												
Cuttack	68·12	63·91	65	60·94	475·62	457·19	52·34	43·75	14·37	14·37	100	60
Bihár, south—												
Patna	70	67·5	70	70	320 to 350	410	70 to 75	40	20	20	25 to 50	23·12
Bihár, north—												
Bhágalpur	61·87 and 65	61·25	...	...	430	460·62	45	45	19·06	19·06	100	80
Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	355·62	426·25	57·19	36·25	20	20·94	160	160
United Provinces—												
(*a*) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Benares	58·7	61·72	69·84	81·41	372·55	442·34	53·12	48·91	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Cawnpore	55·16	61·51	57·13	...	336·82	426·67	57·13	50	18·18	...	80	80
Jhánsi	...	...	...	...	316·25	375	66·72	64·06	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Meerut	...	...	...	...	320	473·75	...	...	18·12	...	...	...
Agra	53·12	69·58	100	...	310	412·92	63·75	59·27	...	...	130	120
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	...	...	...	...	350	420	...	...	20	...	...	...
(*b*) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Lucknow	66·25	61·51	...	...	35·5	435	55	57·5	...	...	...	60
Northern—												
Fyzabad	...	...	...	...	380	430	45	50	22·19	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Turmeric		Grass		Straw		Jawar stalks		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Districts
1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Toungoo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pakôkku
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dacca
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7·5	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pabna
												Northern—
...	...	3·75	2·5	10	8·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangpur
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gauhati
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	...	4·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	Midnapur
...	...	17·5	20	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	Calcutta
												Central—
...	...	...	...	5	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bardwan
												Orissa—
...	...	5	5	5·62	5·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuttack
												Bihár, south—
...	...	...	2·5	7·5	5·62	...	3·75	...	...	...	...	Patna
												Bihár, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffarpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Benares
												Central—
92·5	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	...	...	Cawnpore
...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jhánsi
												Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	...	...	Meerut
102·5	120	8·12	...	10	12·5	...	...	...	...	80	70 to 80	Agra
90 and 100	120 and 130	...	...	...	...	...	...	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	*Submontane, west—* Shahjahánpur
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
85	...	3·12	2·5	...	...	...	...	40	40	...	...	Lucknow
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	35	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*continued*

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR	
	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Ajmer	30·78	30·78	...		44·9	47·03	...		27·5	30·47	31·98	30·47
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Ferozpur	22·5	24·37	65	50	35	34·84	47·5	40	28·75	19·06	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	38·07	37·97	68·85	76·82	38·07	34·06	44·43	38·07	27·6	18·59	28·59	19·06
South-eastern—												
Delhi	36·35	28·59	50	53·33	44·43	40	50	47·03	28·59	26·67	28·02	25
Submontane—												
Amritsar	25	30·78	51·61	57·13	39·01	33·44	43·23	35·37	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	40	25	90	69·58	40·99	35·57	47·08	40	28·59	23·54	36·35	28·07
Western—												
Multan	26·56	27·66	...	44·37	40·94	36·25	...	...	28·59	21·41	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	...	...	51·46	57·5	45·52	40·62	...	...	...	32·19	38·23	27·19
Shikárpur	...	...	65·62	...	43·75	36·09	...	...	30·94	25·62	31·25	21·41
Quetta	...	...	...	...	43·75 to 45	30·62 to 33·12	77·5	53·12	35·94	26·25 to 26·87	33·44	23·75
Bombay—												
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	47·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·85	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·85	23·07
Poona	...	...	59·17	50	56·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	...	52·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	51·77	40·94	...	...	...	...	...	26·25
Gujarat—												
Surat	43·23	...	...	71·35	54·06	45·42	...	...	...	...	39·63	34·53
Ahmadabad	...	...	61·25	50	41·04	42·08	...	...	28·75	...	27·5	25·62
Central Provinces—*												
Western—												
Nagpur	...	...	42·25	42·25	51	35·25	61·5	38·25	...		33·62	30·37
Central—												
Jubbulpore	...	...	47	42	48·5	38	57·12	50	...	...	...	...
Eastern—												
Raipur	...	...	43	40	47·5	34·5	57	38	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Akola	...	...	54	43	49·62	37·62	...		...	...	26·25	24
Amráoti	...	...	58·62	41·25	57·12	33·25	60	43	...	...	38·62	21·25
Madras—												
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30·8	30·8
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	31·1	23·7
Cuddapah	39·7	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34·8	27·8
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
East Coast, south—												
Madras	35·5	31·8	58·1	53·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	35·5	32·2	56·2	55·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—												
Madura		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	31·9
Mysore—												
Mysore	36·25	28·23	57·6	48	61·53	47·6	82·29	64·27	...		25·71	20·96
Bangalore	26	22	64	56	58	48	67·76	59·27	...		66	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(*The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds*)

Districts	Bajra 1908	Bajra 1907	Ragi 1908	Ragi 1907	Maize 1908	Maize 1907	Gram 1908	Gram 1907	Arhar dal 1908	Arhar dal 1907	Linseed 1908	Linseed 1907
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Ajmer	35·47	32·03	...	...	27·5	29·63	42·19	32·03	...	...	72·66	61·56
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Ferozpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	24·22	66·25	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	36·35	22·86	...	...	32·08	24·22	35·52	21·93	57·13	53·33	51·61	48·49
South-eastern—												
Delhi	36·35	29·69	...	...	25·83	26·67	38·12	27·6	66·67	57·13	72·71	64·01
Submontane—												
Amritsar	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·01	25·78	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	36·35	28·59	...	...	36·35	24·22	40	28·07	65	57·13	47·03	50
Western—												
Multan	...	...	...		40·94	...	...	24·69		...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	28·75	25·62	...	...	...	...	42·66	31·25	58·75	45·83	...	
Shikárpur	27·5	21·87	...	...	...	...	42·5	28·12	...	55	...	
Quetta	...	...	...		30·31	21·25	...	...	67·5	65	...	...
Bombay—												
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	47·4	...	...	40·31	...	50·42
Poona	...	27·29	...	...	...	...	43·75	31·93	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	33·07	20·52	...	...	...	...	...	36·04	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	30·16		...	...	...	45·78	...	...	...	...	
Gujarat—												
Surat	41·09	30·26	...	...			51·87	45·42	...	46·15	...	...
Ahmadabad	34·79	30·73	...	...	...		42·08	28·54	62·5	47·5		
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nagpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	47·37	33·62	53	53	62	65
Central—												
Jubbulpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	42·12	29·62	57·12	50	53·37	47
Eastern—												
Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	29	52	39	...	...
Berar—												
Akola	...	...	...	...	...	...	48·12	34	58·25	50	...	...
Amráoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	31·25	52·37	44·75	69·25	70
Madras—												
South, central—												
Coimbatore	36·5	34·1	...	...	...	...	64·4	51·5	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	30·6	25·9	...	...	...	...	35·6	34·9	...	...
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	43·5	41·1	33·6	27·3	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnul	36·2	28·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Nellore	...	...	30·5	32	...	...	...	...	37·3	27·2	...	
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	49·6	38	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	27·6	28·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—												
Madura	30	33·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·9	...	...	...
Mysore—												
Mysore	...	...	27·25	22·85	...	...	22·29	20·4	62·69	57·15	...	...
Bangalore	...	...	29·5	28·5	...	...	31	29	74·5	64	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—*concluded*

Districts	Mustard and rapeseed		Sesamum (*Til* or *Jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gur*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf	
	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Ajmer	..	..	66·82	94·11	356·25	442·19	65·73	61·56	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Ferozpur	..		...	...	350	460	50	61·56	...		100	80
Central—												
Lahore	57·13	...	69·58	96·93	376·56	457·13	57·13	60·36	.	...	80	72·71
South-eastern—												
Delhi	61·56	66·67	88·91	88·75	376·56	512·03	53·33	53·33	.		94·11	88·91
Submontane—												
Amritsar	...	...	70	90	392·5	445	48·49	...	.		...	35
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	59·37	53·33	84·17	72·71	355·52	400	53·33	61·56		.	...	...
Western—												
Multan	66·72	66·56	80	94·06	...	...	...	...			...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	..	51·3	..	91·25	410	417·5	92·5	...		...	...	...
Shikárpur	..	63·12		...	385	426·25	51·25	48·12		..	...	...
Quetta	...		.	.	380 to 430	430 to 450	..	.		...	...	...
Bombay—												
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	...	450	66·93	69·01	.	...	141·67	...
Poona	...	...		.	414·01	...	...	...	..	...	...	91·25
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	71·25	94·48	..	...	..	...		...	...	...
Gujarat—												
Surat	...	...	72·08	100·88	410·83	454·06	...	64·84	..		...	...
Ahmadabad	...	..	...	...	380	420	77·5	70	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nagpur	.	..	86·62	97·37	466·62	566·62			21·62	22·5	100	116·62
Central—												
Jubbulpore	...	...	66·62	61·5	340	380	...		25	23·5	100	100
Eastern—												
Raipur	...	..	..	...	365	400	.	.	20	20	160	100
Berar—												
Akola	...	...	57·12	...	433·25	495	...	.	20	18·87	80·87	128
Amráoti	...	...	91	90·75	400	480·75	...	...	21	20	180	120
Madras—												
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	82·8	77·6	487·9	396·4	52·8	54·4	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	385·3	376·7	...	...	...	...	128·5	111·3
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	92·8	...	412·7	476·2	47·7	47·6	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	394·8	427·7	...	...	..	...	..	...
Karnul	..	..	..		..	..	...	...		...	74·1	74·1
East Coast, central—												
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	77·1	69·3	428	493·8	57·7	44·4	...	...	88·9	79
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	.	131	82·3
Southern—												
Madura	...	...	72·5	82·7	...	...	..	...	..	...	106·8	106·8
Mysore—												
Mysore	..	...	63·77	67·35	428·59	462·86	71·98	51·41	...	...	205·68*	205·68*
Bangalore	...	...	56	58	462·81	497·13	60	64·27	...	...	171·41*	205·68*

*Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Turmeric		Grass		Straw		Jawar stalks		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Districts
1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	1908	1907	
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	5·83	12·29	5·31	7·6	5·31	8·91	125	130	85	85	Ajmer
												Panjab—
												Southern—
92·5	...	6·72	3·28	10	5·62	...	...	60	60	90	90	Ferozpur
												Central—
133·33	133·33	8·91	10	14·37	7·6	...	...	180	150	200	100	Lahore
												South-eastern—
88·91	133·33	...	8·91	13·33	8	11·41	11·41	80	80	150	140	Delhi
												Submontane—
...	107·5	...	...	10	5	...	...	125	120	...	...	Amritsar
												Northern—
133·33	100	10	11·41	10	5	11·41	...	90	90	70	70	Rawalpindi
												Western—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Multan
												Sind and Baluchistan—
92·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147·5	157·5	...	119	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	7·81*	5·31*	...	...	120 to 220	100 to 200	...	...	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Deccan and Karnátak—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dharwar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ahmadnagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dhulia
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	11·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Surat
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ahmadabad
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
120	133·25	...	15	...	...	...	16	50	60	100	100	Nagpur
												Central—
100	106·62	10	8	...	...	...	...	55	55	70	60	Jubbulpore
												Eastern—
80	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	40	Raipur
												Berar—
88	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	60	60	75	Akola
130	120	5	5	...	...	...	...	50	50	70	75	Amráoti
												Madras—
												South, central—
64·1	102·4	...	...	...	...	4·1	4	...	...	...	50	Coimbatore
62·5	94·3	...	...	6·4	10·3	...	...	75†	75†	...	...	Salem
												Central—
...	...	...	...	...	...	8·7	6·9	80†	80†	100	100	Bellary
52·7	69·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
49·4	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
												East Coast, central—
...	...	...	...	3·6	2·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
59·3	85·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	61·25†	61·25†	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	5·4	5·4	...	...	...	...	40	40	Madura
												Mysore—
120	102·86	13·12	11·82	9·37	8·54	6·61	5·36	80	100	100	70	Mysore
120	120	3·65	4·43	7·34	5·88	...	...	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	Bangalore

* Bhusa † Sheep or goats

C. W. E. COTTON,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, October 30, 1908

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908 [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	9 15	9 15	11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	6 5	6 6	...	...	8 5	10 4	9 6	11 2	...	10 6	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	8 10	8 10	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	7 15	7 15	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	8 3	8 3	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Henzada	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 6	7 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	4 12	8 14	10 9	10 3	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 2	7 11	...	...	...	...
Bamo	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	10 5	10 4	10 5	10 5	16 5	16 4	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 2	11 10	12 6	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	...	...	...	...	7 —	5 —	7 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 4	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	5 8	5 8	12 5	12 5	...	...	7 6	7 4	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 8	8 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	8 —	8 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	7 14	7 14	13 8	15 —	...	...	6 6	6 9	...	...	...	...
Malda	8 8	8 4	10 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	8 4	9 3	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 6	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	7 12	7 12	9 9	...	...	...	7 —	6 2	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	7 14	8 —	...	...	4 14	4 14	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	6 —	5 8	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	5 5	5 5	...	...	5 13	6 2	7 11	7 7	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	9 —	6 8	...	...	22 —	22 —	24 —	24 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	...	...	...	4 4	4 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 8	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...

statethe number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 2	14 2	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Pegu
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 —	13 12	...	6 —	8 10	17 —	18 6	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	...	...	14 5	14 5	Tharawadi
...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	Henzada
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	7 14	7 14	16 2	16 2	Prome
...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	...	...	22 8	22 8	9 3	9 3	14 8	14 8	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	8 2	8 13	16 5	14 5	6 6	6 8	16 5	15 1	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 10	11 5	11 5	Bamo
...	...	...	...	10 6	12 6	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 7	21 9	21 1	9 3	9 3	16 2	16 3	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	5 8	6 —	24 —	23 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	6 6	6 2	17 12	17 12	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	20 —	20 —	Dacca
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	5 8	16 —	16 —	Faridpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	7 14	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	19 —	19 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 12	18 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	16 —	16 —	10 —	...	16 —	17 —	Malda
...	...	...	...	8 1	9 12	...	...	10 8	10 2	19 8	19 8	Bogra
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	17 —	17 —	Jalpaigori
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 14	6 9	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	...	...	8 —	8 2	18 —	18 —	Rangpur
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	15 —	16 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	7 1	7 7	...	...	6 10	6 10	19 —	19 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Khási and Jaintiá Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	4 8	10 —	9 —	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	...	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 —	8 —	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	6 —	6 4	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	16 —	16 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	7 6	7 2	...	...	6 4	6 4	14 —	14 —	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	7 —	7 12	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 9	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	7 4	7 6	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	7 12	7 8	12 —	10 12	...	...	6 4	6 14	...	...	...	...
Jessore	6 8	6 8	6 6	6 10	...	...	7 9	8 2	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 6	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 4	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 4	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	5 8	5 8	...	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 3	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...	7 11	6 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singhbhum	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	7 8	7 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ránchi	7 — to 7 8	6 12 to 7 —	6 12 to 7 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	...	...	...	...
Palámau	7 5	6 12	10 2	11 4	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	7 8	7 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—												
Monghyr	8 12	8 8	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Gaya	7 12	8 4	11 —	11 8	...	...	6 12	6 12	11 —	9 8	...	...
Patna	9 —	8 12	14 —	14 —	...	...	7 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	8 —	8 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Bihár, north—												
Purnea	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 11	...	...	...	...
Bhágalpur	8 2	8 4	10 8	11 7	...	...	6 14	6 15	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	7 11	7 11	11 —	11 —	...	...	5 8	6 9	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	8 —	8 —	13 —	12 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Sáran	9 —	8 12	12 —	13 8	...	...	7 —	7 14	...	...	...	...
Champáran	7 4	8 —	13 —	11 8	...	...	7 4	6 12	...	...	...	...
United Provinces:												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	7 8	8 —	11 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	7 12	8 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	9 —
Benares	7 13	8 8	11 2	11 11	5 2	5 7	6 12	6 12	10 9	10 9	10 13½	10 13½
Ghazipur	7 12	7 14	12 6	12 6	4 12	4 12	6 15	6 15	...	...	9 2	9 2
Jaunpur	8 —	8 4	12 4	13 4	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	7 8	7 8	11 12	12 4	4 —	4 —	...	...	11 —	10 8	11 8	10 8
Central—												
Bánda	8 8	8 8	10 8	10 8	3 5	3 8	8 —	8 —	10 4	10 4	...	...
Fatehpur	8 8	9 —	12 —	12 8	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	8 2	8 8	10 8	11 4	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 —	10 —	9 4	9 4	9 4
Jalaun	8 —	8 8	12 —	13 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Cawnpore	8 8	9 4	13 —	14 4	...	...	7 4	7 4	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Jhansi	8 —	8 6	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	10 —	10 —	...	...
Etáwah	8 14	9 4	12 14	13 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Farukhabad	8 14	9 3	13 2	14 8	4 4	4 4	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Mainpuri	9 8	9 12	14 —	14 8	5 —	5 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Etah	9 8	9 12	14 —	14 8	3 8	3 12	7 —	7 4	...	...	14 —	...
Western—												
Meerut	8 12	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 —	13 8	13 8	11 —	10 8
Agra	8 8	8 8	13 8	12 12	4 8	4 8	8 —	7 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	9 8
Muttra	9 —	9 —	14 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	10 —
Aligarh	9 8	9 8	14 8	14 —	3 —	4 —	5 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	14 —	12 —
Bulandshahr	8 12	9 8	12 —	12 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	8 —	8 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	8 —	8 —	12 12	11 8	4 4	4 4	7 4	7 4	12 8	10 8	10 —	9 —
Azamgarh	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 12	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	10 8	10 8	...	...
Gorakhpur	9 3	9 3	13 1	13 1	5 6	5 9	9 7	7 2	...	...	...	...
Basti	9 —	9 —	12 8	12 8	5 —	5 —	9 12	7 8	10 —	9 —	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	...	...	7 8	7 12	25 —	25 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	7 — to 8 —	7 — to 8 —	...	...	6 — to 7 —	5 8 to 6 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
				8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Howrah
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 10	8 10	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Calcutta
...	...	9 —	9 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	20 —	18 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 4	6 6	16 —	16 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	10 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Jessore
												Central—
				8 4	8 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Bankura
...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	6 7	6 8	21 —	20 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Murshidabad
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	18 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
												Hills—
				7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	5 4	5 4	13 8	13 8	Darjeeling
11 8	11 8	...	...									*Orissa—*
				8 13	8 13	...	...	6 3	6 3	25 —	25 —	Puri
...	...	...	...	9 8*	9 8*	...	...	10 8	10 8	22 —	22 —	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	7 12 to 9 —	7 12 to 9 2	...	...	6 8	6 8	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
												Chota Nagpur—
				7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Singhbhum
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	6 4	7 —	16 —	16 —	Mánbhum
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	5 — to 7 —	5 — to 7 —	17 —	17 —	Ránchi
10 —	10 —	...	...									
...	...	...	...	8 7	8 2	15 12	11 8	8 2	6 12	20 4	20 4	Palámau
13 —	11 8	...	...	8 4	8 —	13 —	9 8	6 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Bihár, south—
				9 8	9 8	12 —	11 —	7 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Monghyr
...	...	...	...									
13 —	12 8	10 —	10 8	8 8	9 —	11 12	11 —	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Gaya
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	12 4	12 —	9 —	8 8	19 —	19 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Shahabad
												Bihár, north—
				8 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	6 6	7 —	16 —	16 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	8 10	8 14	12 8	11 7	7 4	7 4	20 —	20 —	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	8 3½	8 12	11 —	11 —	7 11	7 11	19 12	19 12	Darbhanga
11 —	9 14	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	11 —	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
13 —	11 —	...	...	9 4	9 8	13 —	13 —	9 8	9 —	20 8	20 —	Sáran
14 —	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	12 —	10 8	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	Champáran
												United Provinces:
												(*a*) Agra—
												Eastern—
12 —	...	6 —	...	8 8	8 8	12 —	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	10 5	9 3	8 6	9 3	13 —	...	7 1	7 13	18 —	17 7	Benares
...	...	10 4	...	8 14	9 2	...	...	8 2	8 2	16 —	16 12	Ghazipur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 4	...	...	7 4	7 4	17 —	17 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 8	17 —	17 —	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 8	19 8	Bánda
17 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	12 8	...	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
24 —	...	18 —	18 —	8 8	9 8	...	...	7 4	7 —	18 —	17 4	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	Jalaun
...	...	18 —	18 —	9 —	9 8	17 8	18 —	8 4	8 8	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	8 12	9 —	12 —	...	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Jhansi
17 —	...	...	...	9 4	9 6	14 12	14 12	7 12	7 12	20 —	19 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	8 5	8 14	15 11	15 11	6 13	7 8	20 —	20 —	Farukhabad
...	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	18 —	19 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
22 —	22 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	18 —	18 4	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	9 12	10 —	13 —	13 —	7 4	7 4	21 8	22 8	Meerut
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 6	15 —	...	8 —	7 —	22 —	22 8	Agra
...	...	...	...	9 8	10 —	15 —	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Muttra
...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 4	16 8	15 8	7 —	6 8	22 —	22 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	15 8	6 8	6 8	19 —	19 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	8 12	8 12	8 8	9 6	14 —	10 12	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Ballia
...	...	...	...	8 10	8 10	16 —	16 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
13 2	...	14 1	9 6	8 5	9 3	13 —	16 4	8 7	8 12	16 12	16 6	Gorakhpur
15 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	8 12	8 12	14 —	14 —	7 12	7 12	19 —	19 —	Basti

* Kalai

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces— *continued*												
(a) Agra—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	9 —	9 8	13 8	14 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Budaun	9 2	9 2	13 4	12 12	4 —	4 —	6 12	6 3	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Pilibit	9 3	10 —	12 8	12 8	7 12	7 3	9 11	9 13	...	...	...	...
Bareli	8 11	9 4	12 14	14 4	3 2	3 2	7 2	7 —	14 —	14 —	...	...
Moradabad	9 4	9 8	14 2	14 14	3 6	3 6	5 2	5 2	...	14 6	...	...
Bijnor	9 —	9 4	14 —	14 —	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	9 1	10 2	15 6	15 6	6 10	5 8	7 11	6 1	...	...	...	...
Saháranpur	9 —	9 —	13 8	13 8	3 8	3 8	6 4	6 —	13 —	13 —	9 —	9 —
Dehra-Dún	9 —	9 —	13 4	13 8	3 8	3 4	7 8	7 8	16 —	13 —	11 —	11 —
Hills—												
Naini Tál	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	7 —	7 —
Almora	6 12	6 12	8 4	8 4	2 12	2 12	5 8	5 10	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	5 8	5 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 8	4 —	...	...	...	...
(b) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	8 4	9 —	11 8	13 —	3 4	3 4	7 8	7 12	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur	8 8	8 12	12 —	13 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	9 —	9 8	13 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 12	12 —	12 —	11 —	10 —
Unao	8 8	9 8	13 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lucknow	8 12	9 —	13 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	13 8	12 8	12 8	12 8
Bardoi	8 10	9 4	14 8	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	14 8	16 —	14 8	14 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	8 8	8 12	12 —	13 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...
Barabanki	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	6 8	6 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —
Gonda	8 12	8 6	11 10	11 10	5 8	5 4	7 —	6 12	12 12	11 8	7 —	7 —
Bahraich	8 8	8 4	12 8	11 —	5 —	4 —	7 —	6 —	11 —	9 8	14 —	10 8
Sitapur	9 —	9 —	13 —	14 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Kheri	8 12	9 —	13 —	14 —	4 —	4 4	8 8	7 12	11 —	12 8	11 —	14 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	9 8	8 13	15 —	12 —	4 14	4 14	5 12	5 12	12 8	9 12	...	...
Bánswara	10 12	10 12	13 —	13 —	3 10	3 4	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	9 —	8 14	13 8	13 2	5 5	5 6	5 12	5 12	10 10	11 3	9 —	9 2
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	11 6	12 —	17 2	17 4	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 3	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	9 —	9 —	14 8	14 1	5 —	5 —	6 1½	6 1	12 8	11 15	11 4	11 12
Kishangarh	9 8	9 8	14 8	14 8	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	12 8	13 —	13 —
Bundi	12 8	12 8	18 12	18 12	5 12	5 15	6 4	6 4	20 —	20 —	12 8	12 8
Kotah	7 2	7 12	11 —	11 12	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	6 —	6 —
Jhalawar	7 8¾	7 14	11 12	11 8	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 4	10 10	10 8	...	...
Tonk	8 3	8 7	15 15	16 5	3 8	3 8	4 1	4 1	16 14	16 2	...	...
Jaipur	8 12	9 5	13 2	15 1	5 3	4 14	5 7	5 3	13 11	13 2	12 1	12 10
Karauli	8 14½	9 1	14 1	13 2	5 10	5 10	6 4	6 4	16 4	12 8	15 5	12 13
Dholpur	8 12	8 13½	13 10	12 11	4 6	4 6	4 14	4 14	11 —	11 —	11 4	9 5½
Bharatpur	8 15	8 15	12 12	12 8	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	11 12	11 4	9 15	9 12
Alwar	9 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	5 1	5 1	5 4	5 4	14 —	14 —	12 14	12 5
Deoli	10 —	8 11	16 —	14 6	4 8	4 —	6 —	6 8	14 —	13 —	14 8	13 —
Nasirabad	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	14 —	12 8	10 —	9 8
Shahpura	10 —	9 10	15 10	14 14	4 8	4 12	6 —	6 —	13 4	13 4	11 —	11 —
Western—												
Bikaner	8 13¼	9 8	13 3¼	13 8	2 12	3 —	4 —	4 8	...	...	9 11¼	9 14½
Jaisalmer	8 6	8 9	...	...	4 7	4 8	6 4	5 12	12 7	11 —	10 5	8 15
Jodhpur	9 — and 9 10	9 8 and 10 2	13 8	13 13	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	15 12	15 5	11 9 and 13 —	11 4 and 13 4
Bálmer	10 5	10 5	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 9	...	...	15 8	14 12
Erinpura	9 4	8 14	14 —	13 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	11 8	10 8	10 8
Sirohi	8 8 and 9 8	8 8 and 9 8	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 —	16 —	11 —	12 —	11 —
Anádra	9 — and 10 4	9 — and 10 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	10 4	10 4
Abu	8 13 and 9 4	8 13 and 9 7	12 14	12 13	5 —	4 13	6 2	5 15	...	...	9 8	9 8
Central India—												
Indore	7 8	8 —	11 8	11 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	11 —	10 8	11 —	9 8
Nimach	8 12	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	11 —	9 8	9 —
Gwalior	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8 and 5 —	4 8	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 —	10 —	15 —	13 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 8	14 —	12 8	11 4
Ferozpur	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	9 12	9 14	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 2	6 2	13 4	15 8	10 10	10 6
Gujranwala	10 —	10 13	15 —	14 12	...	...	7 8	8 3	11 8	12 —	11 —	11 —
Gujrat	10 12	10 4	13 8	14 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Jhelam	10 —	10 —	13 8	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 —

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces— *continued*
												(*a*) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
		18 —	18 —	9 8	9 8	16 —	22 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	21 —	22 12	9 2	9 4	17 12	16 12	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	...	15 8	17 —	9 6	10 2	16 14	...	7 12	7 9	20 4	21 —	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	9 14	10 4	16 8	16 4	7 4	7 8	19 12	20 —	Bareli
...	...	20 8	...	9 12	10 13	17 —	9 14	8 14	...	20 14	20 14	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	20 —	20 —	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	9 9	10 7	...	...	4 10	4 14	19 4	21 2	Muzaffarnagar
...	...	18 —	18 —	9 4	9 4	13 —	13 —	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Saháranpur
18 —	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	17 —	16 —	Dehra-Dún
9 —	9 —											*Hills—*
...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Naini Tál
6 8	6 8	...	...	7 12	7 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 8	10 —	Almora
...	...	...	...	6 —	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8	Garhwál
												(*b*) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	20 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	20 —	20 —	Sultanpur
18 —	18 —	14 —	15 —	8 8	9 4	11 —	14 —	6 8	7 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	8 12	9 4	17 —	17 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	17 —	17 —	9 8	10 —	16 —	18 —	7 8	7 8	19 —	19 —	Lucknow
20 —	...	18 12	22 —	10 4	10 —	16 —	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	19 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	15 —	10 —	9 —	9 8	14 —	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Fyzabad
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	14 —	14 —	7 8	7 —	20 —	20 —	Barabanki
12 —	10 —	15 —	14 —	9 2	9 6	16 —	11 8	7 10	7 10	18 8	18 8	Gonda
...	...	12 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	9 8	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
17 —	20 —	19 8	24 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	20 —	8 —	8 —	20 8	20 8	Sitapur
20 —	16 —	12 —	10 —	9 —	10 —	16 —	10 —	7 4	7 8	20 —	20 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	14 —	10 5	6 —	6 —	19 —	20 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	13 14	13 2	6 —	5 —	14 —	14 —	Bánswara
...	...	8 3	8 11	9 6	9 15	10 10	11 3	6 2	6 3	18 7	18 11	Mewar (Udaipur)
												Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	...	...	13 4	13 4	17 2	17 4	...	...	16 —	16 —	
...	...	4 8	4 8	9 8	10 —	14 8	11 9	...	...	23 —	23 —	Ajmer
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	11 8	11 8	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	18 12	18 12	...	...	...	...	19 6	19 6	Bundi
...	...	...	...	10 2	10 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Kotah
...	...	...	...	9 3¼	10 4	12 5¾	11 —	5 12	5 12	16 —	16 —	Jhalawar
...	...	...	...	10 7	12 6	17 7	...	...	...	20 7	19 14	Tonk
...	...	9 5	9 5	10 2 and 13 6	10 6 and 13 11	12 5	12 10	11 8	12 1	26 4	20 4	Jaipur
...	...	20 —	20 —	8 7	8 7	16 4	14 6	7 —	7 —	18 12	19 1	Karauli
...	...	9 —	9 —	9 3	9 ½	...	...	6 —	6 —	22 —	22 —	Dholpur
...	...	7 12	7 12	9 7	9 8	9 7	10 12	14 —	12 15	22 8	22 8	Bharatpur
...	...	13 —	13 —	10 3	10 9	14 —	14 —	6 8	6 8	25 3	25 3	Alwar
...	...	...	...	9 10	10 6	14 —	14 —	6 8	6 8	22 4	22 —	Deoli
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Nasirabad
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 10	13 11	13 7	...	...	21 8	22 7	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	...	...	11 14	13 10½	...	...	4 8	5 —	17 6½	12 12¾	Bikaner
...	...	...	...	11 5	10 14	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 11	...	...	5 10	6 9	16 5	16 5	Jodhpur
...	...	...	...	10 5	11 12	...	...	...	...	15 8	14 4	Bálmer
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	23 —	23 —	Erinpura
...	...	16 —	16 —	10 —	11 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	21 —	20 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	10 12	10 9	...	...	20 —	20 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	9 6	9 9	10 9	10 1	6 3 and 6 6	6 3 and 6 6	20 14	20 14	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	8 4	8 12	14 8	10 —	5 —	5 —	19 —	19 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 14	...	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	9 8	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	10 12	11 4	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Hissar
...	...	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	24 —	24 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	15 —	14 —	10 8	10 8	11 12	11 12	6 6	6 6	24 8	25 8	Lahore
...	...	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	12 —	11 —	...	...	28 —	28 —	Gujranwála
...	...	...	...	10 4	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	27 —	27 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 4	12 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	9 2	9 2	13 2	13 2	...	...	6 4	6 4	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Delhi	8 12	9 2	13 8	13 —	...	...	7 12	8 —	14 —	13 —	10 8	11 —
Rohtak	9 12	9 12	13 —	13 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	12 8	12 8
Karnál	9 10	10 4	13 —	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	8 —	8 —
Submontane—												
Ambala	9 8	10 —	12 12	12 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 12	15 12	...	...
Ludhiána	9 12	10 8	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	15 8	15 8	9 12	9 12
Jalandhar	10 —	10 8	14 —	14 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 8	9 —	8 8
Hoshiárpur	10 6	11 —	13 —	13 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	9 —	9 —
Gurdáspur	10 12	10 12	12 —	12 —	...	...	5 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amritsar	10 —	10 4	14 8	14 8	...	...	7 8	7 12	14 —	15 8	9 —	9 8
Siálkot	10 8	10 8	12 12	12 8	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	10 —	...	11 —
Hills—												
Simla	8 —	7 8	8 12	12 —	...	...	5 10	4 11	11 12	12 —	8 —	9 4
Kángra	9 4	9 8	10 —	12 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	9 8	9 12	13 12	13 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	10 12	10 12	10 12	10 12
Attock	9 4	10 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	6 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	11 —	11 —	13 4	14 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Jhang	10 2	10 4	13 —	13 —	...	...	5 8	6 8	12 —	10 4	11 —	10 —
Lyallpur	10 2	10 2	12 8	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	14 —	...	...
Multan	9 8	10 —	13 12	13 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 4	15 4	10 4	10 4
Montgomery	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	11 8	...
Muzaffargarh	10 4	10 4	12 8	12 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 8	9 8	7 —	7 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	10 4	10 5	13 12	13 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	8 —	8 8	12 4	12 4	3 9	3 9	6 3	5 13	...	...	8 —	8 —
Peshávar	9 6	8 14	16 —	15 —	4 4	4 1	6 3	5 14	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Kohát	9 14	9 14	14 13	14 15	4 4	4 4	7 14	7 12	12 12	12 12	11 8	11 8
Bannu	12 8	12 8	15 —	15 2	3 7	3 4	8 12	7 8	13 12	14 6	13 2	13 2
Dera Ismael Khan	11 6	8 3	14 8	14 7	3 8	3 7	5 1	4 15	16 —	16 6	14 10	14 6
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	8 —	11 8	12 —	12 —	11 —
Hyderabad	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)	8 —	8 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	13 —	10 —
Shikárpur	10 8	10 —	...	...	7 —	6 —	8 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	14 8
Upper Sind Frontier	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	14 —	13 —
Quetta	8 14 to 9 2	8 14 to 9 7	10 6	10 4	3 2	3 2	4 10	4 10	11 1	11 —	10 8	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 11	6 12	...	...	...	8 6	8 2	8 10	11 6	11 6	10 14	9 14
Ratnagiri	6 1	6 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 3	8 3	9 2	9 2	9 4	9 4
Alibág	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 10	7 3	8 2	8 2	...	...	8 5	9 4
Bombay	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 12	5 7	7 2	6 13	9 13	9 13	9 4	8 10
Tanna	7 5	7 5	...	...	6 8	6 8	6 15	6 15	10 3	10 3	9 3	9 3
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	7 9	7 1	...	...	8 5	8 5	8 12	8 12	12 10	12 10	12 —	12 —
Belgaum	6 13	7 1	...	...	8 6	7 14	8 15	8 6	13 8	13 —	11 11	11 11
Satara	7 11	7 6	...	...	5 6	5 6	6 12	6 12	9 14	9 8	9 10	8 9
Sholapur	6 9	6 9	...	...	5 15	5 15	7 —	7 —	13 7	12 —	11 2	11 2
Bijapur	6 10	6 10	...	...	7 —	6 8	7 8	7 —	12 4	11 6	12 3	11 5
Poona	7 2	7 2	...	...	6 4	6 4	6 12	6 12	10 9	10 9	8 13	8 13
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	8 —	7 4	...	...	6 4	6 4	6 13	6 13	12 6	11 —	11 11	10 15
Násik	8 1	8 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 7	5 3	11 5	11 5	10 2	10 2
Dhulia	7 7	7 7	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 9	6 9	11 6	10 2	9 15	9 1
Jalgaon	7 4	7 4	...	...	5 9	5 9	6 —	6 —	11 1	10 6	11 1	11 1
Gujarat—												
Surat	6 15	6 8	...	...	4 10	4 10	5 8	5 8	9 11	9 11	8 13	8 13
Broach	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	9 12	10 —	9 —
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 —	10 —	8 8
Baroda	7 4	7 4	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8
Ahmadabad	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	12 —	11 8	19 —	9 —
Godhra	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	8 8	8 8
Disa	9 8	9 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 —	10 8	10 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	11 12	11 12	9 —	9 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	8 6	8 6	...	...	4 6	4 6	6 14	6 14	10 9	10 2	...	...
Hoshangabad	8 6	9 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 2	5 15	9 11	9 11	...	...
Betul	8 2	7 13	...	...	...	...	6 11	6 11	9 12	9 3	...	...
Chhindwara	7 4	7 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	9 8	8 7	...	...
Nagpur	7 10	8 5	...	...	5 3	5 3	9 2	9 2	11 8	11 8	...	...
Wardha	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 2	5 13	7 15	7 15	10 14	10 14	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Districts	Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 8	12 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —
Delhi	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	12 8	5 8	5 8	21 —	21 —
Rohtak	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —
Karnál	...	...	...	...	10 4	10 8	17 —	8 —	6 8	6 8	20 —	21 —
Submontane—												
Ambala	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 8	11 12	11 12	6 4	6 4	27 —	27 —
Ludhiána	...	...	9 —	9 —	9 12	10 4	13 8	13 —	6 8	6 4	26 12	26 12
Jalandhar	...	...	10 —	9 —	10 12	11 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	26 —	26 —
Hoshiárpur	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 10	10 8	11 8	11 4	...	...	24 —	24 —
Gurdáspur	...	...	8 —	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	9 8	...	...	25 —	25 —
Amritsar	...	...	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	27 8	27 8
Siálkot	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...	28 —	28 —
Hills—												
Simla	...	...	...	...	8 15	8 15	8 7	8 12	5 8	5 4	16 14	16 14
Kángra	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	20 —	20 —
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	...	...	12 12	12 12	9 12	10 4	10 12	10 12	6 4	6 4	28 —	28 —
Attook	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	11 8	12 —	7 —	8 —	25 —	25 —
Western—												
Sháhpur	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	24 —
Jhang	...	...	15 —	15 —	9 12	9 12	13 —	12 —	9 —	8 8	22 —	22 —
Lyallpur	14 —	14 —	...	...	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —
Multan	...	...	8 4	8 4	9 12	10 —	9 8	8 4	...	...	23 8	23 8
Montgomery	...	...	...	...	10 4	9 14	...	...	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —
Muzaffargarh	...	...	12 —	12 —	10 4	10 4	...	8 —	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 6	...	...	6 4	6 4	22 —	23 —
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 12	9 —	9 8	9 12	6 14	6 14	20 —	19 8
Peshawar	...	...	11 —	11 —	9 12	10 —	10 —	9 10	8 2	8 7	24 —	24 —
Kohát	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 14	11 6	11 6	...	...	26 2	25 8
Bannu	...	...	...	...	11 2	11 6	11 9	13 2	...	...	28 2	30 —
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	11 7	11 11	11 —	11 4	6 6	6 10	27 2	27 2
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	26 —	26 —
Hyderabad	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	6 —	22 —	22 —
Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —
Shikárpur	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	22 —	22 —
Upper Sind Frontier	...	...	...	...	9 8	10 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	14 —	14 —
Quetta	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 15	12 3	11 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 1	7 1	18 10	18 10
Ratnagiri	10 9	10 9	...	...	7 9	7 9	...	...	6 12	6 12	20 13	20 13
Alibág	...	...	...	...	8 8	7 10	...	...	5 11	6 1	22 2	23 13
Bombay	8 7	8 7	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 13	16 13
Tanna	10 14	10 14	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	6 6	6 6	24 8	24 8
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 12	6 3	22 14	23 10
Belgaum	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	19 —	18 2
Satara	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 1	...	...	6 2	6 2	19 2	18 9
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 1	6 1	18 —	18 —
Bijapur	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	...	...	6 9	6 2	19 10	19 10
Poona	...	...	...	...	8 6	8 6	...	...	6 5	6 5	23 —	23 —
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	...	...	...	...	8 5	8 5	...	...	6 5	6 5	22 —	22 —
Násik	11 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	4 14	4 14	23 13	23 13
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...	18 10	18 10
Jalgaon	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 15	...	...	7 —	7 —	17 1	17 1
Gujarat—												
Surat	...	...	...	...	7 14	8 5	...	...	6 —	5 8	27 5	27 5
Broach	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 9	25 9
Kaira	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	26 8	26 8
Baroda	11 8	11 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 4	21 —	21 —
Ahmadabad	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 8	26 8
Godhra	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 8	9	...	...	6 4	6 4	25 8	25 8
Disa	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	25 —	25 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	80 —	80 —
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	...	...	...	...	8 4	9 6	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —
Hoshangabad	...	...	...	...	9 4	10 2	...	...	7 3	7 3	18 5	18 5
Betul	...	...	...	...	8 6	8 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 14	13 14
Chhindwara	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	14 3
Nagpur	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 14	...	...	7 6	7 6	15 —	16 —
Wardha	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	...	...	7 11	7 11	16 —	16 —

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1908—*concluded* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—*continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 5	10 —	10 —	...	...
Saugor	7 12	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 6	5 6	11 10	10 —	...	...
Damoh	8 5	8 5	...	...	5 14	5 3	7 12	7 12	9 12	9 12	...	...
Jubbulpore	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	6 8	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Seoni	7 2	7 9	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	7 9	...	...	...	...
Bálághát	7 10	7 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	7 6	7 6	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 3	6 3	10 2	10 2	...	...
Chánda	7 4	7 4	...	...	6 2	6 2	6 10	6 10	11 6	11 6	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur	8 —	8 9	...	...	7 —	6 8	9 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur	8 2	8 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Drug	7 15	8 4	...	...	8 14	8 1	8 14	8 10	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldána	8 —	7 6	...	...	4 11	4 11	5 14	5 14	13 11	11 13	...	...
Akola	7 4	7 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 14	5 14	13 6	13 6	...	...
Amráoti	7 6	7 6	...	...	4 6	4 14	5 7	7 1	10 5	10 5	...	...
Yeotmal	7 13	7 13	...	...	4 6	4 8	7 13	6 2	16 —	14 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad*	5 10	5 14	8 —	8 12	5 2	5 2	6 4	6 3	10 8	10 12	12 10	12 8
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 1½	8 1½	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	12 3	12 3	10 15½	12 5
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 10	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 9	12 9	10 15½	10 15½
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 8	12 12	10 13½	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	12 8	12 5½	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	11 6	11 —	11 15	11 3
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 —	13 15	12 9	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	14 14	...
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	7 ½	11 1½	10 3	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12½	7 2½	10 15	10 15	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	10 7	10 7	10 —	10 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	11 7	11 7	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 8	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 —	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	11 13	10 4½
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 9	14 6½	12 5	11 10½
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 —	12 9	12 9	10 15½	10 15½
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 —	13 5½	13 5½	10 15½	10 15½
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 2	6 2	5 14	5 14	6 4	6 4	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 10	7 10	7 1	7 1	5 12	5 12	6 14	6 14	13 —	13 —	...	...
Kolar	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	4 12	4 12	6 —	6 —	12 —	...	...	...
Tumkur	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	6 4	6 4	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Kadur	5 4	5 —	7 —	7 —	5 8	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	6 —	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 —	14 8	15 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	7 —	6 12	8 8	8 4	...	...	...	...
Aden	6 3	6 3	...	...	5 1	5 1	6 3	6 3	9 5	9 5	10 3	10 3

* Including Bolaram

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces— *continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	9 9	9 9	...	...	7 5	7 5	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 11	...	...	6 6	6 6	18 5	18 5	Saugor
...	...	...	...	8 12	8 14	...	...	6 6	6 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	6 8	6 8	15 —	17 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	6 12	7 11	...	...	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 8	Mandla
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 6	6 6	16 —	16 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 12	16 12	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	...	...	6 3	6 3	16 —	16 —	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 4	6 14	16 —	16 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 6	5 13	12 13	12 13	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	7 2	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	16 9	16 9	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	7 7	8 2	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Buldána
...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	17 2	17 2	Akola
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	7 6	7 6	21 —	20 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 2	8 —	14 2	17 10	Yeotmal
												Nizam's Territories—
13 8	13 8	...	...	6 8	7 4	...	...	9 10	9 —	13 12	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 —	19 2	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 10	S. Canara
												South, central—
12 9½	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 9	18 9	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	*Nilgiris*
12 9½	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 6½	17 9	Salem
												Central—
12 14	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 12	18 —	Bellary
13 6	12 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Anantapur
14 7	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Cuddapah
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 4	12 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8½	26 4	Ganjam
12 10	12 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 5	10 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
11 6	11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
12 6	12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
11 5	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 13	28 5	Madras
10 10	10 10½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29 4	29 4	Chingleput
11 13½	11 13½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 5	23 13	N. Arcot
11 13½	11 13½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 11	24 8	S. Arcot
12 9	12 9½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 4	23 10	Tanjore
14 13	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 12	21 10	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
11 13½	11 13½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 10	27 10	Tinnevelly
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	24 —	Madura
												Mysore—
15 1	15 1	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 9	6 9	18 14	18 4	Mysore
13 —	13 —	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	5 5	5 —	20 11	20 11	Bangalore
12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	6 —	6 —	6 —	19 —	19 —	Kolar
13 —	13 —	...	...	6 4	6 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
14 —	16 —	...	...	6 4	7 1	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Hassan
14 —	14 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 12	18 —	19 —	Kadur
16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 6	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Shimoga
16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
16 —	16 8	...	...	14 3	15 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	16 8	17 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	32 —	32 —	Aden

C. W. E. COTTON,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, October 30, 1908

☞ *Continuation Sheets of Supplement to the Gazette of India published at Calcutta.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 29th October, 1908.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 24th October 1908, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Northern.	Bombay City	16	15
		Dholera Port	.....	...
		Ahmedabad Town	.....	...
		Ahmedabad District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Panch Mahals District	.....	...
		Kaira District	57	35
		Broach Port	.....	...
		Broach District	.....	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	7	2
		Palanpur "	2	1
		Surat Town and Port	.....	...
		Bulsar Port	.....	...
		Surat District	5	3
		Utan Port	.....	...
		Vesava "	.....	...
		Kelva "	.....	...
		Trombay "	.....	...
		Tarapur "	.....	...
		Manori "	.....	...
		Mahim "	.....	...
		Dahanu "	.....	...
		Bhiwndi "	9	8
		Agashi "	.....	...
		Kurla "	.....	...
		Bassein "	.....	...
		Kalyan "	5	4
		Thana "	1	1
		Bandra "	.....	...
		Umbargaon Port	.....	...
		Thana District	8	4
	Central.	Ahmednagar District	13	12
		Poona City	211	201
		Poona District	271	170
		Nasik "	12	5
		Satara "	102	80
		East Khandesh District	.....	...
		Sholapur Town	.....	1 (a)
		Sholapur District	42	29

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 5 0,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Southern.	Alibag Port	4	4
		Thal "	.....	...
		Panvel "	.....	...
		Mahad "	.....	...
		Nagothna Port	.....	...
		Roha "	.....	...
		Ashtami "	.....	...
		Revdanda "	.....	...
		Kolaba District	13	10
		Ratnagiri Port	.....	...
		Vijaydurg "	.....	...
		Harnai "	.....	...
		Vengurla "	.....	...
		Malvan "	.....	...
		Jaytapur "	.....	...
		Dabhol "	.....	...
		Jaygad "	.....	...
		Devgad "	.....	...
		Ratnagiri District	.....	...
		Belgaum "	179	127
		Hubli Town	12	12
		Dharwar District	116	89
		Karwar Port	.....	...
		Savantvadi State	.....	...
	Sind.	Karachi Town and Port	15	8
		Karachi District	.....	...
		Hyderabad Town	.....	...
		Hyderabad District	.....	...
		Larkhana "	.....	...
		Thar and Parkar District	.....	...
		Upper Sind Frontier District	.....	...
		Sukkur District	.....	...
		Khairpur State	.....	...
	Political Charges.	Akalkot State	.....	...
		Aundh "	.....	...
		Sholapur Agency	.....	...
		Phaltan State	.....	...
		Tuna Port	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Political Charges.	Mundra Port	.....	...
		Bijapur Agency	.....	...
		Cambay Port	.....	...
		Cambay State	.....	...
		Mandvi Port	.....	...
		Jakhau Port	.....	...
		Cutch State	7	8
		Savanur	.....	...
		Bhor "	.....	...
		Mangrol Port	.....	...
		Mahuwa "	.....	...
		Jafarabad "	.....	...
		Vawania "	.....	...
		Jamnagar Town and Port	13	10
		Verawal Port	.....	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	.....	...
		Kathiawar Agency	93	54
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	288	198
		Sachin State	.....	...
		Dharampur State	.....	...
		Shrivardhan Port	.....	...
		Murud "	.....	...
		Nandgaon "	.....	...
		Rajapuri "	.....	...
		Janjira "	.....	...
		Janjira State	.....	...
		Bet Port	.....	...
		Dwarka Port	.....	...
		Baroda City	.....	...
		Bilimora Port	3	3
		Kodinar "	101	78
		Baroda State	1	1
		Satara Agency	.....	...
		Jath State	.....	...
		Poona Agency	.....	...
		Surat Agency	.....	...
		Aden	.....	...
		TOTAL	1,607	1,174

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	.....	...
		Anantapur District	.....	...
		Salem District	3	4
		Bellary Town	.....	...
		Bellary Cantonment	.....	...
		Bellary District	28	22 (a)
		Malabar District	.....	...
		Kurnool "	.....	...
		North Arcot District	.....	...
		Cuddalore Port	.....	...
		Mangalore "	48	7
		Tinnevelly District	.....	...
		Cuddapah "	1 (b)	1 (b)
		Madura "	.....	...
		Vizagapatam Port	.....	...
		Vizagapatam District	.....	...
		Coimbatore "	56 (c)	39 (a)
		Ganjam District	.....	...
		South Canara District	.....	...
		Cootacamund Town	1	...
		Nilgiris District	3 (a)	2 (a)
		Chingleput "	.....	...
		Godavari "	.....	...
		Cannanore Port	1	1
		Tanjore District	.....	...
		Trichinopoly "	.....	...
		Cochin State	.....	...
		South Arcot District	.....	...
		Nellore District	.....	...
		Guntur "	1 (b)	...
		Bimlipatam Port	.....	...
		Calingapatam "	.....	...
		Cocanada "	.....	...
		Gopalpur "	.....	...
		Calicut "	.....	...
		Sandur State	.....	...
		TOTAL	142	76
BENGAL.	Presidency.	Calcutta	8	8
		Jessore District	.....	...
		Nadia "	.....	...
		Murshidabad District	.....	...
		Khulna District	.....	...

(a) One imported. (b) Imported. (c) Two imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Midnapore District	.....	...
		Burdwan "	.....	...
		Hooghly District	.....	...
		Howrah Town	.....	...
		Howrah District	.....	...
		Birbhum "	.....	...
		Bankura "	.....	...
	Patna	Gaya Town	.....	...
		Gaya District	.....	...
		Muzaffarpur District	.....	...
		Darbhanga District	19	12
		Shahabad "	.....	...
		Dinapore	.....	...
		Patna City	.....	...
		Patna District	.....	...
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	5	3
		Monghyr District	1	1
		Darjeeling District	.....	...
		Bhagalpur Town	.....	...
		Bhagalpur District	.....	...
		Purnea "	.....	...
		Sonthal Parganas District	.....	...
	Chota Nagpur.	Palamau District	.....	...
		Manbhum District	.....	...
		Singhbhum District	.....	...
		Hazaribagh "	.....	...
		Gangpur State	.....	...
	Orissa	Cuttack District	.....	...
		Sambalpur "	.....	...
		TOTAL	33	24

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	.....	...
		Meerut City	.....	...
		Meerut Cantonment	.....	...
		Meerut District	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar City	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	.....	...
		Aligarh City	.....	...
		Koil City	.....	...
		Hatras City	.....	...
		Aligarh District	.....	...
		Saharanpur City	.....	...
		Hardwar Union	.....	...
		Roorkee Town	.....	...
		Saharanpur District	.....	...
		Bulandshahr "	.....	...
	Agra	Etawah City	.....	...
		Etawah District	.....	...
		Fatehgarh	.....	...
		Furrukhabad Town	.....	...
		Furrukhabad District	.....	...
		Mainpuri District	.....	...
		Agra City	.....	...
		Agra District	.....	...
		Etah "	.....	...
		Muttra City	.....	...
		Muttra District	.....	...
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly City	.....	...
		Bareilly District	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur City	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur District	.....	...
		Budaun District	.....	...
		Bijnor Town	.....	...
		Bijnor District	.....	...
		Moradabad City	.....	...
		Moradabad District	2	2
		Pilibhit District	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Allahabad.	Allahabad City	.....	...
		Allahabad District	.....	...
		Cawnpur City	2	2
		Cawnpur District	.....	...
		Fatehpur "	.....	...
		Banda "	.....	...
		Jhansi City	.....	...
		Jhansi District	.....	...
		Hamirpur "	.....	...
		Jalaun "	.....	...
	Benares.	Benares Cantonment	.....	...
		Benares City	.....	...
		Benares District	.....	...
		Ballia "	.....	...
		Jaunpur City	.....	...
		Jaunpur District	.....	...
		Ghazipur "	.....	...
		Mirzapur City	.....	...
		Mirzapur District	.....	...
	Gorakhpur.	Azamgarh City	.....	...
		Azamgarh District	.....	...
		Gorakhpur City	.....	...
		Gorakhpur District	10	6
		Basti District	.....	...
	Kumaun	Naini Tal District	.....	...
		Garhwal "	.....	...
	Lucknow.	Unao District	2	2
		Lucknow City	.....	...
		Lucknow District	.....	...
		Hardoi "	.....	...
		Rae Bareli "	.....	...
		Sitapur "	.....	...
		Kheri "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Fyzabad.	Bahraich District	.....	...
		Gonda "	.....	...
		Partabgarh "	.....	...
		Sultanpur "	.....	...
		Ajodhya	.....	...
		Fyzabad City	.....	...
		Fyzabad District	.....	...
		Bara Banki Town	.....	...
		Bara Banki District	.....	...
		TOTAL	16	12
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	.....	...
		Hissar "	.....	...
		Karnal "	.....	...
		Simla "	.....	...
		Delhi District	.....	...
		Ambala "	.....	...
		Ludhiana "	39	17
		Rohtak "	.....	...
Punjab.	Jullundur	Jullundur City	.....	...
		Jullundur District	.....	...
		Hoshiarpur "	1	1
		Ferozepur "	61	58
		Kangra "	.....	...
	Lahore.	Amritsar City	.....	...
		Amritsar District	.....	...
		Gurdaspur "	.....	...
		Lahore City	.....	...
		Lahore District	.....	...
		Gujranwala District	8	4
		Montgomery City	.....	...
		Montgomery District	.....	...
		Sialkot "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths
PUNJAB	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	.....	...
		Gujrat "	.....	...
		Shahpur "	4	2
		Jhelum "	.....	...
		Attock "	.....	...
	Multan	Mianwali District	.....	...
		Lyallpur "	1	1
		Jhang "	8	7
		Muzaffargarh "	.....	...
		Multan "	.....	...
	...	Patiala City	.....	...
		Patiala State	24	20
		Maler Kotla State	.....	...
		Jind "	.....	...
		Nalagarh "	.....	...
		Nabha "	.....	...
		Bahawalpur "	.....	...
		TOTAL	146	110
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	2	2
		Hanthawaddy District	.....	...
		Pegu "	.....	...
		Tharrawaddy "	.....	...
		Prome "	.....	...
	Irrawaddy	Maubin District	.....	...
		Bassein "	3	3
		Henzada "	10	9
		Pyapon "	.....	...
		Myaungmya "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Tenasserim.	Toungoo District	.....	...
		Thaton "	2	1
		Moulmein Town	2	
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	.....	...
		Tavoy District	.....	...
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	.....	...
		Pakokku "	.....	...
		Minbu "	.....	...
		Magwe "	.....	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	13	12
		Maymyo Town	.....	...
		Mandalay District	.....	...
		Myitkyina "	.....	...
		Bhamo "	.....	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	.....	...
		Lower Chindwin (Monywa) District	.....	...
		Sagaing District	.....	...
	Meiktila	Myingyan District	.....	...
		Yamethin "	1	1
		Kyaukse "	2	1
		Meiktila "	9	8
		Northern Shan States	1	1
		TOTAL	45	41
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.	Rajshahi	Pabna District	.....	...
		Malda "	.....	...
	Assam Valley Districts.	Goalpara "	.....	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town	.....	...
		Dacca District	.....	...
		Faridpur District	.....	...
		Manipur State	.....	...
		TOTAL	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	...	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Kamptee Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda Town	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	...	...
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	...	...
		Saugor Cantonment	...	...
		Saugor Town	...	...
		Saugor District	...	...
		Chappara Town	...	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla "	...	...
	Nerbudda	Khandwa Town	...	...
		Burhanpur "	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Pachmari	...	...
		Hoshangabad Town	...	...
		Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Narsingpur Town	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Betul "	17	
		Chhindwara Town	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh.	Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Raipur Tow	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town	.....	...
		Akola District	22	19
		Buldana Town	.....	...
		Buldana District	49	43
		Yeotmal Town	.....	...
		Yeotmal District	2 (a)	...
		Ellichpur City	... ..	...
		Amraoti Town	85	86
		Amraoti District	116 (b)	98 (b)
		TOTAL	291	263
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	25	17
		Bangalore City	2	...
		Bangalore District	41	29
		Mysore City	2	2
		Mysore District	91	59
		Hassan ,,	18	12
		Kadur ,,	34	27
		Kolar ,,	12	7
		Kolar Gold Fields	.....	...
		Tumkur District	14	14
		Shimoga ,,	9	6
		Chitaldroog ,,	.....	...
		TOTAL	248	173
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Usmanabad District	.....	...
		Raichur ,,	215 (a)	171 (c)
		Gulburga ,,	... ...	.....
		TOTAL	215	171

(a) Imported. (b) One imported. (c) Figures for the period from 13th to 19th October 1908.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Gwalior "	...	...
		Gwalior State (portion in Bhopal)	...	...
		Dhar State	...	...
		Pathari "	...	...
		Malwa Agency	...	...
		Sundersi Pergana (in the Bhopal Agency)	...	...
		Nagode State	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	...	...
		Shahjahanpur Town	...	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Bhopal Agency	...	...
		Maksudangarh State	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Neemuch "	...	...
		Orchha State	...	...
		Rutlam City	...	...
		Rutlam State	78(b)	2(b)
		Dewas Town	...	...
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Dewas State	...	...
		Narsingharh State	...	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency	...	...
		Tonk State (portion in Central India)	...	...
		Baghelkhand Agency States	...	...
		Rewa Town	...	...
		Rewa State	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Sehore State	...	...
		Datia City	...	...
		Datia State	...	...
		Sailana Town	...	...
		Sailana State	...	...
		Sitamau "	...	...
		Piploda "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Jaora Town	...	...
		Jaora State	...	...

(b) Figures for the week ending 17th October 1908.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Agar Military Station	.....	...
		Maupur	.....	...
		Rajgarh State	.....	...
		Kurwai "	.....	...
		Barwani State	.....	...
		TOTAL	78	2
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA.	...	Bharatpur State	.....	...
		Mewar State	.....	...
		Partabgarh State	.....	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	.....	...
		Tonk State	.....	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	.....	...
		Jaipur City	.....	...
		Jaipur State	.....	...
		Kishangarh Town	.....	...
		Bikaner State	.....	...
		Jhalawar "	.....	...
		Kotah "	.....	...
		Sirohi "	.....	...
		Shahpura "	.....	...
		Dholpur "	.....	...
		Alwar City	.....	...
		Alwar State	.....	...
		Beawar	.....	...
		Karauli State	.....	...
		Banswara Town	.....	...
		Banswara State	.....	...
		Ajmer City	.....	...
		Ajmer District	.....	...
		Deoli	.....	...
		Abu Road	.....	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	.....	...
		TOTAL	.....	...
			.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad Town	.....	...
		Hazara District	.....	...
		Bannu "	.....	...
		Kohat Cantonment	.....	...
		Kohat Town	.....	...
		Kohat District	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan Town	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan Cantonment	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan District	.....	...
		Peshawar Town	.....	...
		Peshawar Cantonment	.....	...
		Nowshera "	.....	...
		Peshawar District	.....	...
		Khyber Agency	...	...
		TOTAL	.....	...
BALUCHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani	.....	...
		Hirok	.....	...
		Sibi	.....	...
		Fort Sandeman	.....	...
		Las Bela State	.....	...
		TOTAL	.....	...
		GRAND TOTAL	2,821	2,046

H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 29th October 1908, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The depression which was off the south Coromandel coast on the 22nd gave heavy rain on the east coast as far north as Nellore and light to moderate rain in the rest of the Madras presidency and in Mysore. It disappeared on the 26th but the wet weather conditions initiated by it continued for the rest of the week and on the 29th rain fell over the greater part of the peninsula south of a line joining Nellore and Karwar. In the rest of the country weather was dry except in parts of Burma and skies clear or only lightly clouded.

Burma.—In Upper Burma Bhamo, Myitkyina and Maymyo were the only stations that had rain and scattered falls occurred in Lower Burma. Skies were clear or lightly clouded and temperature was normal.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—There was no rain except a light fall at Sibsagar on the 29th, and skies were almost free from cloud. Temperature was normal in the daytime, but the nights were cooler than usual.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Skies were clear or lightly clouded and temperature differed by only small amounts from the normal.

Northwest India.—The northward movement of the depression in the Arabian Sea caused the appearance of cloud in Gujarat, lower Sind and south Rajputana, but in other parts of the division skies were cloudless. Temperature was normal except in Baluchistan, west Rajputana and parts of Kashmir where the minimum was sometimes in defect, and in Gujarat where the nights were warmer than usual.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell in all parts of Mysore and the Madras presidency except on the extreme north of the Madras coast, and light falls occurred locally in the Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and on the Konkan coast. Skies were moderately to heavily overcast in the southern half of the division and lightly clouded in the northern. Maximum temperature was normal or in defect while the minimum was generally normal.

The most important rainfall amounts as reported at 8 hrs. each day were :—

October 23rd. Maymyo 1·17″, Nellore 5·23″, Madras 5·29″, Cuddalore 4·70″ Negapatam 5·76″, Pamban 4·53″ and Trichinopoly 1·75″.

" 24th. Pamban 2·37″, Negapatam 4·05″, Cuddalore 2·70″, Madras 6·58″ and Nellore 4·73″.

" 25th. Calicut 2·00″, Cuddalore 4·15″, Cuddapah 2·97″ and Nellore 6·15″.

" 26th. Masulipatam 1·99″.

" 27th. Coimbatore 2·42″ and Kodaikanal 1·98″.

" 28th. Cuddalore 3·32″ and Madras 5·05″.

" 29th. Calicut 2·34″, Cochin 3·05″, Trivandrum 8·50″, Pamban 2·41″ and Madura 1·90″.

The rainfall of the past week was largely above the average in the Madras presidency and it is only there that it has made any important change in the departures from normal of seasonal rainfall. In southeast Madras rainfall which was normal last week is now in excess and on the north Madras coast the defect shown last week has now practically disappeared.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 29th October 1908.			Rainfall data from 1st May 1908 to 29th October 1908.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Stations in the Bay	2·2	2·5	−0·3	119·2	96·0	+ 23·2	+ 24	+ 25
Lower Burma	0·7	1·4	−0·7	144·0	136·7	+ 7·3	+ 5	+ 6
Upper Burma	0·1	0·9	−0·8	37·2	39·2	− 2·0	− 5	− 3
Assam	0	0·7	−0·7	75·3	77·9	− 2·6	− 3	− 2
Eastern Bengal	0	0·9	−0·9	61·5	76·7	− 15·2	− 20	− 19
Bengal	0	0·7	−0·7	57·7	55·8	+ 1·9	+ 3	+ 5
Orissa	0	0·7	−0·7	59·0	58·7	+ 0·3	+ 1	+ 2
Chota Nagpur	0	0·5	−0·5	48·4	49·4	− 1·0	− 2	− 1
Bihar	0	0·4	−0·4	24·7	50·2	− 25·5	− 51	− 51
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	−0·2	29·8	40·5	− 10·7	− 26	− 26
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	39·6	40·8	− 1·2	− 3	− 3
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	30·4	21·8	+ 8·6	+ 39	+ 39
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	18·6	7·9	+ 10·7	+135	+135
Kashmir	0	0·1	−0·1	6·2	5·4	+ 0·8	+ 15	+ 17
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	11·3	5·5	+ 5·8	+105	+105
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·5	1·4	− 0·9	− 64	− 64
Sind	0	0	0	9·3	5·1	+ 4·2	+ 82	+ 82
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	25·1	11·3	+ 13·8	+122	+122
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	31·2	22·1	+ 9·1	+ 41	+ 41
Gujarat	0	0·3	−0·3	28·1	26·5	+ 1·6	+ 6	+ 7
Central India, West	0	0·2	−0·2	24·7	30·8	− 6·1	− 20	− 19
Central India, East	0	0·2	−0·2	46·2	42·8	+ 3·4	+ 8	+ 8
Berar	0	0·5	−0·5	31·1	32·0	− 0·9	− 3	− 1
Central Provinces, West	0	0·4	−0·4	42·7	46·8	− 4·1	− 9	− 8
Central Provinces, East	0	0·5	−0·5	52·8	50·0	+ 2·8	+ 6	+ 7
Konkan	0·4	1·0	−0·6	99·2	97·8	+ 1·4	+ 1	+ 2
Bombay Deccan	0·2	0·7	−0·5	23·9	27·5	− 3·6	− 13	− 12
Hyderabad, North	0	0·4	−0·4	34·4	32·0	+ 2·4	+ 8	+ 9
Hyderabad, South	0·1	0·9	−0·8	35·5	28·9	+ 6·6	+ 23	+ 25
Mysore	1·0	0·8	+0·2	18·8	24·9	− 6·1	− 24	− 26
Malabar	5·5	2·3	+3·2	96·3	91·6	+ 4·7	+ 5	+ 2
Madras, South-east	8·8	2·5	+6·3	26·4	20·8	+ 5·6	+ 27	− 4
Madras Deccan	2·4	0·9	+1·5	21·2	22·8	− 1·6	− 7	− 14
Madras Coast, North	4·9	1·9	+3·0	28·3	31·1	− 2·8	− 9	− 20

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 29th October 1908.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 24th October 1908.

Burma.—Slight showers of rain fell in several places. Reaping of hill side rice is practically completed and that of early autumn rice has commenced in parts. In Upper Burma transplanting of winter rice is approaching completion and sowing of miscellaneous winter crops and plucking of cotton are in progress. The condition of standing crops and prospects generally are good. The price of unhusked rice has risen slightly in five districts; has fallen considerably in two districts and slightly in one district.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The greater part of the Province had no rain during the week. More rain is needed for spring crops particularly in the Malda district and other parts of the Rajshahi division. Prospects of standing crops are fairly good in most places. Harvesting of the late varieties of summer rice and sowing of spring crops are in progress. The average price of common rice is practically the same as last week. Cattle disease is prevalent in Backarganj, Noakhali and Kamrup.

Bengal.—There was no rain during the week except very few light showers in parts of Jessore, Nadia, Khulna, Darjeeling and Cuttack. Rain is urgently wanted, especially in Lower Bengal and Behar, for the standing winter paddy. It is also wanted in many districts for the cultivation of spring crops, sowings of which have commenced. Prospects of sugarcane and *arhar* are fair. Winter paddy on high lands is suffering owing to drought in Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, Murshidabad, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Parganas and Palamau. Some damage has been done to the early sown spring crops and other standing crops by west winds in Muzaffarpur and by insect pests in Gaya. The price of common rice has risen in Gaya, Shahabad, Champaran, Bhagalpur, Cuttack, Sambalpur and Ranchi and has fallen in Midnapur, Nadia, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas, Angul and in Chota Nagpur except Ranchi. Stocks of food-grains are insufficient in Balasore, Palamau and parts of Murshidabad. Cattle disease is reported from Midnapur, Darbhanga and Chota Nagpur. Generally the fodder and water supply is sufficient. The test works in Nadia, Darbhanga and Puri were attended by 2,524 persons and gratuitous relief was given to 12,606 persons of whom 1,523 are in Orissa.

United Provinces.—Except for a slight fall in the Naini Tal district and part of Garhwal the week has been rainless. Rain is badly wanted in the eastern and eastern submontane districts where late rice is suffering from drought. Rain is also needed for spring sowings. Standing crops, except rice, are generally in good condition. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue. Malarial fever is widespread and has retarded agricultural operations. Cholera is decreasing. Prices continue very high and with little tendency to fall. Prices have fallen in eight and have risen in five districts. The condition of agricultural stock is good. Fodder and water supplies are sufficient.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Ambala is the only district in which rain is needed. Autumn crops are being harvested. The condition and expected yield of standing crops are generally good to average. Prospects are however below average in Gurgaon, Lahore, Gujranwala and Jhang. The outturn of cotton is poor in Sialkot and Gujranwala. Great millet has been damaged by insects in parts of Shahpur and Lyallpur and is in poor condition in Ferozepur. Ploughings and sowings for spring crops are going on. Malarial fever is affecting agricultural operations. Prices are high and show an upward tendency. Cattle are in good condition. Green grass is plentiful.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of standing crops both on irrigated and unirrigated tracts is generally good throughout and the outturn is expected to be up to the average. Spring sowings continue. Reaping of rice is finished in the Peshawar district but picking of cotton and reaping of maize still continue. The public health is good in Dera Ismail Khan but in the Peshawar and Bannu districts malarial fever is still very prevalent. The condition of cattle is generally good except in some villages in the Nowshera tahsil of the Peshawar district. Fodder and water are sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in Dera Ismail Khan has been re-started. Prices :—wheat 9⅜ to 12½; maize 10 to 12; gram 10 3/16 to 12⅞ and *bajri* 14¾ to 15¼ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 7 to 13 seers and maize from 9 to 18 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is good. Cattle disease of mild type is prevalent. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather is bright. The condition of the autumn crop is average. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are unchanged. Spring sowings are going on.

Rajputana.—Very slight rain is reported at Udaipur. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops continue but are retarded to some extent in Bharatpur and Dholpur owing to epidemic of fever. Cattle disease is prevalent in some districts of Marwar and Mewar. Fodder is ample. Prices are still generally high, the differences from the normal being most noticeable in Bikaner, Mewar, Kotah, Jhalawar, Jaipur, Alwar and Bharatpur. Prices have risen during the week by 1 seer in Kotah and slightly in Marwar and have fallen by 3 seers in Kishangarh; by 1 seer in Bikaner and Mewar and slightly in Jaisalmer, Dungarpur, Dholpur and Ajmer.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is needed in Bundelkhand, parts of Indore and Bhopawar. *Juar* is in ear in Indore. Spring sowings have been hindered in Gwalior for want of rain. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bhopawar. Spring sowings are in progress elsewhere. Crops are withering for want of rain in Bundelkhand, Bhopawar and parts of Indore and have been damaged slightly by insects in Jaora and Bhopal. Agricultural stock are fair to good. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices have fallen slightly in parts of Malwa and are high but steady elsewhere. Relief works and gratuitous relief were closed in the Rewa State on 3rd October.

Central Provinces.—The nights and mornings are cold and the days warm. The week was rainless. A good shower of rain is needed in most districts and especially in Nimar, Raipur, Buldana and the districts of the Nagpur Country. Harvesting of autumn crops continues. Preparation of land and sowing of spring crops are approaching completion and germination is reported to be satisfactory. Some land usually sown with spring crops remains unsown in Drug for want of rain. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Cattle are doing well. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices :—wheat and gram in Damoh fell by 1 seer per rupee; elsewhere prices of food-grains remained stationary or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—Rainfall *nil*. Harvesting of rice, *kodon* and *til* is in progress. Picking of cotton has been started in Sarangarh. Sowing of spring crops continues but a shower will greatly facilitate both sowing and ploughing operations. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Fodder and water are sufficient. In Sirguja and Chhuikhadan rice fell by five and one seer per rupee respectively. *Kodon* became cheaper in Chhuikhadan and wheat dearer in Sakti by one and ½ seer respectively. Gram fell by one seer in Sirguja.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—The number of weavers on relief was 13,552.

Bombay.—The rain during the week was moderate in parts of Ratnagiri, Satara and Belgaum and slight in parts of the Deccan, Kanara, Colaba, Bijapur, Dharwar, Kathiawar and Cutch. The rainfall was generally sufficient but more is needed in places for autumn crops and spring cultivation and would everywhere be welcome. Standing crops have been damaged slightly by insects in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Larkana and Belgaum; by rats and rust in parts of Karachi and by grass-hoppers in parts of Nasik and are withering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of Kanara, West Khandesh, Nasik, the Karnatak and Palanpur. Crops are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress and threshing has commenced in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Kaira, Thana, Kanara and Mahi Kantha. Picking of cotton is in progress in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, East Khandesh and West Khandesh. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sindh, Ahmedabad and the Panch Mahals. Sowing continues in parts of Gujarat, Thana, East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Nasik, Sholapur, Belgaum, the Gujarat Native States and Cutch. The supply of fodder is adequate except in parts of Nasik and Bijapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Cutch. The supply of water for drinking and for irrigation is generally sufficient except in parts of Kaira, West Khandesh, Nasik and Bijapur. Prices of food-grains have fallen slightly in the Konkan and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sindh 28 to 43 per cent; in Gujarat 20 to 61 per cent; in the Konkan 17 to 32 per cent; in the Deccan 25 to 47 per cent and in the Karnatak 35 to 52 per cent less than the normal. Stocks of grain are generally adequate. Labourers get sufficient field employment and wages are normal. The cultivating and labouring classes are in fair condition. The daily average number on gratuitous relief is:—Bijapur 681 and Jath 110.

Hyderabad.—Owing to the *Ramzan* holidays district reports have not been received. The weather was fine throughout. During the week slight showers fell in Sholapur in the Gulburga district and in four talukas of the Raichur district where more rain is required. There is no change in crop prospects. Prices:—wheat 5¼; coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 12½ seers per rupee in districts. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 11 seers per rupee.

Mysore.—There was good rain during the week in Mysore and slight rain elsewhere. Prices of food-grains are slightly higher in Hassan and Shimoga. Standing crops have improved to some extent by recent rain but more rain is urgently needed throughout the State and present prospects are not very encouraging. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available except in parts of Mysore, Hassan, Kadur, Shimoga and Chitaldrug where they are becoming scarce.

Coorg.—The rainfall during the week was 3 inches 52 cents. Picking of cardamoms continues. Prices of food-grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was abnormally heavy in Madras, Tanjore, Chingleput and South Arcot; heavy in Trichinopoly, Nellore and North Arcot; good in the Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Madura, Salem, Tinnevelly, Cuddapah, Guntur and Malabar and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are insufficient except in Vizagapatam, Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Malabar and the Nilgiris. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Kistna have been slightly injured by heavy rain and some in parts of Guntur. Bellary, Anantapur and Salem require more rain. Harvests continue with outturn poor to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Guntur, Bellary, Anantapur, Salem and Coimbatore. Fodder is scanty in parts of the Circars, the Deccan and South Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in fourteen districts; has fallen in five and has risen in four. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in seven districts; has fallen in seven and has risen in seven. *Cholam* is stationary in six districts; has fallen in six and has risen

in two. *Cumbu* is stationary in one district; has fallen in eight and has risen in six. The public health is generally good but cholera is prevalent in several districts. Prospects are generally fair and have improved considerably by recent rain. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is procurable. Grain stocks are generally sufficient. The average number of Khonds relieved by doles in the Ganjam district is 190. Relief measures were stopped on the 23rd October.

Nepal.—*Report for the quarter ending 15th October 1908.*—The rainfall for the period was 26·02 against 28·69 for the corresponding period of last year.

July.—The standing crops of Indian-corn and early rice did well.

August.—Rice sowing commenced in the Terai. Pears and apples were gathered and the outturn was very good.

September.—Chillies, early rice and Indian-corn have been harvested both in the hills and in the Nepal valley and the outturn was exceptionally good. Early winter vegetables, mustard and potatoes for the first crop commenced to be sown.

October.—The harvesting of lowland rice commenced in the hills and Nepal valley and millet was also gathered. The outturn of the rice crop is an average one. Garlic and onions are being sown and lands are being prepared for wheat and barley sowings.

The market is well stocked and the price of food-grains continues normal.

The health of live stock continues good throughout the country.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief:

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week. (Revised figures.)			Present week.			Increase or Decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
British Provinces.							
Bengal	3,377	13,704	17,081	2,524	12,606	15,130	—1,951
Central Provinces	...	14,408	14,408	...	13,552	13,552	—856
Bombay	...	681	681	...	681	681	...
Madras	...	363	363	...	190	190	—173
Total British Provinces.	3,377	29,156	32,533	2,524	27,029	29,553	—2,980
Native States.							
Bombay Native States	...	109	109	...	110	110	+1
Total Native States	...	109	109	...	110	110	+1
GRAND TOTAL	3,377	29,265	32,642	2,524	27,139	29,663	—2,979

R. W. CARLYLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India—(District details).

NOTE.—The figures are compiled from returns obtained from Local Governments and Political Officers, and give the corrected details of totals reported in the telegraphic famine reports published weekly in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

Non-labouring children and other dependants of relief workers are classed under relief works when distinguished in the local returns fr persons gratuitously relieved in poor-houses or at their houses. Weavers relieved in their own trade are shown under "village doles other relief."

No.	Name of Provinces, Districts and Native States.	Area in Sq. miles.	Population.	FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 10TH OCTOBER 1908. Relief Works. Workers.	Dependants.	Total.	Number on test works.	Total on works.	Gratuitous Relief. Poor-houses or kitchens.	Village doles or other relief.	Total.	Grand Total.
	Bombay.											
1	Bijapur	5,669	735,435	...	...	...	...	...	...	681	681	
	Total Bombay ...	5,669	735,435	...	...	...	...	...	...	681	681	
	Bengal.											
1	Nadia	2,793	1,667,491	...	...	...	1,313	1,313	...	...	...	
2	Cuttack	3,629	2,062,758	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,254	2,254	
3	Balasore	2,059	1,071,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,565	7,565	
4	Puri	2,472	1,017,284	...	...	...	224	224	...	3,815	3,815	
5	Angul ...	1,681	191,911	...	...	...	744	744	...	686	686	
6	Jessore	2,925	1,813,155	...	...	...	...	...	...	435	435	
7	Darbhanga ...	3,335	2,912,611	...	...	...	405	405	72	...	72	
	Total Bengal ...	18,894	10,736,407	...	...	...	2,686	2,686	72	14,755	14,827	
	Central Provinces.											
1	Nimar (portion) ...	724	86,000	4,370	...	4,370	...	4,370	...	340	340	
2	Chhindwara (portion)...	2,874	240,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,574	1,574	
3	Nagpur (")...	31	213,000	9,864	...	9,864	...	9,864	...	...	...	
4	Bilaspur (")...	1,032	116,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	928	928	
5	Chanda (")...	7	18,000	254	...	254	...	254	...	...	...	
6	Amraoti (")...	5	26,000	63	...	63	...	63	...	...	...	
	Total Central Provinces	4,673	699,000	14,551	...	14,551	...	14,551	...	2,842	2,842	
	Madras.											
1	Ganjam	8,372	2,010,256	...	...	...	...	...	...	353	353	
	Total Madras ...	8,372	2,010,256	...	...	...	...	...	...	353	353	
	Total British Provinces	37,608	14,181,098	14,551	...	14,551	2,686	17,237	72	18,631	18,703	
	Central India States.											
1	Rewa	13,000	1,327,385	...	...	..	...	...	...	178	178	
2	Gwalior Residency area*	1	1,000	33	...	33	...	33	...	9	9	
	Total Central India States.	13,001	1,328,385	33	...	33	...	33	...	187	187	
	Bombay States.											
	Jath	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	112	
	Total Bombay States...	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	112	
	Central Provinces States.											
	Khairagarh (portion)...	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	
	Total Central Provinces States.	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	
	Total Native States...	13,926	1,393,548	33	...	33	...	33	7	318	325	
	Grand Total British Provinces and Native States	51,534	15,574,646	14,584	...	14,584	2,686	17,270	79	18,949	19,028	

* Last week's figures have been repeated as no report was received this week.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD).

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
			Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
	During 2nd-half of 1907.	During official year 1907-08.	1907.	1908.	19th October 1907.	17th October 1908.	1907.	1908.	19th October 1907.	17th October 1908.			19th October 1907.	17th October 1908.		
	R	R	*Miles.*	*Miles.*	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
5′ 6″ gauge.																
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	244	264	2,045	2,123	4,77,810	4,56,000	234	215	75,77,756	65,62,000	...	10,15,756	1,52,51,987	1,34,77,000	...	17,74,987
Bezwada extension	267	288	21	21	5,702	6,000	272	280	79,010	85,000	5,990	...	1,61,878	1,85,000	23,122	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. V.-Wadhwan Section 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	688	790	504	504	3,47,603	3,23,000	690	641	49,56,218	45,69,000	...	3,87,218	1,13,40,561	1,06,49,000	...	6,91,561
Nagda-Muttra	29	37	101	139	2,519	3,900	25	28	(a) 36,972	64,000	27,028	...	(a)36,972	1,46,000	1,09,028	...
Eastern Bengal (incldg. 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	442	399	1,268	1,274	5,85,894	6,01,000	462	472	88,21,279	83,70,000	...	4,51,279	1,41,68,002	1,41,07,000	...	61,002
East Indian	635	681	2,321	2,328	14,98,171	16,24,000	645	698	2,35,33,337	2,37,02,000	1,68,663	...	4,47,66,712	4,44,64,000	...	3,02,712
Great Indian Peninsula	551	626	1,569	1,606	7,61,756	7,23,000	486	450	1,07,98,573	97,18,000	...	10,80,573	2,53,21,995	2,14,53,000	...	38,68,995
Agra-Delhi Chord	230	233	126	126	30,935	22,600	246	179	4,04,628	3,98,000	...	6,628	7,81,299	8,17,000	35,701	...
Baran Kotah (b)	...	...	...	13	...	100	...	8	...	2,200	2,200	...	...	2,200	2,200	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	226	257	914	916	1,79,656	1,64,000	197	179	30,20,379	23,08,000	...	7,12,379	66,66,004	52,11,000	...	14,55,004
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	207	220	2,883	2,838	5,67,167	5,34,000	197	188	93,31,950	82,03,000	...	11,28,950	1,87,24,684	1,67,08,000	...	20,16,684
North-Western (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	387	371	3,614	3,614	14,08,968	11,07,000	390	306	2,42,78,344	1,63,44,000	...	79,34,344	4,18,89,378	3,08,96,000	...	1,09,93,378
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. C.-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	261	269	1,298	1,298	3,31,255	2,47,000	255	190	53,31,127	40,32,000	...	12,99,127	1,00,34,554	85,10,000	...	15,24,554
Hardwar-Dehra	230	235	32	32	8,494	5,900	265	184	1,10,191	87,500	...	22,691	2,16,704	2,00,000	...	16,704
3′ 3⅜″ gauge.																
Assam-Bengal	127	121	771	771	1,03,493	1,01,000	134	131	15,39,149	13,16,000	...	2,23,149	26,45,676	24,16,000	...	2,29,676
Bezwada-Masulipatam (c)	...	...	...	49	...	4,400	...	90	...	76,100	76,100	...	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	...
Burma	203	240	1,474	1,475	3,23,410	2,84,000	219	193	38,64,185	42,62,000	3,97,815	...	81,57,434	91,01,000	9,43,566	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	121	128	124	124	14,221	10,600	115	85	2,31,523	1,78,000	...	53,523	4,48,309	3,78,000	...	70,309
Lucknow-Bareilly	137	148	200	200	24,176	21,600	121	108	4,18,836	3,33,000	...	85,836	8,83,800	7,75,000	...	1,08,800
Palanpur-Deesa	44	50	17	17	1,068	800	63	47	10,328	8,400	...	1,928	22,883	24,000	1,117	...
Rajputana-Malwa (including Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda 5′ 6″ gauge)	267	282	1,909	1,915	4,93,035	3,90,000	258	204	81,22,365	56,53,000	...	24,69,365	1,58,99,050	1,21,80,000	...	37,19,050
South Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	217	235	1,330	1,386	2,86,787	3,91,000	216	282	45,30,216	56,30,000	10,99,784	...	85,67,813	1,07,33,000	21,65,187	...
Tanjore District Board	112	121	103	103	10,465	12,200	102	118	1,77,789	1,89,000	11,211	...	3,64,695	3,79,000	14,305	...
Travancore Branch	115	110	108	108	14,752	15,400	137	143	1,79,747	1,87,000	7,253	...	3,37,938	3,46,000	8,062	...
Tirhoot State	197	212	690	774	1,33,664	1,18,000	194	152	17,23,788	18,94,000	1,70,212	...	38,42,267	42,49,000	4,06,733	...
2′ 0″ gauge. Jorhat	57	59	32	30	2,119	1,700	66	57	29,072	30,000	928	...	52,688	52,600	...	88
Total	330	347	23,454	23,784	76,13,120	71,68,200	325	301	11,91,06,762	10,42,01,200	...	1,49,05,562	23,05,83,283	20,76,22,800	...	2,29,60,483

	All other Railways.															
5' 6" gauge.	Amritsar-Patti	129	113	28	28	3,645	2,000	130	104	62,317	53,100	...	9,217	1,01,022	96,500	...	4,522
	Bhopal-Ujjain	113	129	114	114	9,332	10,500	82	92	2,08,424	1,84,000	...	24,424	4,56,629	3,97,000	...	59,629
	Bina-Goona-Baran	65	73	148	148	9,253	6,000	63	41	1,70,156	71,200	...	98,956	3,38,072	2,26,000	...	1,12,072
	Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	261	258	162	162	47,745	40,900	295	252	6,34,686	5,59,000	...	75,686	11,96,583	11,28,000	...	68,583
	Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	97	97	16	16	1,870	2,200	117	137	21,017	23,700	2,683	...	40,184	48,100	7,916	...
	Kolar Gold-fields	405	383	10	10	3,688	4,100	369	410	64,208	48,900	...	15,308	1,15,402	99,300	...	16,102
	Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	156	154	79	79	12,912	12,600	163	159	1,91,103	1,83,000	...	8,103	3,61,682	3,70,000	8,318	...
	Nagda-Ujjain	91	109	34	34	2,229	2,300	66	68	50,191	39,300	...	10,891	1,15,641	95,400	...	20,241
	Nizam's Guaranteed State	277	289	334	334	92,485	51,600	277	154	12,75,468	9,91,000	...	2,84,468	25,81,804	23,00,000	...	2,81,804
	Petlad-Cambay	105	123	34	34	3,364	3,100	99	91	53,153	51,100	...	2,053	1,21,106	1,26,000	4,894	...
	Rajpura-Bhatinda	298	274	107	107	35,113	21,900	328	205	4,76,770	3,49,000	...	1,27,770	8,10,459	7,29,000	...	81,459
	Southern Punjab	249	229	425	425	1,15,798	69,500	272	164	15,84,458	9,98,000	...	5,86,458	26,25,467	19,18,000	...	7,07,467
	" " "Ludhiana" extension	122	112	155	155	16,577	19,700	107	127	3,17,260	2,46,000	...	71,260	5,26,069	4,61,000	...	65,069
	Tapti Valley	89	124	155	155	13,505	16,600	87	107	1,87,306	1,63,000	...	24,306	5,28,047	4,31,000	...	97,047
	Tarkessur	261	323	22	22	6,302	6,500	286	295	91,603	93,700	2,097	...	1,97,411	1,95,000	...	2,411
3' 3⅜" gauge.	Ahmedabad-Dholka	60	68	34	34	1,739	1,700	51	50	30,266	26,400	...	3,866	65,682	67,500	1,818	...
	Ahmedabad-Parantij	83	95	55	55	4,596	5,100	84	93	65,100	61,300	...	3,800	1,42,129	1,54,000	11,871	...
	Bengal and North-Western	142	163	1,015	1,017	1,40,395	1,10,000	138	108	21,01,138	17,68,000	...	3,33,138	48,18,354	40,03,000	...	8,15,354
	Bengal Dooars	139	130	153	153	22,305	17,600	146	115	3,31,036	3,15,000	...	16,036	5,68,093	5,46,000	...	22,093
	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	100	118	455	450	42,243	40,400	93	88	6,31,125	6,47,000	15,875	...	14,68,912	15,65,000	96,088	...
	Birur-Shimoga	60	73	38	38	2,013	3,400	53	89	37,447	41,000	3,553	...	80,180	80,500	320	...
	Dibru-Sadiya	260	257	78	78	15,413	23,200	198	297	3,08,431	3,09,000	569	...	5,67,153	5,74,000	6,847	...
	Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	69	78	134	134	11,786	11,600	88	87	1,38,424	1,30,000	...	8,424	3,11,609	3,10,000	...	1,609
	Hindupur	118	126	51	51	6,310	6,900	124	135	92,650	82,600	...	10,050	1,93,494	1,60,000	...	33,494
	Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	118	160	392	392	37,445	47,600	96	121	5,69,706	6,05,000	35,294	...	15,89,838	15,36,000	...	53,838
	Jaipur	48	42	73	73	2,262	1,800	31	26	17,495	25,200	7,705	...	34,842	56,200	21,358	...
	Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	80	709	709	50,065	39,600	71	56	7,78,410	5,99,000	...	1,79,410	16,51,146	13,98,000	...	2,53,146
	Kolhapur	99	130	29	29	1,677	3,300	58	114	43,501	54,700	11,199	...	1,00,873	1,17,000	16,127	...
	Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi 2' 6" gauge)	86	92	95	93	7,807	7,500	82	81	1,21,343	1,34,000	12,657	...	2,37,669	2,91,000	53,331	...
	Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	126	121	51	54	5,285	9,000	104	167	1,00,594	1,05,000	4,406	...	1,73,239	1,90,000	16,761	...
	Mysore-Nanjangud	46	52	16	16	1,233	1,100	77	69	10,559	15,600	5,041	...	21,369	30,600	9,231	...
	Rohilkund and Kumaon	151	147	130	214	20,255	25,600	156	120	3,53,735	3,41,000	...	12,735	6,86,744	7,12,000	25,256	...
	Sangli	80	112	5	5	290	800	58	160	5,667	9,500	3,833	...	14,849	19,700	4,851	...
	Shoranur-Cochin	118	126	65	65	8,388	8,000	129	123	1,10,172	1,12,000	1,828	...	2,25,663	2,19,000	...	6,663
	Udaipur-Chitor	61	70	67	67	3,403	4,300	52	64	66,709	51,300	...	15,409	1,41,378	1,29,000	...	12,378
2' 6" gauge.	Barsi	116	125	78	78	7,113	5,500	91	71	1,40,935	1,04,000	...	36,935	2,93,136	2,29,000	...	64,136
	Cooch-Behar	105	102	34	34	2,926	4,200	86	124	48,807	54,200	5,393	...	88,313	1,04,000	15,687	...
	Gaekwar's Dabhoi	73	96	94	94	7,174	5,200	76	55	92,266	85,300	...	6,966	2,52,947	2,49,000	...	3,947
	Rajpipla	32	43	37	37	995	1,000	27	27	17,683	15,500	...	2,183	45,222	40,200	...	5,022
2' 0" gauge.	Darjeeling-Himalayan	355	350	51	51	23,708	22,000	465	431	2,68,567	2,78,000	9,433	...	5,39,408	5,65,000	25,592	...
	TOTAL	140	150	5,762	5,853	8,00,714	6,76,900	139	116	1,18,69,886	1,00,23,600	...	18,46,286	2,44,27,820	2,19,66,000	...	24,61,820
	GRAND TOTAL	293	308	29,216	29,637	84,13,834	78,45,100	288	265	13,09,76,648	11,42,24,800	...	1,67,51,848	25,50,11,103	22,95,88,800	...	2,54,22,303

(a) From 15th July 1907.
(b) Opened from 1st July 1908.

(c) Opened from 4th February 1908.

M. S. O'CONNOR,
for Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

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No. 45.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1908.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	In the seven months, April to October, of									
	1899-1900	1900-01	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09
SEA CUSTOMS										
Imports										
Special Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	1,60	1,42	1,60	1,84	1,70	2,32	2,08	2,13	2,99	2,84
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,11	1,04	1,17	1,27	1,47	1,59	1,54	1,66	1,61	2,83
Spirits and liqueurs	37,35	36,34	36,17	38,52	42,21	42,23	44,64	40,59	52,35	52,96
Wines	1,88	1,80	1,81	2,09	2,02	1,86	2,04	1,93	2,11	2,09
Opium	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
Petroleum	22,29	23,04	29,84	31,68	25,45	26,59	22,81	20,07	26,43	30,63
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	2,47	10,39	16,68	15,65	1,96	9	1	1	...	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	—	—	—	3,17	13	6	...	...	...	...
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	7,12	8,04	7,65	7,06	7,64	8,72	9,85	10,17	12,76	14,12
Sugar (ordinary duties)	7,76	15,07	15,53	14,66	15,35	17,09	17,30	28,88	24,70	27,62
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics, and dyeing and tanning materials	6,18	5,75	6,53	6,48	7,69	7,41	7,85	8,21	10,40	9,37
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	29,07	26,17	29,13	31,40	27,35	31,57	35,87	37,95	39,52	31,53
" white	11,08	10,39	16,78	9,72	11,15	15,79	16,17	13,92	21,95	17,64
" coloured	14,60	11,17	13,99	12,96	16,18	18,56	18,64	18,97	21,89	22,68
Other goods	1,62	1,42	1,77	1,31	2,20	3,18	3,48	3,81	3,96	4,02
Metals and manufactures of—										
Silver, bullion and coin	15,42	7,42	17,11	24,50	21,40	24,27	17,02	25,10	30,38	43,35
Other metals and manufactures of metals	9,07	11,70	13,03	17,55	17,51	21,11	17,52	18,89	22,65	28,84
Oils (excluding petroleum)	76	87	1,11	97	54	52	64	1,27	1,63	89
Manufactured articles	32,08	31,99	35,78	33,99	39,96	47,06	47,46	46,94	55,14	58,10
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	3,47	5,58	5,61	4,99	5,08	5,86	6,89	6,19	8,00	9,83
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,04,95	2,10,51	2,51,31	2,59,83	2,47,01	2,75,90	2,71,83	2,86,71	3,38,50	3,59,36
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	7,36	6,21	9,31	9,34	10,69	11,35	13,69	13,71	16,12	16,45
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice and Rice-flour	47,41	43,77	44,49	61,50	58,25	66,97	61,15	51,53	50,47	36,26
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	4,05	4,65	4,57	4,81	5,46	5,91	4,80	5,28	5,99	5,16
GRAND TOTAL	2,63,77	2,65,14	3,09,68	3,35,48	3,21,41	3,60,13	3,51,47	3,57,23	4,11,08	4,17,23
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	83,82	88,57	95,38	97,49	87,26	99,65	1,00,26	1,02,16	1,27,26	1,15,11
Bengal — Exports	10,52	11,90	7,44	7,69	7,64	9,87	12,39	6,48	4,62	2,69
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	39	52
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	2
Bombay — Imports	73,53	66,93	90,60	99,36	94,26	1,04,68	1,01,56	1,06,57	1,25,81	1,34,81
Bombay — Exports	1,00	1,81	1,24	2,11	1,25	1,37	96	94	89	1,17
Sind — Imports	13,81	18,93	24,54	24,24	19,03	21,80	22,94	27,66	27,48	35,82
Sind — Exports	67	32	1,22	70	55	92	74	2,06	2,26	95
Madras — Imports	17,84	17,85	22,28	21,17	23,31	23,50	22,01	22,81	26,42	33,20
Madras — Exports	3,85	1,58	3,42	4,11	5,83	4,64	2,83	4,77	6,99	6,26
Burma — Imports	15,95	18,23	18,51	17,57	23,15	26,27	25,06	27,20	31,14	39,90
Burma — Exports	31,37	28,16	31,17	46,89	42,98	50,17	44,23	37,28	35,71	25,17

C. W. E. COTTON
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. B. BRUNYATE
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, November 6, 1908

☞ *Continuation Sheets of Supplement to the Gazette of India published at Calcutta.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 5th November, 1908.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 31st October 1908, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	10	10
		Dholera Port	...	...
		Ahmedabad Town	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Panch Mahals District	...	...
		Kaira District	49	28
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	15	10
		Palanpur "	10	6
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat District	6	
		Utan Port	...	...
		Vesava "	...	...
		Kelva "	...	...
		Trombay "	...	...
		Tarapur "	...	...
		Manori "	...	...
		Mahim "	...	...
		Dahanu "	...	...
		Bhiwndi "	...	...
		Agashi "	...	...
		Kurla "	...	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Kalyan "	9	7
		Thana "	...	...
		Bandra "	1	1
		Umbargaon Port	...	...
		Thana District	4	4
	Central.	Ahmednagar District	24	20
		Poona City	184	138
		Poona District	394	186
		Nasik "	18	13
		Satara "	119	62
		East Khandesh District	...	...
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	35	25

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 5 0,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.*	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Southern.	Alibag Port	1	1
		Thal "	.....	...
		Panvel "	.....	...
		Mahad "	.....	...
		Nagothna Port	.....	...
		Roha "	.....	...
		Ashtami "	.....	...
		Revdanda "	.....	...
		Kolaba District	18	11
		Ratnagiri Port	.....	...
		Vijaydurg "	.....	...
		Harnai "	.....	...
		Vengurla "	.....	...
		Malvan "	.....	...
		Jaytapur "	.....	...
		Dabhol "	.....	...
		Jaygad "	.....	...
		Devgad "	.....	...
		Ratnagiri District	.....	...
		Belgaum "	172	127
		Hubli Town	12	12
		Dharwar District	169	116
		Karwar Port	.....	...
		Savantvadi State	.....	...
	Sind.	Karachi Town and Port	18	14
		Karachi District	.....	...
		Hyderabad Town	.....	...
		Hyderabad District	.....	...
		Larkhana "	.....	...
		Thar and Parkar District	.....	...
		Upper Sind Frontier District	.....	...
		Sukkur District	.....	...
		Khairpur State	.....	...
	Political Charges.	Akalkot State	.....	...
		Aundh "	.....	...
		Sholapur Agency	.....	...
		Phaltan State	.....	...
		Tuna Port	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	Political Charges.	Mundra Port	.....	...
		Bijapur Agency	.....	...
		Cambay Port	.....	...
		Cambay State	.....	...
		Mandvi Port	.....	...
		Jakhau Port	.....	...
		Cutch State	9	8
		Savanur	.....	...
		Bhor "	.....	...
		Mangrol Port	.....	...
		Mahuwa "	.....	...
		Jafarabad "	.....	...
		Vawania "	.....	...
		Jamnagar Town and Port	49	47
		Verawal Port	.....	...
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	.....	...
		Kathiawar Agency	172	90
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	159	122
		Sachin State	.....	...
		Dharampur State	.....	...
		Shrivardhan Port	.....	...
		Murud "	.....	...
		Nandgaon "	.....	...
		Rajapuri "	.....	...
		Janjira "	.....	...
		Janjira State	.....	...
		Bet Port	.....	...
		Dwarka Port	.....	...
		Baroda City	.....	...
		Bilimora Port	.....	...
		Kodinar "	.....	...
		Baroda State	178	81
		Satara Agency	.....	...
		Jath State	.....	...
		Poona Agency	.....	...
		Surat Agency	.....	...
		Aden	.....	...
		TOTAL	1,835	1,143

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Madras City	.....	...
		Anantapur District	.....	...
		Salem District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Bellary Town	.....	...
		Bellary Cantonment	.....	...
		Bellary District	7 (b)	9 (c)
		Malabar District	.....	...
		Kurnool ,,	.....	...
		North Arcot District	.....	...
		Cuddalore Port	.....	...
		Mangalore ,,	3	2
		Tinnevelly District	.....	...
		Cuddapah ,,	.....	...
		Madura ,,	.....	...
		Vizagapatam Port	.....	...
		Vizagapatam District	.....	...
		Coimbatore ,,	39 (c)	26 (c)
		Ganjam District	.....	...
		South Canara District	.....	...
		Cootacamund Town	2	2
		Nilgiris District	4	1
		Chingleput ,,	.....	...
		Godavari ,,	.....	...
		Cannanore Port	.....	...
		Tanjore District	.....	...
		Trichinopoly ,,	.....	...
		Cochin State	.....	...
		South Arcot District	.....	...
		Nellore District	.....	...
		Guntur ,,	.....	...
		Bimlipatam Port	.....	...
		Calingapatam ,,	.....	...
		Cocanada ,,	.....	...
		Gopalpur ,,	.....	...
		Calicut ,,	.....	...
		Sandur State	.....	...
		TOTAL	56	41
BENGAL.	Presidency.	Calcutta	10	11
		Jessore District	.....	...
		Nadia ,,	.....	...
		Murshidabad District	.....	...
		Khulna District	.....	...

(a) Imported. (b) One imported. (c) Two import

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Midnapore District	.....	...
		Burdwan "	.....	...
		Hooghly District	.....	...
		Howrah Town	.....	...
		Howrah District	.....	...
		Birbhum "	.....	...
		Bankura "	.....	...
	Patna	Saran District	4	2
		Gaya Town	.....	...
		Gaya District	.....	...
		Muzaffarpur District	.....	...
		Darbhanga District	16	15
		Shahabad "	10	4
		Dinapore	.....	...
		Patna City	.....	...
		Patna District	29	19
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	1	...
		Monghyr District	5	1
		Darjeeling District	.....	...
		Bhagalpur Town	.....	...
		Bhagalpur Distri	.....	...
		Purnea "	.....	...
		Sonthal Parganas District	.....	...
	Chota Nagpur.	Palamau District	.....	...
		Manbhum District	.....	...
		Singhbhum District	.....	...
		Hazaribagh "	.....	...
		Gangpur State	.....	...
	Orissa	Cuttack District	.....	...
		Sambalpur "	.....	...
		TOTAL	75	52

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	.....	...
		Meerut City	1	1
		Meerut Cantonment	.....	...
		Meerut District	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar City	.....	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	.....	...
		Aligarh City	.....	...
		Koil City	.....	...
		Hathras City	.....	...
		Aligarh District	.....	...
		Saharanpur City	.....	...
		Hardwar Union	.....	...
		Roorkee Town	.....	...
		Saharanpur District	.....	...
		Bulandshahr ,,	.....	...
	Agra	Etawah City	.....	...
		Etawah District	.....	...
		Fatehgarh	.....	...
		Furrukhabad Town	.....	...
		Furrukhabad District	.....	...
		Mainpuri District	.....	...
		Agra City	.....	...
		Agra District	.....	...
		Etah ,,	.....	...
		Muttra City	.....	...
		Muttra District	.....	...
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly City	.....	...
		Bareilly District	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur City	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur District	.....	...
		Budaun District	.....	...
		Bijnor Town	.....	...
		Bijnor District	.....	...
		Moradabad City	.....	...
		Moradabad District	.....	...
		Pilibhit District	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Allahabad.	Allahabad City	.....	...
		Allahabad District	.....	...
		Cawnpur City	.....	...
		Cawnpur District	.....	...
		Fatehpur "	.....	...
		Banda "	.....	...
		Jhansi City	.....	...
		Jhansi District	.....	...
		Hamirpur "	.....	...
		Jalaun "	.....	...
	Benares.	Benares Cantonment	.....	...
		Benares City	.....	...
		Benares District	.....	...
		Ballia "	.....	...
		Jaunpur City	.....	...
		Jaunpur District	.....	...
		Ghazipur "	.....	...
		Mirzapur City	.....	...
		Mirzapur District	.....	...
	Gorakhpur.	Azamgarh City	.....	...
		Azamgarh District	1	1
		Gorakhpur City	.....	...
		Gorakhpur District	7	7
		Basti District	.....	...
	Kumaun	Naini Tal District	.....	...
		Garhwal "	.....	...
	Lucknow.	Unao District	.....	...
		Lucknow City	.....	...
		Lucknow District	.....	...
		Hardoi "	.....	...
		Rae Bareli "	.....	...
		Sitapur "	.....	...
		Kheri "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces.	Fyzabad.	Bahraich District	.....	...
		Gonda "	.....	...
		Partabgarh "	.....	...
		Sultanpur "	.....	...
		Ajodhya	.....	...
		Fyzabad City	.....	...
		Fyzabad District	.....	...
		Bara Banki Town	.....	...
		Bara Banki District	.....	...
		TOTAL	9	9
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	.....	...
		Hissar "	4 (a)	4 (b)
		Karnal "	2	2
		Simla "	.....	...
		Delhi District	.....	...
		Ambala "	.....	...
		Ludhiana "	90	72
		Rohtak "	10	2
Punjab.	Jullundur	Jullundur City	.....	...
		Jullundur District	.....	...
		Hoshiarpur "	2	2
		Ferozepur "	69	68
		Kangra "	.....	...
	Lahore.	Amritsar City	.....	...
		Amritsar District	.....	...
		Gurdaspur "	.....	...
		Lahore City	.....	...
		Lahore District	.....	...
		Gujranwala District	6	6
		Montgomery City	.....	...
		Montgomery District	.....	...
		Sialkot "	.....	...

(a) Imported. Figures for the week ending 24th October 1908.
(b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	.....	...
		Gujrat "	.....	...
		Shahpur "	2	2
		Jhelum "	.....	...
		Attock "	.....	...
	Multan	Mianwali District	.....	...
		Lyallpur "	8	10
		Jhang "	8	8
		Muzaffargarh "	.....	...
		Multan "	.....	...
...	...	Patiala City	.....	...
		Patiala State	129	120
		Maler Kotla State	.....	...
		Jind "	.....	...
		Nalagarh "	.....	...
		Nabha "	.....	...
		Bahawalpur "	.....	...
		TOTAL	330	296
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	4
		Hanthawaddy District	.....	...
		Pegu "	.....	...
		Tharrawaddy "	.....	...
		Prome "	.....	...
	Irrawaddy	Maubin District	.....	...
		Bassein "	.....	...
		Henzada "	4	6
		Pyapon "	.....	...
		Myaungmya "	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	.....	...
		Thaton "	.....	...
		Moulmein Town	1	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	.....	...
		Tavoy District	.....	...
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	.....	...
		Pakokku "	.....	...
		Minbu "	.....	...
		Magwe "	.....	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	6	4
		Maymyo Town	.....	...
		Mandalay District	.....	...
		Myitkyina "	.....	...
		Bhamo "	.....	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	.....	...
		Lower Chindwin (Monywa) District	.....	...
		Sagaing District	.....	...
	Meiktila	Myingyan District	.....	...
		Yamethin "	1	1
		Kyaukse "	.....	...
		Meiktila "	13	10
		Northern Shan States	2	2
		TOTAL	31	27
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Rajshahi	Pabna District	.....	...
		Malda "	.....	...
	Assam Valley Districts	Goalpara "	.....	...
	Dacca	Dacca Town	.....	...
		Dacca District	.....	...
		Faridpur District	.....	...
		Manipur State	.....	...
		TOTAL	.....	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	...	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Kamptee Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda Town	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	...	...
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	...	...
		Saugor Cantonment	...	...
		Saugor Town	...	...
		Saugor District	...	...
		Chappara Town	...	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla "	...	...
	Nerbudda	Khandwa Town	...	...
		Burhanpur "	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Pachmari	...	...
		Hoshangabad Town	...	...
		Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Narsingpur Town	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Betul "	2	2
		Chhindwara Town	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh.	Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town	.....	...
		Akola District	43	31
		Buldana Town	.....	...
		Buldana District	52	32
		Yeotmal Town	.....	...
		Yeotmal District	2 (a)	2(a)
		Ellichpur City	... ..	...
		Amraoti Town	59	59
		Amraoti District	152	130
		TOTAL	310	256
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	29	23
		Bangalore City	4	3
		Bangalore District	30	26
		Mysore City	1	1
		Mysore District	56	46
		Hassan ,,	8	10
		Kadur ,,	44	36
		Kolar ,,	18	12
		Kolar Gold Fields	.....	...
		Tumkur District	24	17
		Shimoga ,,	19	12
		Chitaldroog ,,	.....	...
		TOTAL	233	186
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Usmanabad District	.....	...
		Raichur ,,	26(b)	32(b)
		Gulburga ,,	... ...	.....
		TOTAL	26	32

(a) Imported. (b) Figures for the period from 20th to 26th October 1908.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
		Indore City	.....	...
		Indore State	1 } (a)	1 } (a)
		Indore Residency	4 }	1 }
		Ujjain City	.....	...
		Gwalior „	.....	...
		Gwalior State (portion in Bhopal)	.....	...
		Dhar State	.....	...
		Pathari „	.....	...
		Malwa Agency	.....	...
		Sundersi Pergana (in the Bhopal Agency	.....	...
		Nagode State	.....	...
		Bhopal City	.....	...
		Bhopal State	.....	...
		Shahjahanpur Town	.....	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Bhopal Agency	.....	...
		Maksudangarh State	.....	...
		Mhow Cantonment	.....	...
		Neemuch „	.....	...
		Orchha State	.....	...
		Rutlam City	.....	...
		Rutlam State	79 (a)	71 (a)
		Dewas Town	.....	...
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Dewas State	.....	...
		Narsingharh State	.....	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency	.....	...
		Tonk State (portion in Central India)	.....	...
		Baghelkhand Agency States	.....	...
		Rewa Town	.....	...
		Rewa State	.....	...
		Sehore Cantonment	.....	...
		Sehore State	.....	...
		Datia City	.....	...
		Datia State	.....	...
		Sailana Town	.....	...
		Sailana State	.....	...
		Sitamau „	.....	...
		Piploda „	.....	...
		Bagli „	.....	...
		Jhabua „	.....	...
		Jaora Town	.....	...
		Jaora State	.....	...

(a) Figures for the week ending 24th October 1908.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Agar Military Station	.....	...
		Manpur	.....	...
		Rajgarh State	.....	...
		Kurwai "	.....	...
		Barwani State	.....	...
		TOTAL	84	73
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA.	...	Bharatpur State	.....	...
		Mewar State	.....	...
		Partabgarh State	.....	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State	.....	...
		Tonk State	.....	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	.....	...
		Jaipur City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Jaipur State	29 (a)	24 (a)
		Kishangarh Town	.....	...
		Bikaner State	.....	...
		Jhalawar "	.....	...
		Kotah "	.....	...
		Sirohi "	.....	
		Shahpura "	.....	...
		Dholpur "	.....	...
		Alwar City	.....	...
		Alwar State	.....	...
		Beawar	.....	...
		Karauli State	.....	...
		Banswara Town	.....	...
		Banswara State	.....	...
		Ajmer City	1 (a) (b)	...
		Ajmer District	.....	...
		Deoli	.....	...
		Abu Road	.....	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	.....	...
		TOTAL	31	25

(a) Figures for the week ending 23rd October 1908.
(b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Abbottabad Town	.....	...
		Hazara District	.....	...
		Bannu "	.....	...
		Kohat Cantonment	.....	...
		Kohat Town	.....	...
		Kohat District	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan Cantonment	.....	...
		Dera Ismail Khan District	.....	...
		Peshawar Town	.....	...
		Peshawar Cantonment	.....	...
		Nowshera "	.....	...
		Peshawar District	.....	...
		Khyber Agency	...	...
		TOTAL	.....	...
BALUCHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani	.....	...
		Hirok	.....	...
		Sibi	.....	...
		Fort Sandeman	.....	...
		Las Bela State	.....	...
		TOTAL	.....	...
		GRAND TOTAL	3,020	2,140

H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 5th November 1908, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The area of low pressure which is characteristic of the retreating monsoon period developed during the week into two depressions in the south of the Bay, one of which moved towards the Coromandel coast and the other to the Arakan coast. The former was the cause of rain over the whole of southeast Madras and Malabar, the falls on the Coromandel coast being heavy; this depression disappeared without passing inland. The second depression chiefly affected Burma and gave rain and heavy cloud over the whole province and on the 5th was off the coast between Akyab and Cox's Bazar.

Burma.—There was very little rain at the beginning of the week but on the appearance of the depression in the north of the Bay rainfall increased and during the last three days occurred at every station in Upper Burma where temperature was in consequence largely in defect. An increase of cloud accompanied the formation of the depression and skies were moderately to heavily overcast during the period of rainfall.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—A few falls of rain occurred in Assam and heavy rain fell at Chittagong and Cox's Bazar, but there was no rain in other parts of the division. Skies were clear or lightly clouded and temperature was normal or in defect, the deficiency being shown at night.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Hoshangabad, Pachmarhi and Saugor had light falls of rain. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Weather was warmer than usual in the west of Central India and the adjoining districts, but in the rest of the division temperature was approximately normal.

Northwest India.—Weather was dry and skies clear throughout the week. Temperature was in excess in parts of Gujarat and was normal or in defect elsewhere.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell at every station in southeast Madras and Malabar, but there was very little outside these areas, the only stations reporting any being Ratnagiri, Karwar, Belgaum, Poona, Malegaon, Mysore, Nellore and Waltair. Skies were lightly to heavily clouded. Temperature was normal or in defect in the region of rainfall and normal in the rest of the peninsula.

The following summarises the most important falls of the week as reported at 8 hrs.—

October 30th. Madras 2·43″, Madura 1·60″ and Cochin 1·06″.

" 31st. Poona 1·68″.

November 1st. Cuddalore 3·81″.

" 2nd. Minbu 1·07″, Madras 5·06″, Cuddalore 2·66″ and Trivandrum 1·83″.

" 3rd. Tavoy 2·00″, Akyab 2·45″, Chittagong 2·99″, Silchar 1·43″, Nellore 6·15″ and Madras 2·16″.

" 4th. Akyab 7·93″ and Cox's Bazar 6·17″.

" 5th. Toungoo 3·03″, Mandalay 1·75″, Monywa 2·53″ and Maymyo 2·65″.

The rainfall of the week was heavier than usual in Burma and southeast Madras, but it has not made any important change in the seasonal departures from normal.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 5th November 1908.			Rainfall data from 1st May 1908 to 5th November 1908.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Stations in the Bay	3·1	2·4	+0·7	122·3	98·4	+ 23·9	+ 24	+ 24
Lower Burma	3·5	1·2	+2·3	147·4	137·9	+ 9·5	+ 7	+ 5
Upper Burma	2·4	0·9	+1·5	39·6	40·0	— 0·4	— 1	— 5
Assam	0·3	0·3	0	75·7	78·1	— 2·4	— 3	— 3
Eastern Bengal	0·5	0·6	—0·1	62·1	77·3	— 15·2	— 20	— 20
Bengal	0	0·7	—0·7	57·7	56·4	+ 1·3	+ 2	+ 3
Orissa	0	0·9	—0·9	59·0	59·6	— 0·6	— 1	+ 1
Chota Nagpur	0	0·3	—0·3	48·4	49·7	— 1·3	— 3	— 2
Bihar	0	0·1	—0·1	24·7	50·3	— 25·6	— 51	— 51
United Provinces, East	0	0·1	—0·1	29·8	40·6	— 10·8	— 27	— 26
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	—0·1	39·6	40·9	— 1·3	— 3	— 3
Punjab, East and North	0	0·1	—0·1	30·4	21·9	+ 8·5	+ 39	+ 39
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	18·6	7·9	+ 10·7	+135	+135
Kashmir	0	0	0	6·2	5·4	+ 0·8	+ 15	+ 15
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	11·3	5·5	+ 5·8	+105	+105
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·5	1·4	— 0·9	— 64	— 64
Sind	0	0	0	9·3	5·1	+ 4·2	+ 82	+ 82
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	25·1	11·3	+ 13·8	+122	+122
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	31·2	22·1	+ 9·1	+ 41	+ 41
Gujarat	0	0	0	28·1	26·5	+ 1·6	+ 6	+ 6
Central India, West	0	0	0	24·7	30·9	— 6·2	— 20	— 20
Central India, East	0	0·1	—0·1	46·2	42·9	+ 3·3	+ 8	+ 8
Berar	0	0·1	—0·1	31·1	32·2	— 1·1	— 3	— 3
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	42·8	46·9	— 4·1	— 9	— 9
Central Provinces, East	0	0·3	—0·3	52·8	50·3	+ 2·5	+ 5	+ 6
Konkan	0·2	0·6	—0·4	99·4	98·4	+ 1·0	+ 1	+ 1
Bombay Deccan	0·5	0·5	0	24·4	27·9	— 3·5	— 13	— 13
Hyderabad, North	0	0·3	—0·3	34·4	32·3	+ 2·1	+ 7	+ 8
Hyderabad, South	0	0·5	—0·5	35·5	29·5	+ 6·0	+ 20	+ 23
Mysore	0·1	1·0	—0·9	18·9	25·8	— 6·9	— 27	— 24
Malabar	2·2	2·1	+0·1	98·6	93·6	+ 5·0	+ 5	+ 5
Madras, South-east	3·6	2·6	+1·0	30·0	23·4	+ 6·6	+ 28	+ 27
Madras Deccan	0	1·0	—1·0	21·3	23·8	— 2·5	— 11	— 7
Madras Coast, North	1·8	2·7	—0·9	30·1	33·8	— 3·7	— 11	— 9

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 5th November 1908.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 31st October 1908.

Burma.—Isolated falls of rain occurred in parts. Reaping of hill side rice continues in places and that of early autumn rice is extending. Cultivation of winter crops is in progress. Plucking of cotton continues and gathering of ground-nuts has commenced in places. More rain is required in several districts of the dry zone. The price of unhusked rice has risen slightly in three districts and fallen considerably in two districts and slightly in one. The state of standing crops and prospects are good in Lower Burma and fair in Upper Burma.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—There was no rain during the week in Eastern Bengal and very little in any part of Assam. Rain is greatly needed in Eastern Bengal, particularly in the Rajshahi division, for germination of spring crops. Harvesting of transplanted winter rice has already commenced in several parts of Assam and is unusually early. Prospects of transplanted winter rice on high lands are unfavourable in most districts but the condition of rice on low lands is generally good. The average price of common rice is practically the same. Cattle disease is prevalent in Backarganj, Noakhali, Kamrup and Darrang.

Bengal.—There was no rain during the week. Winter paddy is suffering from drought on high lands and in unirrigated tracts in Burdwan, Birbhum, Murshidabad, Gaya, Shahabad, Muzaffarpore, Darbhanga, the Sonthal Parganas and Palamau. Spring sowings are going on in some places but owing to insufficiency of moisture they are retarded in several districts. Rain is urgently wanted both for paddy and spring crops. The harvesting of autumn crops has been completed and that of sugarcane and of early winter paddy has commenced in some districts. Insect-pests are doing injury to the early sown spring crops in Gaya and Shahabad. The price of common rice has risen in Midnapore, Nadia, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau and in the Patna division, excepting the Patna, Shahabad and Saran districts; it has fallen in Burdwan, the 24-Parganas, Shahabad, Saran, Angul, Puri, Ranchi and Manbhum. Stocks of food-grains are insufficient in Balasore, Palamau and in parts of Murshidabad. Cattle disease is reported from Jessore, Champaran, Darbhanga and Sambalpur and from the Chota Nagpur division except Singhbhum. The supply of fodder and water is generally sufficient. Fodder however is reported to be scanty in parts of the Sonthal Parganas and water in parts of Darbhanga. The test works in Darbhanga and Puri were attended by 1,148 persons. Gratuitous relief was given to 11,135 persons of whom 11,035 are in Orissa and 100 in Darbhanga.

United Provinces.—The week has been rainless. Rain is badly wanted for late rice in the eastern and the submontane districts; it is also required in the hills and in a few districts for spring sowings. Standing crops have suffered in a few places from drought but are generally in good condition. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowings for spring crops continue. Agricultural operations are still being retarded by the prevalence of malarial fever. Prices are practically stationary. The condition of agricultural stock is good. Fodder and water supplies are sufficient.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week but it is needed in Ambala, parts of Sialkot and in Rawalpindi. Autumn crops are being harvested. The condition and expected yield of standing autumn crops are generally good to average. The outturn of cotton is below the average in Lyallpur and that of great millet poor in Shahpur. Ploughings for and sowings

of spring crops continue. Sowings are timely and promise to be extensive. Gram has been slightly damaged by insects in parts of Rohtak. Malarial fever is affecting agricultural operations. Prices are high and are generally unchanged except in Rohtak where there is a slight downward tendency. Cattle are in good condition. Green grass is generally plentiful.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of autumn crops is good both on irrigated and unirrigated tracts and the outturn is expected to be average. Spring sowings continue and harvesting of autumn crops has commenced. Malarial fever prevails in the districts of Peshawar and Bannu. Cholera has broken out in the Bannu tahsil and in a village in the Peshawar tahsil. Fodder, pasturage and water are sufficient. Irrigation is satisfactory. The condition of cattle is good except in some villages in the Nowshera tahsil of the Peshawar district. Prices :—wheat $9\frac{3}{8}$ to $12\frac{3}{4}$; gram 10 to $13\frac{3}{8}$; maize 14 to $19\frac{1}{4}$; and *bajra* $14\frac{3}{16}$ to 15 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary. Wheat is selling from 8 to 13 seers and maize from 10 to 18 seers per rupee. Condition of standing crops is good. No cattle disease is reported. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather is bright. The condition of autumn crops is average. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are unchanged. Spring sowings are going on.

Rajputana.—Autumn crops are being harvested and spring sowings are in progress. Prospects of spring crops are favourable. Cattle disease is reported in parts of Marwar, Mewar, and the Merwara district, but the condition of cattle is generally satisfactory and fodder is ample. Prices have risen by 1 to 2 seers in Tonk and Kishangarh; elsewhere they are either steady or show a tendency to fall.

Central India.—There was no rain during the week. It is needed in Bundelkhand and parts of Gwalior and Bhopawar. The untimely cessation of the rains has greatly restricted spring sowings in Gwalior. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in Gwalior, Indore, Baghelkhand and Bhopawar. Spring sowings continue elsewhere. *Juar* has been damaged slightly in parts of Indore and other crops in parts of Bhopawar. Agricultural stock are fair to good. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices have fallen slightly in parts of Malwa and are high but steady elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather is warm and occasionally cloudy. The nights and mornings are cool. No rain fell during the week, except at Saugor, Hoshangabad and Nimar which received 21, 11 and 7 cents respectively. Harvesting has commenced in Saugor and Narsinghpur. Standing crops are generally in good condition but a shower of rain would materially improve the condition of autumn as well as spring crops. Sowings of autumn crops are approaching completion but rain is required for this purpose in Wardha, Chanda, Bhandara, Drug and Raipur. Germination of the spring crops sown is good, except in Haraud in the Nimar district where the seedlings are withering. Fodder and water are sufficient. The condition of cattle and the labouring classes is good. Prices :—The price of wheat rose in Bhandara, Balaghat, Akola and Buldana and of gram in Chanda, Bhandara, Raipur and Buldana from half to one and half seers per rupee. Gram in Hoshangabad and *juar* in Saugor and Nimar fell by half seer. *Juar* rose in Buldana by one seer. Rice is selling cheaper in Mandla, Bhandara and Balaghat by half to one and one-third seers, and dearer in Saugor, Betul, Drug and Yeotmal by half to one and one-fourth seers. Elsewhere prices are steady or fluctuate slightly.

Feudatory States.—The weather is clear and cool. Harvesting of autumn crops continues and threshing has commenced. The condition of standing crops is good but a shower is needed for spring sowings and to ripen late sown crops. Spring sowings are in progress but some land will remain unsown in Khairagarh for want of moisture. Insects have caused some damage in places in Bastar. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices :—wheat in Sarangarh, gram in Chhuikhadan and *kodon* in Raj-Nandgaon became cheaper

and rice in Bastar and gram in Sirguja became dearer, by one seer. Rice is selling cheaper from one to two seers in Kawardha, Raj-Nandgaon, Raigarh, Sarangarh and Sakti and from 5 to 6 seers in Sirguja and Korea.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—The number of weavers on relief was 12,144.

Bombay.—Moderate rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan, Poona, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kolhapur and slight rain in parts of Surat, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Kathiawar. The rainfall is generally sufficient but more is needed in places for autumn crops and spring cultivation. Standing crops have been slightly damaged by insects in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Larkana and Thar and Parkar, by rats and rust in parts of Karachi, by rats and wind in parts of Hyderabad and by grass-hoppers in parts of Nasik, Ahmednagar and Belgaum. They are withering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of West Khandesh, the Karnatak and Kolhapur. Cotton has been damaged by boll-worm in parts of Thar and Parkar and by insects in parts of Hyderabad. Crops are in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting is generally in progress. Threshing has commenced in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Kaira, Broach, Thana, Kanara, West Khandesh and Mahi Kantha. Picking of cotton is in progress in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar and East and West Khandesh. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of Sindh, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals and Palanpur. Sowing continues in parts of Gujarat, Thana, the Deccan, the Karnatak, the Gujarat Native States, Cutch and Kolhapur. The supply of fodder is adequate except in parts of Bijapur. Agricultural stock are generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Cutch. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally sufficient except in parts of Kaira, West Khandesh and Nasik. Prices of food-grains have risen slightly in the Karnatak and are generally stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sindh 28 to 41 per cent; in Gujarat 17 to 61 per cent; in the Konkan 23 to 31 per cent; in the Deccan 25 to 49 per cent; and in the Karnatak 33 to 65 per cent less than the normal. Stocks of grain are generally adequate. Labourers get sufficient field employment and wages are nor mal. The cultivating and labouring classes are in fair condition. The daily average numbers on gratuitous relief are :—Bijapur 681 and Jath 110.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was 12 cents. Communications have been restored. Rainfall is increasing. Autumn crops are being harvested. The crops have suffered in parts, especially *bajra*, from the late heavy rains. The condition of the Raichur district causes anxiety as rain is badly wanted in three talukas, *viz*, Gangawati, Manvi and Sindhnur. The cotton crop is generally in fair to good condition except in the Parbhani and Nander districts where it has suffered from excessive moisture. Harvesting of early rice has commenced. Spring sowings continue. Prospects are good. Lands are being prepared for late rice. Cattle disease prevails in nine talukas. Prices :—wheat 5¾; and *juar* 12¾ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad city at 11 seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available in the market. The highest price in districts is 8½ seers in the Paloncha taluka; the lowest price being 21 seers each in the Raichur, and the Kalwakarti talukas.

Mysore.—Slight rain has fallen in Bangalore, Tumkur and Chitaldrug and good rain elsewhere. Prices of food-grains are generally steady. Standing crops have improved to some extent by the recent rainfall but more rain is needed all over the State. Prospects have improved slightly. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available except in parts of Bangalore, Mysore, Hassan and Chitaldrug.

Coorg.—The rainfall during the week was 99 cents. Picking of cardamoms continues. Coffee is ripening. Prices of food-grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in Nellore, Madras, South Arcot, Chingleput, the Nilgiris and Malabar; *nil* in Ganjam and Vizagapatam; light to fair in Anantapur and Bellary; and good or heavy elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are insufficient in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, South Arcot, North Arcot and Salem. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress. Standing crops are generally fair but some in parts of Bellary and Anantapur require more rain. Paddy in parts of Tanjore is submerged on account of excessive rain. Harvests continue with outturn poor to normal. Pasture is insufficient in parts of Guntur, Bellary, Anantapur and Salem and fodder is scanty in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, Nellore, South Arcot and North Arcot. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in thirteen districts and has risen in ten. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows :—*Ragi* is stationary in nine districts; has fallen in seven; and has risen in five. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts; has fallen in seven; and has risen in two. *Cumbu* is stationary in two districts; has fallen in seven; and has risen in six. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is procurable. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief:

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week. (Revised figures.)			Present week.			Increase or Decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
British Provinces.							
Bengal . . .	2,524	12,606	15,130	1,148	11,135	12,283	—2,847
Central Provinces . .	...	13,552	13,552	...	12,144	12,144	—1,408
Bombay . . .	...	681	681	...	681	681	...
Madras . . .	...	190	190	...	...	...	—190
Total British Provinces.	2,524	27,029	29,553	1,148	23,960	25,108	—4,445
Native States.							
Bombay Native States .	...	110	110	...	110	110	...
Total Native States	...	110	110	...	110	110	...
GRAND TOTAL .	2,524	27,139	29,663	1,148	24,070	25,218	—4,445

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts and Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India—(District details).

NOTE.—The figures are compiled from returns obtained from Local Governments and Political Officers, and give the corrected details of the totals reported in the telegraphic famine reports published weekly in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

Non-labouring children and other dependants of relief workers are classed under relief works when distinguished in the local returns from persons gratuitously relieved in poor-houses or at their houses. Weavers relieved in their own trade are shown under "village doles or other relief."

No.	Name of Provinces, Districts and Native States.	Area in Sq. miles.	Population.	FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 17TH OCTOBER 1908.								
				RELIEF WORKS.			Number on test works.	Total on works.	GRATUITOUS RELIEF.			GRAND TOTAL.
				Workers.	Dependants.	Total.			Poor-houses or kitchens.	Village doles or other relief.	Total.	
	Bombay.											
1	Bijapur	5,669	735,435	...	...	...	...	...	...	681	681	681
	Total Bombay ...	5,669	735,435	...	...	...	...	...	...	681	681	681
	Bengal.											
1	Nadia	2,793	1,667,491	...	...	...	1,252	1,252	...	...	...	1,252
2	Cuttack	3,629	2,062,758	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,712	1,712	1,712
3	Balasore	2,059	1,071,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,532	7,532	7,532
4	Puri	2,472	1,017,284	...	...	...	383	383	...	3,827	3,827	4,210
5	Angul ...	1,681	191,911	...	...	...	833	833	...	528	528	1,361
6	Jessore	2,925	1,813,155	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	105	105
7	Darbhanga* ...	3,335	2,912,611	...	...	...	909	909	...	...	...	909
	Total Bengal ...	18,894	10,736,407	...	...	...	3,377	3,377	...	13,704	13,704	17,081
	Central Provinces.											
1	Nimar (portion) ...	2	33,000	4,331	...	4,331	...	4,331	...	...	...	4,331
2	Nagpur („) ...	31	213,000	9,739	...	9,739	...	9,739	...	...	...	9,739
3	Chanda („) ...	7	18,000	270	...	270	...	270	...	...	...	270
4	Amraoti („) ...	5	26,000	70	...	70	...	70	...	...	...	70
	Total Central Provinces	45	290,000	14,410	...	14,410	...	14,410	...	...	...	14,410
	Madras.											
1	Ganjam	8,372	2,010,256	...	...	...	...	...	...	363	363	363
	Total Madras ...	8,372	2,010,256	...	...	...	...	...	...	363	363	363
	Total British Provinces	32,980	13,772,098	14,410	...	14,410	3,377	17,787	...	14,748	14,748	32,535
	Central India States.											
1	Rewa	13,000	1,327,385	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,408	14,408	14,408
2	Gwalior Residency area	1	1,000									
	Total Central India States.	13,001	1,328,385	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,408	14,408	14,408
	Bombay States.											
	Jath	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	109	109	109
	Total Bombay States...	884	61,868	...	...	...	...	...	...	109	109	109
	Central Provinces States.											
	Khairagarh (portion)...	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	26
	Total Central Provinces States.	41	3,295	...	...	...	...	...	7	19	26	26
	Total Native States...	13,926	1,393,548	...	...	...	...	...	7	14,536	14,543	14,543
	Grand Total British Provinces and Native States.	46,906	15,165,646	14,410	...	14,410	3,377	17,787	7	19,284	29,291	47,0[illegible]

* Figures for gratuitous relief for this district were not reported.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 10062—10082—13.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITIONS.

RESOLUTION.

Simla, the 3rd November 1908.

The following papers relative to the Exhibition which will be held at Turin in the year 1911 are published for general information.

TURIN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

APRIL—OCTOBER 1911.

General Regulations.

Duration of the Exhibition, April—October 1911.

The Exhibition of Industries and Labour which will take place on the occasion of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Proclamation of the Kingdom of Italy, in conformity with the Statute approved by a Royal Decree dated May 28th, 1907, will be opened in Turin in the month of April and closed in October 1911. Dates and formalities to be established by the General Committee, which may, if necessary, postpone the date of definitive closure.

Foreigners and all Industrial and Commercial Firms of all Nations are cordially invited to participate. Thus the Exhibition will result thoroughly International.

General and Executive Committees.

2. The organization and management of the Turin International Exhibition (with the exception of the particular powers of the General Committee) will depend from the Executive Committee, assisted by other special Committees elected by the Executive, and which will be composed of persons who, by their experience and authority, are able to afford the Executive useful and efficacious assistance in its work.

General Planning of Exhibition.

3. Whilst Rome reserves to herself the privilege of holding a Grand International Exhibition of Arts and Archæology, the City of Turin will exhibit in specially erected buildings the products of Agricultural and Industrial Labour (the due classification and distribution in their respective departments to be finally arranged later on) and in general everything connected with economic and civil life in relation to—

(*a*) The Protection and Assistance of Children — Their Education and Training — Schools, Practical Factories and Laboratories — Outdoor and indoor Sports ;

(*b*) Instruments, Apparatuses and general Processes for scientific productions — Printing — Photography — Book Printing and Binding — Geographical and Cosmographic Maps and Instruments — Instruments of precision — Meteorology ;

(*c*) General Mechanics — Engines, Hydraulic Machines — Steam and Explosion Motors — Gears — Instruments and Tool-machines for working Wood, Iron, etc. ;

(*d*) Electricity — Electrotechnics — Electro-chemistry — Telegraphy — Telephony ;

(*e*) Conveyances — Ordinary Roads — Railroads — Overhead electric cable Locomotion — Marine and fluvial Navigation—Aerial Navigation — Postal Service—Bridges and Streets —Tunnels, Canals, Harbours, etc. ;

(*f*) Sporting Industries and Sports ;

(*g*) The modern City : Dwellings—Public and private Buildings—Popular Dwellings — Schools—Hospitals— Theatres, etc. — Hygiene of Dwellings—Furniture and Decorations—Musical Instruments ;

(*h*) Foods—Alimentary Industries — Farinaceous Products—Breadmaking—Dairy Products—Preserves—Confectionery Products—Oils —Wines—Beers—Liquors ;

(*i*) Forest Laws—Woods—Hunting and Fishing ;

(*l*) Agriculture and Agricultural Machines ;

(*m*) Extractive and Chemical Industries—Mining ;

(*n*) Textile and Tailoring Industries — Leather —Goldsmiths' Wares, Timepieces—Indiarubber Goods—Brushes, etc. ;

(*o*) The Newspaper and the Art of Printing—Papermaking—Graphic Arts—Typography—Lithography—Photography, Telegraphy, Wireless Telegraphy, Telephony as auxiliaries for the production of Newspapers—Special Exhibition of Calendars, Advertisements and Caricatures ;

(*p*) Social Economy—Benevolent Institutions—Co-operative Associations for credit, production and consumption—Industrial and Workmen's Association ;

(*q*) Home and foreign colonial Organization —The work and productions of Italians abroad—Export Products ;

(*r*) National Defence —Land and Sea Weapons—Chartography—Hydrography—Hospitals—Red Cross —Sanitary and hygienic Materials.

Programme Committees.

4. The Executive Committee will appoint special Committees which will attend to the organization and classification of the articles to be exhibited, thus forming the general Programme of the Exhibition. The above Committees will occupy themselves with the study and proposals concerning the various exhibits grouped according to their uniformity of origin or of destination. These proposals will be submitted for approval to the Executive Committee. Each Committee, duly completed, will be afterwards reconstituted in an organizing Committee.

Temporary Shows and Competitions.

5. There will also be held temporary Exhibitions and Competitions for : Zootechnics, Culture of vegetables and flowers and other cultivations, as well as for alimentary substances which cannot be preserved long : Special Exhibitions for Anthropology and Ethnography : Competitions with awards for agricultural engines and machines for aerial Navigation, for new applications of electric Energy. Finally a great Competition between the Italian towns will be held for the purpose of demonstrating the progress made from 1861 upwards in the hygienical conditions of dwellings, in the development of their systems and plans as well as in municipal organizations in its various departments.

There will also be Congresses, Lectures and grand popular Entertainments.

Local and District Committees in Italy and abroad.

6. Chambers of Commerce, Agrarian Committees and Societies will be invited by the Executive to appoint Committees in their respective localities from among

representatives of the Municipality and such citizens as are considered most to the purpose :

(*a*) of promoting meetings of Exhibitors; of diffusing in their district the details of the conditions of the Exhibition, of distributing forms, of dealing with the enquiries of the exhibitors, of helping and directing them in the choice of Exhibits;

(*b*) of deciding about the quality and quantity of the articles to be submitted to the approval of the Executive Committee for admission, taking care to avoid any superfluity of products of the same kind, and to provide for their being duly and suitably represented in all their varieties ; also to see that the prescriptions of the regulations and the directions of the Executive Committee are complied with ;

(*c*) of transmitting, at least every fortnight, to the Executive the applications for admission together with a list of the same, in conformity with form E, and with the information collected and opinions given by the local Committee as to the qualities of the products, and the qualifications of the Exhibitor. Applications must reach the Executive Committee not later than June 30th, 1910;

(*d*) of communicating to the Exhibitors the decisions of the Executive Committee in regard to the applications for admission, the distribution of space, the serial number, the class to which their products belong, the rules and regulations and all other information that may be of interest, to facilitate the transport of the exhibits and the control of the bills of lading ;

(*e*) of taking care that the articles be exhibited in the true productor's name.

7. Special Committees and Representatives will also be appointed abroad for the same purpose, by the Chambers of Commerce or by the Consular Agents or any other appropriate Institutions and Associations.

Other local Committees may be appointed in the most important localities of the Districts of the Chambers of Commerce, with the object of aiding the District Committees and of fulfilling such duties as may be entrusted to them by the Executive or by the District Committee.

Members of the local Committees may only be elected by the Executive, and the District Committee may nominate the persons most fit for such a charge.

8. It will further be the duty of the District and local Committees to complete the necessary arrangements for making known and appreciated the importance of each industry, whether carried on in manufactories or in the home, such as for instance collecting information on the special nature of the products, the wages of workmen, the exportation and consumption and all improvements and innovations introduced in the methods of manufacture.

This information must reach the Executive not later than January 1910.

Exhibitors.

Applications for Admission.

9. All persons who desire to exhibit must forward to the local Committee the application for admission (Form A) in duplicate copy, duly filled in, with the required information together with all notices tending to illustrate their products and the relative industry. The said applications must be sent in before March 31st, 1910, and by his application the exhibitor engages himself to comply with the regulations and all rules that may be further established by the Executive.

Each separate application must relate only to such exhibits as appertain to the same class.

10. Italian as well as foreign Exhibitors will be admitted to the Exhibition Halls where they will occupy the spaces allotted them by the Executive in accordance with the classification of articles and in such a manner that each stand shall be, as far as possible, disposed in conformity with the Programme.

Collective Shows.

11. The Executive Committee is however empowered to grant under special conditions, to the more important exhibitors, and especially those who exercise several industries or several branches of an individual industry, and who may desire to give the visitors an idea of the extent of their entire output, the faculty to exhibit the whole of their products in separate kiosks. Of course the judgment on such products will take place in competition with the exhibits of the same class.

Special Kiosks.

12. Should the Executive grant some Firm or group of Productors of the same kind the faculty of exhibiting their products in a particular kiosk, the application for any such separate building must reach the Executive not later than March 31st, 1910.

With the said applications it will be necessary to send a drawing representing the particular building, for the approval of the Committee; which building must be constructed and paid for by the exhibitor himself.

Requests of Motive Power, etc.

13. The Exhibitor who desires to send machines or other objects which will require special constructions, ground work or the use of water, gas, steam, or electric power to set the machines in motion, or to represent any operation of manufacture, must forward a special application not later than December 31st, 1909, giving all necessary information.

14. Producers are requested to state in their applications the prizes they have already obtained in other national or foreign Exhibitions, and all other information asked for in the Form.

15. All communications between Exhibitors and the Executive Committee, prior to the opening of the Exhibition, must be made through the provincial Committee.

16. To the Executive Committee shall appertain the sole right of:

(*a*) Accepting definitively, complete or partial, the articles, and refusing those having no industrial value;

(*b*) Granting the allotment to each exhibitor of the space within the precincts of the Exhibition. No complaint in this respect will be entertained.

The Executive Committee will assign to each exhibitor a serial number which must be mentioned in every action or complaint.

Admission Fee and Space Tax.

17. Every admitted exhibitor will have to pay an inscription fee of 20 Fcs. and a special tax in proportion to the surface they occupy (see the special Tariff annexed to this Regulation).

The whole inscription fee and a half of the proportional tax for each unit of surface must be sent in within 30 days from the date of the certificate of admission (Form B), and the other half before December 31st, 1910.

If, however, the total amount does not exceed 100 Fcs. the payment must be made in full.

The exhibitor who does not send in the balance within the prescribed term, cannot claim the reimbursement of the 1st payment which will go to the benefit of the Exhibition, without intimation or resorting to legal proceedings.

Should the inscription fee not have been paid in full by the exhibitor within the time prescribed, he will lose his right to exhibit, and the Executive can dispose of his place after January 15th, 1911.

Carriage Expenses.

18. All expenses for transportation, delivery and expedition, packing, removal, storage of the chests and implements, as well as for the provision of duly prepared counters, show-cases, platforms, etc., and for the care of the objects in the Exhibition, in conformity with the regulations set forth by the Executive, will be at the total charge of the Exhibitors.

To Exhibitors will be let on hire counters, show-cases, dressers, etc., if so requested in the application for admission.

Counters and Show-cases.

19. Every article must be sent free of any charge to the Exhibition, and :

Invoice directions.

(*a*) In the least possible number of packages ;

(*b*) With the indication of the number of packages forming the total invoice ; if this is of a single package, it must be marked No. 1, if of more than one, each of them must be marked visibly and clearly with a fraction, the denominator of which will be the total number of the packages, and the numerator the progressive number : for instance, if there be three packages, each must bear the sign, 1/3, 2/3, 3/3, respectively ;

(*c*) Should many packages be sent in a single box, a special notice to that effect must be written on the address label ;

(*d*) The address ought to be securely attached and written in conformity with Form D. The indication of the class, serial number of the exhibitor, and the said fraction must be written on three sides of the box.

20. The Exhibitors must at the same time with the articles, fill up the bill of expedition (Form C) in triplicate copy, in which are to be enumerated the exhibits contained in each package, stating their weight, value and serial number. The exhibitors must moreover make known their address in Turin or that of their Agents, so that they can be sent for assistance at the operation of unpacking, delivery and placing, according to the directions of the Executive Committee. Failing such directions or in case of delay on the part of the exhibitor, the Executive will provide for the said operations at the exhibitor's expense, without assuming any responsibility.

Way-bills.

21. In each package or case the exhibitors must enclose a list of the objects contained therein.

Lists of Exhibits.

The Exhibitor must also attach to each object a label bearing the serial number assigned to him by the Executive, and mentioned in the letter of admission.

22. One of the three copies of the *Bill of expedition* (Form C) must be forwarded by the exhibitor in a letter addressed to the Executive Committee, to be posted on the date of the expedition ; a second copy must be delivered at the Railway Office together with the way-bill, and the third copy must be kept by the exhibitor for the withdrawal of the articles at the close of the Exhibition.

23. Exhibits will be received from the 1st to the 31st March 1911 ; the Committee however retains the right of fixing other dates for goods of exceptional value and for such goods as are liable to become spoiled through being kept packed for any length of time.

Delivery Terms.

Heavy or bulky goods, machines and such articles which will require special ground work or mountings, must be consigned before January 15th, 1911.

24. Each Exhibitor or his Representative must assist at the unpacking and placing of the exhibits, following the instructions that the Gallery-Inspector may give in the name of the Executive or special Committees. Should any exhibitor fail to provide for the unpacking and placing of his products, the Committee will do it at the total charge of the exhibitor himself, without assuming any responsibility. This to be done without prejudicing in any way the dispositions of Article 25.

Exhibit Unpacking and placing.

25. Should any exhibitor not have placed his products before March 31st, 1911, he will lose all right to exhibit and his certificate of admission will become

void ; both the inscription fee and space tax will go in favour of the Exhibition funds without any formality or legal proceedings. Moreover the Committee may order the uncompleted stand to be taken away at the exhibitor's expense.

Empty Facking.

26. The cases as soon as they are emptied must be removed by the Exhibitor or his Agent, failing which the Executive will have them stored at the expense and risk of the exhibitor, and without assuming any responsibility for the same.

All empty cases and packing materials that after one month from the close of the Exhibition have not been taken away will be considered as having been abandoned.

Customs and Transport Facilities.

27. For the advantage and convenience of exhibitors the Executive will :

(*1st*) Undertake the necessary formalities for obtaining the temporary exemption from customs-duty on the importation of all exhibits as well as special tariffs for land and sea transport. Intending Exhibitors will be advised in due time of the special facilities thus obtained.

(*2nd*) Organize, by special contracts and pre-arranged tariffs, for the transport of exhibits from the Railway Stations at Turin to the Exhibition Reception Office and Galleries, unpacking and storage of cases, repacking and transport at the close of the Exhibition.

Sign-boards.

28. Articles must be exhibited with the names of the producers and inventors and an indication of their market price. All decorative objects, signplates, bills or publications which the exhibiting Firms may desire to use to illustrate their products within the space allotted to them, must first be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval (said approval to be given in writing).

The Executive Committee will take care to obtain a special Bill for the protection of the artistic and industrial property of the exhibits.

29. All machines will be placed in departments containing the class of products they are adapted for, and, when possible, set in motion before the public, so that visitors may easily view their manner of working and production.

Obnoxious Materials.

30. Explosives and all materials of a dangerous nature will be rigorously excluded from the Exhibition Galleries and Precincts.

All substances that are likely to excite chemical change in other products, such as alcoholic spirits, oils and caustic matter, and those which may be troublesome and tedious either to exhibitors or visitors will not be admitted unless they are hermetically sealed in solid vessels and bear the particular guarantee which will be required in each case by the Executive.

31. The Executive Committee reserves to itself the right of rejecting or having removed, at any moment, such products which on account of their imperfection are not judged worthy to be exhibited ; also those which on account of their size or constitution, or for other reasons may be obnoxious or in opposition to general organization and decency ; and those which are found to be of a different origin to that declared by the exhibitor.

Artistic and Industrial Property.

32. No work of art, and no product exhibited within the precincts of the Exhibition may be sketched, copied or reproduced in any way without a special authorization of the exhibitor, duly provided with the permit of the Executive Committee.

The Executive reserves to itself the right of authorizing the reproduction of the buildings, and of the general exterior and interior views.

Fire Insurance.

33. The Executive Committee will insure against fire the buildings of its property ; the exhibitors must provide on their part for the insurance of their products,

stands and buildings; informing the Committee of the name of the Insurance Company and stating the insured value.

The Executive, whilst they will take all the measures necessary for the custody and preservation of the exhibits, do not assume any responsibility and it is understood that the exhibitors renounce in every case to make any claim whatever for casual damage which the exhibits may suffer, or for their loss or waste, or for any other reason.

Exhibits Sale.

34. Objects admitted to the Exhibition may not be removed until after its close, except in special cases for which it will be necessary to obtain a written authorization from the Committee. The sale of objects exhibited within the precincts of the Exhibition will be permitted, on the condition however that they are not removed before the close of the Exhibition. No invitation to purchase is allowed: it will be only permitted to hand visitors addresses and prospectuses when so requested.

35. Exhibitors or their representatives will have free admission to the Exhibition provided they have the special personal ticket supplied them by the Committee in conformity with particular rules which will be later on prescribed. The representative of more than one exhibitor will be entitled to one ticket only.

Exhibitors and Representatives Legal Domicile.

36. The exhibitor in his Form of Application will elect a legal domicile in Turin and (failing this) it will be understood as being the same as that of the Executive Committee.

The exhibitor who has the intention of appointing a representative must make a written declaration to that effect, specifying in a full and clear manner the powers to be conferred on the same.

The representative of an exhibitor must elect a domicile in Turin to which all communications from the Executive Committee will be addressed.

The exhibitors or their representatives, by virtue of their duly signed applications, assume the obligation to conform to the rules contained in the present general Regulations and in the special bye-laws, for instance to present one's self at every request of the Executive Committee either for communications or explanations, and to conform to all dispositions which will be further established.

They must also be ready to grant any trials, information or request that may be demanded by the Juries.

Exhibit Withdrawal.

37. Within a fortnight after the close of the Exhibition, the exhibitors or their representatives, provided with a special written license of exportation which will be delivered to them by the Committee, after they have settled all their debts towards the Exhibition, must pack their goods and carry them away in conformity with the disposition of Article 18 and with the orders which will be further issued by the Committee. After the said term the Committee will have the operations carried out at the exhibitor's expense, without rendering itself liable for any damages or losses, nor for inconveniencies arising with regard to customs-duty or charges for re-expedition.

After the lapse of another fortnight, should the objects not have been removed, they may be sent to the exhibitor, to be paid for on delivery, or stored at the expense and risk of the exhibitor and without any responsibility resting with the Executive Committee.

Within three months from the date of the close of the Exhibition, the remaining objects will be considered as having been abandoned in favour of the Exhibition.

The exhibitors in particular kiosks or pavilions must clear away every thing and leave the ground in its original state, removing all materials left after the demolition within the term of three months after the closing of the Exhibition. Moreover the exhibitors will not be allowed to carry their articles away without first having given a sufficient guarantee that this duty shall be duly performed.

AWARDS AND JURY.

38. The Exhibitors who are to be judged by the Jury as being worthy of high consideration for the quality, excellence and high merits of their products, will be awarded the following prizes :—

Grand Prize Diploma.
Honourable ,,
Gold Medal ,,
Silver ,, ,,
Bronze ,, ,,

39. A special Regulation will provide for the manner in which the Jurymen are to be elected, their number, their nationality, the rules according to which the Jury will operate and the general procedure to be followed in their judging and decision.

ADMISSION FEE AND CHARGES FOR SPACES.

All Exhibitors according to Article 17 of the General Regulations will have to pay a general Admission Fee of Lit. 20.

Charges for spaces are as follows :—

In the Galleries and Halls.

First square métre on ground or walls	Lit. 20
Per each métre over and above	,, 15

Wall space contiguous to ground space will be free when equal to, or minor than, this last. A larger wall space will pay in proportion to the occupied area.

Under the porticoes and open galleries.

Per square métre of occupied space	Lit. 10
For spaces accessible on two sides	30 % increase.
,, ,, three ,,	60 ,, ,,
,, free all around ,,	100 ,, ,,

In the central passages the full rate for space will be increased by 50 per cent. The area is to be calculated after the lesser rectangle circumscribed. The fractions of square métre are reckoned as a whole.

Open ground intended for exhibits.

First square métre	Lit. 10
Per each métre over and above	,, 5

Spaces intended to be built upon for special Kiosks and Pavilions, Bars, Restaurants, etc., will be let on special terms according to the case, by application to the Executive.

SUPPLY OF WATER, LIGHTING, HEATING AND MOTIVE POWER.

The Executive will supply in the precincts of the Exhibition, subordinately to the place where requested for, Water, Lighting, Heating and Motive Power at the following rates :—

Water under pressure for industrial purposes	Lit. 0,30 per cubic métre.
Drinking water	,, 0,40 ,,
Steam	,, 0,30 per kilogram.
Lighting, Heating and Actioning Gas ...	,, 0,25 per cubic métre.
Electric Current for Lighting	,, 0,10 per Hectowatt-hour.
Do for Motive Power ...	,, 0,05 ,,

I. The main Plants for the Water, Steam, Gas and Electricity supply will be at the Executive's charge. Exhibitors must provide for the necessary junctions, pipes, gear and fittings.

II. Town and Government duties on the above supplies will be paid for by the Executive.

III. For Plants requiring a great amount of water, power, etc., a rebate on the present rates may be agreed upon, when handing the Application Form to the Executive.

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION.

GROUP I.—Education, and professional Teaching.
" II.—Measuring Scientific Instruments and Apparatus.
" III.—Photography in its applications.
" IV—General Mechanics.
" V.—Electricity.
" VI.—Public Works.
" VII.—Industry of Transportation—Railroads and Tramways.
" VIII.—Mercantile Navigation, by Sea, River and Lake.
" IX.—Aerial Navigation.
" X.—Postal Service.
" XI.—Sporting Industries.
" XII.—The Modern Town.
" XIII.—Dwelling Decoration, Furniture and Appointments.
" XIV.—Musical Instruments—Theatres—Entertainments.
" XV.—Sylviculture and Forest Industries.
" XVI.—Agriculture—Agricultural Machines.
" XVII.—Food Industries and Products.
" XVIII.—Extractive and Chemical Industries.
" XIX—Textile Industries.
" XX.—Wearing Apparel Industry, etc.
" XXI.—Jewellery, Precious Stones, Notions.
" XXII.—Leather Industry and Sundries.
" XXIII.—The Newspaper and the Art of Printing.
" XXIV.—Social Economy.
" XXV.—Colonization, Emigration, Colonies.
" XXVI.—National Defence (Army and Navy).

Ordered that the foregoing papers be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information, and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations named in the margin for information, and to the Foreign Department, for information and communication to Native States.

The Government of Madras.
" " " Bombay.
" " " Bengal.
" " " the United Provinces.
" " " the Punjab.
" " " Burma.
" " " Eastern Bengal and Assam.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to all Chambers of Commerce for information.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD).

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Railways.	Average earnings per mile per week.		Results of working during 2nd-half of year.										Results of working for official year.			
	During 2nd-half of 1907.	During official year 1907-08.	Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.	Decrease.	Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.
			1907.	1908.	26th October 1907.	24th October 1908.	1907.	1908.	26th October 1907.	24th October 1908.			26th October 1907.	24th October 1908.		
	R	R	*Miles.*	*Miles.*	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
State and Guaranteed Railways.																
5′ 6″ gauge. Bengal-Nagpur (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	244	264	2,045	2,123	5,15,326	4,35,000	252	205	80,93,082	70,18,000	...	10,75,082	1,57,67,313	1,39,33,000	...	18,34,313
Bezwada extension	267	288	21	21	6,523	5,500	311	262	85,533	89,000	3,467	...	1,68,401	1,89,000	20,599	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. V.-Wadhwan Section 3′ 3⅜″ gauge)	688	790	504	504	3,43,285	3,04,000	681	603	52,99,503	48,75,000	...	4,24,503	1,16,83,846	1,11,03,000	...	5,80,846
Nagda-Muttra	29	37	101	139	3,637	3,500	36	25	(a) 40,609	68,700	28,091	...	(a)40,609	1,61,000	1,20,391	...
Eastern Bengal (incldg. 3′ 3⅜″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	442	399	1,268	1,274	7,37,746	6,65,000	582	522	95,59,025	89,86,000	...	5,73,025	1,49,05,748	1,47,23,000	...	1,82,748
East Indian	635	681	2,321	2,328	16,51,128	15,47,000	711	665	2,51,84,465	2,52,69,000	84,535	...	4,64,17,840	4,60,32,000	...	3,85,840
Great Indian Peninsula	551	626	1,569	1,606	8,61,493	6,89,000	549	429	1,16,60,066	1,04,10,000	...	12,50,066	2,61,83,488	2,21,45,000	...	40,38,488
Agra-Delhi Chord	230	233	126	126	29,723	25,400	236	202	4,34,351	4,33,000	...	1,351	8,11,022	8,52,000	40,978	...
Baran Kotah (b)	...	...	...	13	...	100	...	8	...	2,300	2,300	...	...	2,300	2,300	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	226	257	914	916	2,17,105	1,52,000	238	166	32,37,484	24,55,000	...	7,82,484	68,83,109	53,58,000	...	15,25,109
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3′ 3⅜″ gauge lines)	207	220	2,883	2,838	6,31,156	4,94,000	219	174	99,63,106	86,98,000	...	12,65,106	1,93,55,840	1,72,31,000	...	21,24,840
North-Western (including 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	387	371	3,614	3,614	13,46,597	11,02,000	373	305	2,56,24,941	1,74,45,000	...	81,79,941	4,32,35,975	3,19,97,000	...	1,12,38,975
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. C.-Burhwal 3′ 3⅜″ link)	261	269	1,298	1,298	3,19,114	2,58,000	246	199	56,50,241	42,90,000	...	13,60,241	1,03,53,668	87,68,000	...	15,85,668
Hardwar-Dehra	230	235	32	32	11,421	5,700	357	178	1,21,612	93,200	...	28,412	2,28,125	2,06,000	...	22,125
3′ 3⅜″ gauge. Assam-Bengal	127	121	771	771	1,19,182	1,00,000	155	130	16,58,331	14,18,000	...	2,40,331	27,64,858	25,10,000	...	2,54,858
Bezwada-Masulipatam (c)	...	...	...	49	...	3,900	...	80	...	79,900	79,900	...	...	1,70,000	1,70,000	...
Burma	203	240	1,474	1,475	2,68,988	2,89,000	182	196	41,33,173	45,78,000	4,44,827	...	84,26,422	94,17,000	9,90,578	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	121	128	124	124	13,426	12,000	108	97	2,44,949	1,91,000	...	53,949	4,61,735	3,91,000	...	70,735
Lucknow-Bareilly	137	148	200	200	28,634	22,500	143	112	4,47,470	3,57,000	...	90,470	9,12,434	7,99,000	...	1,13,434
Palanpur-Deesa	44	50	17	17	1,146	900	67	53	11,474	9,200	...	2,274	24,029	25,000	971	...
Rajputana-Malwa (including Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda 5′ 6″ gauge)	267	282	1,909	1,915	4,32,065	3,69,000	226	193	85,54,430	60,38,000	...	25,16,430	1,63,31,115	1,27,27,000	...	36,04,115
South Indian (including 5′ 6″ and 2′ 6″ gauge lines)	217	235	1,330	1,387	2,88,715	3,42,000	217	247	48,18,931	59,97,000	11,78,069	...	88,56,528	1,11,00,000	22,43,472	...
Tanjore District Board	112	121	103	103	11,292	10,300	110	100	1,89,081	2,00,000	10,919	...	3,75,987	3,90,000	14,013	...
Travancore Branch	115	110	108	108	14,041	14,000	130	130	1,93,788	2,01,000	7,212	...	3,51,979	3,60,000	8,021	...
Tirhoot State	197	212	690	774	1,68,456	1,22,000	244	158	18,92,244	20,24,000	1,31,756	...	40,10,723	43,79,000	3,68,277	...
2′ 6″ gauge. Jorhat	57	59	32	30	2,007	2,100	63	70	31,079	32,100	1,021	...	54,695	54,700	5	...
Total	330	347	23,454	23,785	80,22,206	69,73,900	342	293	12,71,28,968	11,12,57,400	...	1,58,71,568	23,86,05,489	21,50,23,000	...	2,35,82,489

5' 6" gauge.	Amritsar-Patti	129	113	28	28	3,645	4,400	130	157	63,962	57,500	...	8,462	1,04,667	1,01,000	...	3,667
	Bhopal-Ujjain	113	129	114	114	9,503	10,000	83	96	2,17,927	1,95,000	...	22,927	4,66,132	4,08,000	...	58,132
	Bina-Goona-Baran	65	73	148	148	8,847	6,500	60	44	1,79,003	76,200	...	1,02,803	3,46,919	2,31,000	...	1,15,919
	Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	261	258	162	162	48,719	40,100	301	247	6,83,405	6,01,000	...	82,405	12,45,302	11,70,000	...	75,302
	Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	97	97	16	16	1,895	2,500	118	156	22,912	26,200	3,288	...	42,079	50,600	8,521	...
	Kolar Gold-fields	405	383	10	10	4,574	3,800	457	380	68,782	52,700	...	16,082	1,19,976	1,10,000	...	9,976
	Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	156	154	79	79	13,414	11,400	170	144	2,04,517	1,94,000	...	10,517	3,75,096	3,82,000	6,904	...
	Nagda-Ujjain	91	109	34	34	2,284	1,500	67	44	52,475	41,500	...	10,975	1,17,925	99,200	...	18,725
	Nizam's Guaranteed State	277	289	334	334	1,01,982	68,200	305	204	13,77,450	10,53,000	...	3,24,450	26,83,786	23,61,000	...	3,22,786
	Petlad-Cambay	105	123	34	34	3,674	3,200	108	94	56,827	55,200	...	1,627	1,24,780	1,31,000	6,220	...
	Rajpura-Bhatinda	298	274	107	107	37,654	22,000	352	206	5,14,424	3,71,000	...	1,43,424	8,48,113	7,51,000	...	97,113
	Southern Punjab	249	229	425	425	1,21,997	70,700	311	166	17,16,455	10,69,000	...	6,47,455	27,57,464	19,89,000	...	7,68,464
	" " "Ludhiana" extension	122	112	155	155	19,043	17,500	123	113	3,36,303	2,63,000	...	73,303	5,45,112	4,78,000	...	67,112
	Tapti Valley	89	124	155	155	13,099	14,500	85	94	2,00,405	1,79,000	...	21,405	5,41,146	4,49,000	...	92,146
	Tarkessur	261	323	22	22	6,128	6,800	279	309	97,731	1,01,000	3,269	...	2,03,539	2,02,000	...	1,539
3' 3½" gauge.	Ahmedabad-Dholka	60	68	34	34	1,596	1,600	47	47	31,862	28,400	...	3,462	67,278	71,400	4,122	...
	Ahmedabad-Parantij	83	95	55	55	4,327	5,000	79	91	69,427	67,100	...	2,327	1,46,456	1,64,000	17,544	...
	Bengal and North-Western	142	163	1,015	1,017	1,39,876	1,12,000	138	110	22,41,014	18,84,000	...	3,57,014	49,58,230	41,19,000	...	8,39,230
	Bengal Dooars	139	130	153	153	22,391	26,200	146	171	3,53,427	3,42,000	...	11,427	5,90,484	5,74,000	...	16,484
	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar	100	118	455	459	53,628	34,100	118	74	6,84,753	6,81,000	...	3,753	15,22,540	15,99,000	76,460	...
	Birur-Shimoga	60	73	38	38	2,465	3,500	65	92	39,912	44,400	4,488	...	82,645	99,000	16,355	...
	Dibru-Sadiya	260	257	78	78	25,527	24,600	327	315	3,33,958	3,33,000	...	958	5,92,680	5,98,000	5,320	...
	Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol-Kadi)	69	78	134	134	10,315	9,400	77	70	1,48,739	1,39,000	...	9,739	3,21,924	3,29,000	7,076	...
	Hindupur	118	126	51	51	6,601	7,100	129	139	99,251	89,700	...	9,551	2,00,095	1,74,000	...	26,095
	Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	118	160	392	392	56,067	44,200	143	113	6,25,773	6,48,000	22,227	...	16,45,905	15,80,000	...	65,905
	Jaipur	48	42	73	73	5,706	1,700	78	23	23,201	27,000	3,799	...	40,548	58,100	17,552	...
	Jodhpur-Bikaner	72	80	709	709	49,459	41,100	70	58	8,27,869	6,40,000	...	1,87,869	17,00,605	14,40,000	...	2,60,605
	Kolhapur	99	130	29	29	2,293	3,200	79	110	45,794	57,900	12,106	...	1,03,166	1,21,000	17,834	...
	Morvi (including Vankaner-Morvi 2' 6" gauge)	86	92	95	93	7,579	6,500	80	70	1,28,922	1,42,000	13,078	...	2,45,248	2,98,000	52,752	...
	Mymensingh-Jamalpur-Jagannathganj	126	121	51	54	6,670	9,000	131	167	1,07,264	1,13,000	5,736	...	1,79,909	1,99,000	19,091	...
	Mysore-Nanjangud	46	52	16	16	917	700	57	44	11,476	16,200	4,724	...	22,286	33,400	11,114	...
	Rohilkund and Kumaon	151	147	130	214	23,425	23,300	180	109	3,77,160	3,65,000	...	12,160	7,10,169	7,36,000	25,831	...
	Sangli	80	112	5	5	295	700	59	140	5,962	10,100	4,138	...	15,144	20,100	4,956	...
	Shoranur-Cochin	118	126	65	65	9,152	7,500	141	115	1,19,324	1,20,000	676	...	2,34,815	2,26,000	...	8,815
	Udaipur-Chitor	61	70	67	67	3,652	3,800	55	57	70,361	54,200	...	16,161	1,45,030	1,34,000	...	11,030
2' 6" gauge.	Barsi	116	125	78	78	7,007	5,900	90	76	1,47,942	1,10,000	...	37,942	3,00,143	2,34,000	...	66,143
	Cooch-Behar	105	102	34	34	4,366	3,100	128	91	53,173	57,400	4,227	...	92,679	1,08,000	15,321	...
	Gaekwar's Dabhoi	73	96	94	94	9,156	5,000	97	53	1,01,422	91,400	...	10,022	2,62,103	2,55,000	...	7,103
	Rajpipla	32	43	37	37	962	1,100	26	30	18,645	16,900	...	1,745	46,184	41,500	...	4,684
2' 0" gauge.	Darjeeling-Himalayan	355	350	51	51	21,579	23,000	423	451	2,90,146	3,01,000	10,854	...	5,60,987	5,88,000	27,013	...
	TOTAL	140	150	5,762	5,853	8,81,469	6,87,300	153	117	1,27,51,355	1,07,14,000	...	20,37,355	2,53,09,289	2,27,12,300	...	25,96,989
	GRAND TOTAL	293	308	29,216	29,638	89,03,675	76,61,200	305	258	13,98,80,323	12,19,71,400	...	1,79,08,923	26,39,14,778	23,77,35,300	...	2,61,79,478

(a) From 15th July 1907.
(b) Opened from 1st July 1908.
(c) Opened from 4th February 1908.

Simla, the 5th November 1908.

M. S. O'CONNOR,
for Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 46.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1908.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

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No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8hrs. on Thursday, the 12th November 1908, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The depression which was in the north-east of the Bay on the 5th had disappeard by the morning of the 7th, but it was immediately succeeded by another which formed in the south of the Bay and moving northward crossed the Arakan coast on the afternoon of the 11th, after which it disappeared. Weather was thus unsettled throughout the week in Burma, and rainfall was of daily occurrence in almost all parts of the province except on the 12th when owing to the disappearance of the depression only isolated falls occurred. In the rest of the country weather was dry and skies generally clear.

Burma.—Rainfall was nearly general every day except the 12th and occurred in all parts of the province. Skies were moderately to heavily overcast, and owing to the cloud and rain day temperature was in general defect, especially in Upper Burma.

North-east India including Orissa.—Cox's Bazar and Gauhati were the only stations that reported rain. Skies were clear or lightly clouded and temperature was normal or in defect, the deficiency being shown chiefly at night and in the western districts of the division.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—There was no rain and skies were clear. Day temperature was normal or in slight excess, while night temperature was normal or in slight defect.

North-west India.—There was no rain except a light fall reported from Jaipur on the 12th. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Temperature was generally normal or in excess, the excess occurring when disturbances from Persia were affecting the weather and were shown chiefly at night.

The Peninsula.—Tinnevelly was the only station that received rain. Skies were clear or lightly clouded and the nights were cooler than usual over the greater part of the division.

The following summarises the principal rainfall amounts of the week as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

November	6th.	Maymyo 4·36″.
„	7th.	Akyab 7·40″ and Bhamo 2·54″.
„	10th.	Monywa 3·00″ and Myitkyina 2·29″.
„	11th.	Maymyo 1·99″.
„	12th.	Akyab 3·37″.

The rainfall of the week was confined to Burma and was heavier than usual in that province. The only important change in the seasonal departure from normal is in south-east Madras where rainfall for the period is now practically normal instead of being in excess as it was at the close of the previous week.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 12th November 1908			Rainfall data from 1st May 1908 to 12th November 1908.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Stations in the Bay	2·4	2·2	+0·2	124·7	100·6	+ 24·1	+ 24	+ 24
Lower Burma	4·8	0·9	+3·9	152·3	138·8	+ 13·5	+ 10	+ 7
Upper Burma	5·3	0·4	+4·9	44·9	40·4	+ 4·5	+ 11	— 1
Assam	0·1	0·2	—0·1	75·7	78·3	— 2·6	— 3	— 3
Eastern Bengal	0	0·2	—0·2	62·1	77·4	— 15·3	— 20	— 20
Bengal	0	0·2	—0·2	57·7	56·7	+ 1·0	+ 2	+ 2
Orissa	0	0·4	—0·4	59·0	60·0	— 1·0	— 2	— 1
Chota Nagpur	0	0·1	—0·1	48·4	49·8	— 1·4	— 3	— 3
Bihar	0	0·1	—0·1	24·7	50·4	— 25·7	— 51	— 51
United Provinces, East	0	0·1	—0·1	29·8	40·7	— 10·9	— 27	— 27
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	—0·1	39·6	40·9	— 1·3	— 3	— 3
Punjab, East and North	0	0·1	—0·1	30·4	21·9	+ 8·5	+ 39	+ 39
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	18·6	7·9	+ 10·7	+135	+135
Kashmir	0	0	0	6·2	5·4	+ 0·8	+ 15	+ 15
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	—0·1	11·3	5·6	+ 5·7	+102	+105
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·5	1·4	— 0·9	— 64	— 64
Sind	0	0	0	9·3	5·2	+ 4·1	+ 79	+ 82
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	25·1	11·3	+ 13·8	+122	+122
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	31·2	22·1	+ 9·1	+ 41	+
Gujarat	0	0·1	—0·1	28·1	26·6	+ 1·5	+ 6	6
Central India, West	0	0	0	24·7	30·9	— 6·2	— 20	— 20
Central India, East	0	0·1	—0·1	46·2	43·0	+ 3·2	+ 7	+
Berar	0	0·3	—0·3	31·1	32·4	— 1·3	— 4	— 3
Central Provinces, West	0	0·2	—0·2	42·8	47·1	— 4·3	— 9	— 9
Central Provinces, East	0	0·2	—0·2	52·8	50·5	+ 2·3	+ 5	+ 5
Konkan	0	0·4	—0·4	99·4	98·8	+ 0·6	+ 1	+ 1
Bombay Deccan	0	0·4	—0·4	24·4	28·3	— 3·9	— 14	— 13
Hyderabad, North	0	0·2	—0·2	34·4	32·5	+ 1·9	+ 6	+ 7
Hyderabad, South	0	0·3	—0·3	35·5	29·8	+ 5·7	+ 19	+ 20
Mysore	0	1·1	—1·1	18·9	26·9	— 8·0	— 30	— 27
Malabar	0	1·6	—1·6	98·6	95·2	+ 3·4	+ 4	+ 5
Madras, South-east	0·1	2·2	—2·1	30·1	25·6	+ 4·5	+ 18	+ 28
Madras Deccan	0	0·6	—0·6	21·3	24·4	— 3·1	— 13	— 11
Madras Coast, North	0	1·9	—1·9	30·1	35·8	— 5·7	— 16	— 11

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 12th November 1908.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 7th November 1908.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in Arakan; heavy generally in the dry zone and mostly moderate elsewhere. Reaping of hill side rice continues in parts and that of early autumn rice is in progress. Plucking of cotton and gathering of ground-nuts and cultivation of other winter crops are progressing. The recent rain has improved the condition of standing crops in the dry zone. Crop prospects are good in Lower Burma and fair in Upper Burma. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably in one district and slightly in another and has fallen slightly in one district; elsewhere prices are unchanged.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Most districts had no rain during the week, but Chittagong and some hill districts experienced heavy storm. Some rain now would be of benefit to high land winter rice and still more to spring crops. Many districts report that the condition of high land crops is not favourable, but prospects of low-land rice are generally good. Sugarcane promises a good outturn. The average price of common rice has fallen about 4 per cent. Cattle disease is prevalent in Noakhali, Kamrup and Darrang.

Bengal.—The week was rainless. Winter paddy is suffering from drought in many districts of Lower Bengal and Bihar. In Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga crops in many cases are being cut for fodder. Rain is urgently wanted for standing crops and spring sowings, the progress of which is being seriously retarded for want of moisture in the soil. Sugarcane pressing has commenced in some districts of Bihar and Orissa, and early winter paddy is being harvested in Orissa and Chota Nagpur. The price of common rice has risen in Patna, Gaya, Champaran, Darbhanga, Sambalpur, Palamau, Manbhum and Singhbhum, and has fallen in the Presidency division and in Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul and Ranchi. Stocks of food-grains are insufficient in Balasore and in parts of Murshidabad. The agricultural situation in North Bihar is at present unsatisfactory, but good rain during the next fortnight would help greatly. Cattle disease is reported from Jessore, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Ranchi, Palamau and Manbhum. The fodder and water-supply is generally sufficient. In parts of the Sonthal Parganas, however, there is a fear of scarcity of fodder, and in some places in Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga the water-supply is at present inadequate. The test works in Nadia, Darbhanga and Puri were attended by 2,113 persons and gratuitous relief was given to 7,612 persons, of whom 7,516 are in Orissa and 96 in Darbhanga.

United Provinces.—Except for an insignificant fall in Jhansi the week has been rainless. More rain is required in Meerut, Aligarh, and in part of the hills and the submontane tracts. Late rice has suffered much from the early cessation of the rains, but standing crops are generally in good condition. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowings for spring crops are in progress. Malarial fever is still prevalent but shows signs of abating. Agricultural stock are on the whole in good condition. Prices continue practically stationary. Fodder and water supplies are adequate.

Punjab.—Rainfall *nil*. Rain is needed in Ambala, parts of Sialkot and in Rawalpindi. Autumn crops are being harvested and their condition and expected yield are generally good to average. The outturn of cotton is below average in Hissar, Delhi, Gujranwala and Lyallpur. The outturn of maize is also below average in the last named district. The outturn of all the autumn crops except that of rice is poor in Gujranwala. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops continue. Sowings are somewhat late in